

return

CRIME

IN WEST VIRGINIA

1972

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS



MOORE JR
GERRARD

R. L. BOVAR
SUPERINTENDENT

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1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that this is crucial for ensuring transparency and accountability in the organization's operations.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and tools used to collect and analyze data. It highlights the need for consistent and reliable data collection processes to support informed decision-making.

3. The third part of the document focuses on the role of technology in enhancing data management and analysis. It discusses how modern software solutions can streamline workflows and improve the accuracy of data processing.

4. The fourth part of the document addresses the challenges associated with data security and privacy. It provides guidelines for implementing robust security measures to protect sensitive information from unauthorized access and breaches.

5. The fifth part of the document discusses the importance of regular audits and reviews to ensure that all data and processes are up-to-date and compliant with relevant regulations and standards.

- 5 -

**UNIFORM CRIME
REPORTS**

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

Annual Report

January -- December, 1972

Compiled By
West Virginia Department of Public Safety
Uniform Crime Reporting Section
South Charleston, West Virginia



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
(*West Virginia State Police*)

CHARLESTON 25305

March 2, 1973

R. L. BONAR
SUPERINTENDENT

ARCH A. MOORE, JR
GOVERNOR

The Honorable Arch A. Moore, Jr.
Governor - State of West Virginia
Capitol Building
Charleston, West Virginia

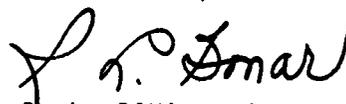
Dear Governor Moore:

In accordance with Chapter 15, Article 2, Section 29i of the Code of West Virginia, the Department of Public Safety respectfully submits the first annual report on crime in West Virginia. This report is based on information gathered under the West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program which was initiated January 1, 1972.

It must be noted that information contained herein represents base year statistics for total reporting of crime in West Virginia. Therefore, this information should not be compared with other publications concerning crime for previous reporting periods. Notwithstanding this limitation, the statistical assessment of the statewide crime problem is a significant step forward in providing basic information to assist West Virginia criminal justice agencies in meeting their responsibilities. Such assistance and knowledge can only serve to improve the effectiveness of the West Virginia criminal justice system.

This report is dedicated to the many law enforcement officers and public officials who have cooperated in the establishment and operation of the West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program. Their diligence and interest have made this report possible.

Respectfully submitted,


R. L. BONAR, COLONEL
Superintendent

RLB:jm

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Letter of Transmittal	i
Acknowledgement	iii
Introduction	1
Classification of Offenses	4
Profile of West Virginia	11
Crime Factors	13
Crime Index	15
Calculation of Rates and Percentages	15
West Virginia Offense Data	19
Volume and Distribution of Crime Index Offenses	20
Value of Property Stolen and Recovered	20
Murder	25
Rape	31
Robbery	35
Felonious Assault	39
Breaking and Entering	43
Larceny Theft	47
Auto Theft	51
West Virginia Crime Index	54
West Virginia Arrest Data	59
Violent Crime	60
Property Crime	62
Narcotic Drug Law Arrests	62
Gambling Arrests	62
Total West Virginia Arrests	65
Age Analysis	66-67
Sex and Race Analysis	68-69
Law Enforcement Employee Data	71
Law Enforcement Employee Rates	72
Civilian Employees	72
Municipal Police Officers	73
County Sheriff's Departments	73
State Police Officers	73
Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted	73
County, Municipal, and State Offense Data (Crime Rates)	81
Values of Property Stolen and Recovered	91
County, Municipal, and State Arrest Data (Part I Offenses)	101
County, Municipal, and State Arrest Data (Part II Offenses)	113

LIST OF TABLES AND CHARTS

Value of Property Stolen By Type of Offense	21
Violent Crime by Month	22
Property Crime by Month	23
Value of Property Stolen and Percent Recovered	24
Murder	27-29
Forcible Rape	33
Robbery	37
Felonious Assault	41
Breaking and Entering	45
Larceny—Theft	49
Auto Theft	53
West Virginia Crime Index	54
Percent Analysis of Index Offenses Cleared by Arrest	55
Monthly Fluctuation of Index Crimes	56-57
Comparison of Adult and Juvenile Arrests	61
Analysis of Narcotic Drug Law Arrests	63
Analysis of Gambling Arrests	64
Total West Virginia Arrests	65
Total Arrests by Age	66-67
Total Arrests by Sex	68
Total Arrests by Race	69
Analysis of Assaults on Law Enforcement Officers	75-78
Percent Distribution by Type of Activity	75
Analysis by Type of Weapon Used	76
Percent with Injury—By Type of Weapon	77
Assaults by Time	77
Percent of Assaults Cleared—By Circumstance	78
Map of West Virginia	131

INTRODUCTION

The West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program is the first of many steps to be taken in the establishment of an effective State-wide Criminal Justice Information System. This particular phase of the CJIS is oriented toward law enforcement and has brought about a state-wide uniform method of collecting crime statistical data, producing a consolidated annual report concerning crime in West Virginia, and reporting state-wide crime statistics from a single agency to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

National Uniform Crime Reporting Program

The counterpart of the state-wide UCR Program is the National UCR Program which is under the direction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This national program is the result of a need for nation-wide and uniform compilation of law enforcement statistics. Uniform Crime Reports were first collected in 1930 after being developed by a committee of the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

Today the IACP continues to serve in an advisory capacity to the FBI in its operation of the program.

Crime statistics voluntarily submitted by individual law enforcement agencies from all fifty states are presented annually in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reports Publication entitled "Crime in the United States."

In the last several years the FBI has been actively assisting individual states in the development of state-wide programs of law enforcement statistics compatible with the National UCR Program. In taking advantage of the invaluable assistance provided, West Virginia has developed its own state-wide program for collection of law enforcement statistics.

West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program

The West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program involves the uniform compilation, classification, and analysis of crime statistics reported by all law enforcement agencies of the state pursuant to guides and regulations prescribed by law.

The West Virginia Legislature in the Criminal Identification Bureau Act of 1971 established the Uniform Crime Reporting Statute.

The responsibility and authority for collection and dissemination of UCR data was given to the West Virginia Department of Public Safety (State Police). This program became operational January 1, 1972.

Criminal Identification Bureau Act of 1971 Chapter 15, Article 2, Section 29, Sub-section 1

(1) All state, county and municipal law enforcement agencies shall submit to the bureau uniform crime reports setting forth their activities in connection with law enforcement. It shall be the duty of the bureau to adopt and promulgate rules and regulations prescribing the forms, general content, time and manner of submission of such Uniform Crime Reports. Willful or repeated failure by any state, county or municipal law enforcement official to submit the Uniform Crime Reports as required in this article shall constitute neglect of duty in public office. The Bureau shall correlate the reports submitted to it and shall compile and submit to the governor and the legislature semi-annual reports based on such reports. A copy of such reports shall be furnished to all prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement agencies.

Purpose and Objectives

In keeping with the recommendation of the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice, the West-Virginia UCR Program was planned for eventual growth into a complete and integrated offender based Criminal Justice Information System. Under this program, each offender arrested in West Virginia will be tracked through the entire criminal justice system from time of arrest through the courts to the correctional system where his exit (parole, expiration of sentence, etc.) will be recorded. In this manner, a complete "rap sheet" on individual offenders will be available for use by the police, courts and correctional agencies in West Virginia. In addition, statistical data derived from the CJIS Program will provide assistance in determining the overall efficiency of the criminal justice system in West Virginia and will make effective management studies possible.

The fundamental objectives of the West Virginia UCR Program are:

- (1) Inform the governor, legislature, other governmental officials, and the public as to the nature of the crime problem in West Virginia—its magnitude and its trends.
- (2) Provide law enforcement administrators with criminal statistics for administrative and operational use.
- (3) Determine who commits crimes by age, sex, race and other attributes in order to find the proper focus for crime prevention and enforcement.
- (4) Provide base data and statistics to measure the workload and effectiveness of West Virginia's criminal justice system.
- (5) Provide base data and statistics to measure the effects of prevention and deterrence programs.
- (6) Provide base data and statistics for research to improve the efficiency, effectiveness and performance of criminal justice agencies.
- (7) Provide base data to assist in the assessment of social and other causes of crime for the development of theories of criminal behavior.

Development

Effective July 1, 1972, a federal grant was awarded to the Department of Public Safety by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration on a 60/40 federal-state matching basis. The money provided was used to initiate a state-wide Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

For approximately two months thereafter the UCR Staff made studies of the federal program, as well as several state UCR Programs which were operational at that time. Pamphlets explaining the UCR Program and questionnaires concerning each law enforcement agency's participation was distributed. After determining the number of law enforcement agencies which would participate, forms, tally books, and the UCR Guide Manual were developed, published and distributed to all contributing agencies.

During the development phase, numerous workshops were held in various parts of the state to present the UCR Program in detail to participating agencies.

Since that time, supplemental workshops have been held as needed. Also, the Department of Public Safety has incorporated into the curriculum of the State Police Training Academy a basic course as to the why and how of Uniform Crime Reporting. These courses are presented to municipal and county law enforcement officers as well as State Police Cadets.

A pilot program was maintained for two months prior to the implementation of the permanent collection and recording of data. This pilot program served mainly as a method by which to arrange data flow and solve other inhouse operational difficulties.

Reporting Procedure

Under the West Virginia UCR Statute, participating West Virginia law enforcement agencies are required to submit specified Uniform Crime Reports. The necessary information for each of the required reports is gathered from each agency's record of complaints, investigations and arrests.

Crime data and information is submitted by state, county and municipal law enforcement agencies on a daily, monthly and annual basis. The daily report consists of the fingerprints of all persons arrested, detained or charged with any crime or offense in West Virginia in which the penalty provided therefore is confinement in any penal or correctional institution or of any person who they have reason to believe is a fugitive from justice or an habitual criminal.

On a monthly basis, municipal police, state police and county sheriff's departments report the number of offenses known to them in the following crime categories:

- (1) Criminal Homicide
- (2) Forcible Rape
- (3) Robbery
- (4) Assault
- (5) Breaking and Entering
- (6) Larceny
- (7) Auto Theft

The count of offenses is taken from the record of complaints received by law enforcement agencies from victims, witnesses, other sources or discovered by them during their own operation. Complaints determined by subsequent investigation to be unfounded are eliminated from the count. The resulting number of "actual offenses known to law enforcement agencies" in these crime categories is reported without regard to whether anyone is arrested, stolen property is recovered, local prosecutive policy, or any other consideration. Reported offenses are recorded by the municipality and county in which they occur, rather than to the agency which may investigate, arrest, or otherwise in some manner dispose of the case. Municipal law enforcement agencies report those crimes which are committed within the cities, county sheriff's departments report those crimes which occur in the counties outside the city, and state police report all crimes known to them which occur in the county outside the city. Law enforcement agencies also report on a monthly basis, supplemental offense information such as the value of property stolen and recovered as well as circumstances surrounding homicides and other pertinent data. Additional monthly reports of persons arrested are submitted. These reports provide information concerning the age, sex and race of persons arrested by each individual law enforcement agency. Also, a police disposition of all juveniles arrested is collected.

Annual report forms contain data such as the number of persons formally charged and dispositions. Police employee data is also collected annually.

Verification Process

An obvious concern in the collection of crime statistics for law enforcement agencies throughout the state is the uniformity and accuracy of data received. Program aides such as guides and instructions do not necessarily guarantee the accuracy and correctness of the reports submitted by the contributors. Additional controls therefore are necessary.

Each report received by the UCR Section is recorded, examined and verified for mathematical accuracy and possibly more important for reasonableness. The verification process includes numerous checks to ensure the validity of information. The elimination of duplication of reporting by individual contributors receives particular attention. Minor typographical errors are corrected by direct telephone contact with the contributor while all other errors are resolved by written correspondence, or by personal contact of a field representative or member of the UCR Staff.

Population Data

The computation of crime rates as they appear in this report by municipality, county and state are based on 1972 population estimates provided by the Federal Bureau of Investigation through the cooperation and assistance of the United States Bureau of Census.

Monthly and annual Uniform Crime Reports currently received from 263 municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies in West Virginia represent 100 percent of the estimated West Virginia population.

The West Virginia State Police maintains at least one detachment in 54 of the 55 counties throughout the state. In some counties, there are as many as three detachments. Each detachment is mainly responsible for law enforcement in the rural areas of the respective county. Therefore, there are two law enforcement agencies (state police and sheriff's department) in each county which serves the same area and essentially the same population.

Because of this fact, to attempt to compute a crime rate for each of the two agencies would have been highly unreasonable.

This problem was resolved by combining activity reported by both agencies into one category hereafter referred to in this report as "rural county." However, the number of offenses and percent of offenses cleared is listed separately for each agency.

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

Uniformity in reporting under the West Virginia System is based upon the proper classification of offenses by police.

The adoption of the Federal System of Uniform Crime Reporting included the utilization of the offense classifications of that system. Law enforcement in this state has made accurate application of those classifications in the reports submitted to the West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting System.

In view of the need for compatibility with the federal system "offenses" under the program are not distinguished by designation of "high misdemeanors," "misdemeanors," or violations of municipal ordinances. The explanations of offense classifications may vary slightly with those employed at the federal level because the language used is that familiar to law enforcement in this state. However, the major categories of offense classification remain the same as those employed on the national level.

Part I Offenses

Offense data consists of information that has been extracted from reports of Part I crimes that have come to the attention of West Virginia law enforcement agencies. In general, Part I crimes are those serious crimes that are usually reported to law enforcement agencies. They consist of the following offenses:

Offense Classifications

(1) Homicide

- 1a. **Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter**—The unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought.

General rule—Any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assaults or commission of a crime.

- 1b. **Manslaughter by Negligence**—The unlawful killing of a human being, by another, without malice aforethought.

General rule—The killing may result from the commission of an unlawful act or from a lawful act performed with gross negligence. Traffic deaths may be classified as such when due to gross negligence of someone rather than the victim.

(2) Forcible Rape

- 2a. **Rape by Force**—The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly against her will.

General rule—Forcible rape of a female but excluding carnal abuse (Statutory Rape) or other sex offenses.

- 2b. **Assault to Rape—Attempts**—All assaults and attempts to rape.

(3) Robbery—The felonious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear. Includes all attempts.

- 3a. **Armed Robbery—Any weapon**—Any object so employed as to constitute force or the threat of force is to be considered a weapon. This includes firearms, knives, clubs, brass knuckles, black-jacks, broken bottles, acid, explosives, etc. Also, cases involving possible pretended weapons or when the weapon is not seen by the victim, but the robber claims to have it with him, constitutes armed robbery due to instilling fear.

- 3b. **Strong Armed—No weapon**—Includes muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong arm tactics are employed to deprive the victim of his property. This is limited to hands, fists, feet, etc. As in armed robbery, all attempts are included.

(4) Assaults—An assault is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another.

General rule—All assaults will be classified in the following categories, excluding assaults with intent to rob or rape.

- 4a. Gun—All assaults and attempted assaults involving the use of any type of firearms. (Revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, zip guns, rifles, pellet guns, etc.)
 - 4b. Knife or cutting instrument—All assaults and attempted assaults, involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects. (Knife, razor, hatchet, axe, cleaver, scissors, glass, broken bottle, dagger, ice pick, etc.)
 - 4c. Other dangerous weapon—All assaults or attempted assaults when any other object or thing is used as a weapon. (Clubs, bricks, pick handles, bottles, explosives, acid, lye, poison, scalding water and cases of attempted drowning, burning, etc.)
 - 4d. Hands, fists, feet, etc.—Felonious—Assaults which are of a felonious nature when hands, fists, feet, etc., are used. To be classified as felonious assault, the attack must result in serious personal injury.
 - 4e. Other assaults—Not felonious—All offenses of simple assault and assault and battery.
- (5) Breaking and Entering—Unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.

General rule—Any unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any dwelling house, attached structure, public building, shop, office, factory, storehouse, apartment, house trailer, warehouse, mill, barn, other building, houseboat, or railroad car.

Note: For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, breaking and entering and larceny are classified only as breaking and entering, the larceny is excluded. Breaking and entering of a motor vehicle is classified as larceny.

- 5a. Forcible entry—All offenses where force of any kind is used to enter unlawfully a locked structure, with intent to steal or commit a felony. This includes entry by use of a master key, celluloid or other device that leaves no outward mark but is used to open a lock. Concealment inside a building, followed by the breaking out of the structure is also included.
 - 5b. Unlawful entry—No force—Any unlawful entry without any evidence of forcible entry.
 - 5c. Attempted forcible entry—When determined that forcible entry has been attempted.
- (6) Larceny Theft (except auto theft)—The unlawful taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership.

General rule—All larcenies and thefts resulting from pocket-picking, purse snatching, shop lifting, larceny from auto, larcenies of auto parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, larcenies from buildings, and from coin operated machines. Any theft that is not a robbery or the result of breaking and entering is included. Embezzlement, larceny by bailee, frauds or bad check cases are excluded

- (7) Auto Theft—The larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle

General rule—Thefts and attempted thefts of a motor vehicle. This includes all vehicles which can be registered as a motor vehicle in this state. Excludes where there is a lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation or unauthorized use by others with lawful access to the vehicle. (Chauffeur, employees, etc.)

Part II Offenses

Part II offenses are made up of all other crimes not classified as Part I crimes. Information on Part II offenses is only reported when an arrest has been made. Part II crimes for UCR purposes are as follows:

- (8) **Other Assaults**—This class is comprised of all assaults and attempted assaults which are simple or minor in nature. These “Other Assaults” are also scored on Return A under item 4e as an offense known to Police. However, for the purpose of this return, arrests for this offense are scored in this class.

- (9) **Arson**—Include all arrests for violations of State Laws and Municipal Ordinances relating to arson and attempted arson.

Include: Any willful or malicious burning to defraud a dwelling, house, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building or any building, ship or other vessel, motor vehicle or aircraft; contents of buildings, personal property of another, goods or chattels, crops, trees, fences, gates, grain, vegetable products, lumber, woods, cranberry bogs, marshes, meadows, etc.

In the event of a death from arson, the offense would be classified as murder and if personal injury results, the offense would be classified as assault (4c)

- (10) **Forgery and Counterfeiting**—In this class place all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of that which is true.

Include:

Altering or forging public or other records. Making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting bills, notes, drafts, tickets, checks, credit cards, etc.

Counterfeiting coins, plates, bank notes, checks, etc.

Possessing or uttering forged or counterfeiting instruments.

Signing the name of another or fictitious person with intent to defraud.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

- (11) **Fraud**—Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretense. Includes bad checks, confidence games, etc., except forgeries and counterfeiting.

- (12) **Embezzlement**—Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one’s care, custody or control

- (13) **Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing**—Include in this class all offenses of buying, receiving, and possession of stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses

- (14) **Vandalism**—Include in this class all willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of the owner or person having custody or control, by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by law or ordinance. This offense covers a wide range of malicious behavior directed at property.

(15) Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.

This class deals with violations of weapons laws such as:

Manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons.

Carrying deadly weapons.

Furnishing deadly weapons to minors.

Aliens possessing deadly weapons. All attempts to commit the above.

(16) Prostitution and Commercialized Vice—Include in this class the sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as:

Prostitution

Keeping bawdy house, disorderly house, or house of ill repute.

Pandering, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes, etc.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

(17) Sex Offenses—Except forcible rape, prostitution and commercialized vice. Include offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like.

Adultery and fornication

Buggery

Incest

Indecent Exposure

Sodomy

Statutory Rape—(No Force)

All attempts to commit any of the above.

(18) Narcotic Drug Laws—Narcotic drug law arrests are requested on the basis of the narcotics used. Include all arrests for violations of State and Local Ordinances, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. Make the following subdivisions of narcotic drug law arrests.

Opium or cocaine and their derivatives

Morphine, heroin, codeine

Marijuana

Synthetic narcotics, manufactured narcotics which can cause true drug addiction.

Demerol, methadone

Dangerous non-narcotic drugs

Barbiturates, benzedrine

- (19) **Gambling**—All charges which related to promoting, permitting or engaging in gambling. To provide a more refined collection of gambling arrests, the following breakdown should be furnished:
- Bookmaking (Horse and sport books)
 - Numbers and lottery
 - All other.
- (20) **Offenses Against the Family and Children**—Included here are all charges of non-support and neglect or abuse of family and children.
- Desertion, abandonment, or non-support.
 - Neglect or abuse of child.
 - Non-payment of alimony.
- (21) **Driving Under the Influence**—This class is limited to the driving or operating of any vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotic drugs.
- (22) **Liquor Laws**—With the exception of "Drunkness" (Class 23) and "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21), liquor law violations, State or Local, are placed in this class Do not include Federal violations. Include manufacturing, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing, etc.
- Maintaining unlawful drinking places.
 - Bootlegging.
 - Operating still.
 - Furnishing liquor to a minor.
 - Using vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor.
- (23) **Drunkness**—Included in this class are all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication, with the exception of "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21).
- Drunk and disorderly
 - Public intoxication.
- (24) **Disorderly Conduct**—In this class, all Disorderly Persons arrested except those counted in classes 1 through 23 and class 25 are included.
- (25) **Vagrancy**—Place in this class arrests for disorderly persons when the person is arrested for failure to give good account of himself.

- (26) **All other Offenses—Include in this class, every other State or Local offense not included in classes 1 through 25.**

Abduction and compelling to marry.

Abortion (Death resulting from abortion is homicide).

Bastardy and concealing death of a bastard.

Bigamy and polygamy.

Blackmail and extortion.

Bribery.

Contempt of Court.

Discrimination, unfair competition.

Kidnapping.

Offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency except as provided for in classes 1 through 29, such as employment of children in immoral vocations or practices, admitting minors to improper places, etc.

Perjury and subornation of perjury.

Possession, repair, manufacture, etc., of burglar's tools.

Possession or sale of obscene literature.

Unlawful use, possession, etc., of explosives, etc.

- (27) **Suspicion—Not Reported in West Virginia.**

- (28) **Curfew and Loitering Laws (Juveniles)—Count all arrests made for violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances.**

- (29) **Runaway (Juvenile)—Count arrests made by other jurisdictions of runaways from your jurisdiction. Do not include protective custody actions with respect to runaways you take for other jurisdictions. Count only your own local cases.**

PROFILE

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

On June 20, 1863, under the administration of President Abraham Lincoln, West Virginia became the 35th state in the Union. This was the only state to be borne out of the Civil War. From the beginning of the Civil War, the people in Western Virginia fought against seceding from the Union. On June 20, 1861, a new government of Virginia known as the "Restored Government" was formed by the Wheeling Convention. This government pledged its support to the Federal Government in Washington. At a meeting in Wheeling, May 13, 1862, the "Restored Government" passed an act giving formal consent to the forming of a new state. On May 29, 1862, a bill was presented to the Congress of the United States requesting that a new state be formed and admitted to the Union. The bill providing that West Virginia become a new state was passed by the Congress and signed into law by President Abraham Lincoln on December 31, 1862.

The boundary lines of West Virginia totaling 1,170 miles, which for the most part, follow the course of rivers or the line of mountain ranges, encloses a total area of only 24, 282 45 square miles. One hundred fifty (150) of these miles are water surface. Forty-first (41st) in size among the states in the Union, West Virginia nevertheless extends its panhandle over a surprisingly wide range of longitude and latitude. The eastern most tip has the same longitude as Rochester, New York, and the most westerly as Port Huron, Michigan, the Northwest Panhandle pushes into a latitude well north of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, while in the opposite direction the state dips further south than Richmond, Virginia. West Virginia is bordered by the states of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, Kentucky, and Virginia.

The natural topography of West Virginia is as irregular as its outline.

The range in elevation is from 240 feet near Harpers Ferry to 4,860 feet on Spruce Knob giving it a mean altitude of 1,500 feet, the highest of any state East of the Mississippi River.

Most of the State lies in the Allegheny Plateau and Allegheny Highlands Region. This corrugated contour, which rightfully earned West Virginia its nickname, "Mountain State," could easily be described as "Land of Ten Thousand Valleys".

West Virginia, composed of 55 counties ranging in area of 88.58 square miles to 1,046.34 square miles, is located between the large population centers of the East and Midwest. Four out of five of the principal United States metropolitan market areas—New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit—are within a 500 mile radius of the state's geographical center, which is near Sutton in Braxton County. Within this 500 mile circle, much more than half of the nation's people reside and more than half of the nation's income is earned.

Population-wise West Virginia, with 1,752,000 people, ranks 34th on the list of other states in the Union. Charleston, the most populous city in the state with 69,600 persons, is the Capitol. While Huntington with a population of 67,266 persons is second most populated city in the state. With a density of 72 155 square miles, West Virginia is primarily a rural state.

In 1970, West Virginia was the leading bituminous coal producer in the nation, accounting for more than ¼ of the entire United States coal production. Reported coal production for the year 1970 was 143 million tons from 1,600 mines located in 36 of the 55 counties. Coal accounts for over 80 percent of the state's total mineral output. Mineable coal is present in 44 of 55 counties and underlies more than 55 percent of the total area of nearly 25,000 square miles of West Virginia.

The West Virginia Department of Highways is responsible for over 30,000 miles of primary and secondary highways in the state. Primary roads consist of expressway, trunkline and feeder systems totaling 5,708 miles. Secondary roads consist of localized arterial and spur roads totaling 25,722 miles.

Waterborn commerce in West Virginia has increased steadily over the years. Three hundred and fifty-five miles of navigable water in the state have been made possible by the continuous work of the United States Corps of Engineers in the development of river transportation facilities and flood control.

Hilly terrain and ample rainfall help to produce one of West Virginia's high quality resources—timber. Seventy-four percent of the land area is in forested areas. West Virginia hardwoods are much sought after by furniture manufacturers across the continent and over seas. Approximately 95 percent of all timber cut is being shipped out of state.

Natural gas liquids and petroleum are the second most important mineral resources in the state. The high grade Pennsylvania grade crude oil is highly desirable by industry because of its superiority as a lubricant. The chemical industry in West Virginia is more large and expanding rapidly in the Ohio and Kanawha River Valley. Other natural resources found in abundance in West Virginia are limestone, sand and gravel, salt, and metals.

The Bureau of Vocational, Technical and Adult Education, cooperating with Federal, state and local educational and other agencies, plans and promotes vocational education programs directed to serve the total citizenry of the state in preparing for employment and productive citizenry. These programs are provided in regular or comprehensive secondary schools. Specialized schools, county or area vocational centers, multi-county vocational centers, adult centers, post-secondary institutions, and colleges and universities.

There are 21 designated area vocation-technical centers and 202 high schools with vocational departments in West Virginia. Six colleges and universities provide vocational-technical programs. In 1970, there were 52,867 students enrolled in vocational education.

The desire of students to seek higher standards of education and become more productive citizens has resulted in continual upgrading of physical facilities, equipment and teaching personnel.

In the 1970-71 school year, West Virginia was responsible for the education of 117,497 high school students across the state. Of the 23,320 high school graduates in 1970, 8,026 made plans to further their education at the college level.

West Virginia maintains and supports more public and private colleges and universities per capita than any other state in the United States. All 21 universities and colleges in West Virginia have experienced an enrollment increase over the past decade with Marshall University and West Virginia University doubling in size. The 11 public and 10 private institutions confer more than 7,700 degrees each year.

West Virginia is a state with an exceptional outdoor recreation base. Its varied topography, climate and resources give it the potential of being a year-round recreation land serving the people of the Eastern United States. Rivers and streams are very important in the state's recreational picture. Some of the finest fishing streams in the East are found in West Virginia and many of them have retained their natural setting and attract visitors in evergrowing numbers. State and national forests have been designated in West Virginia to preserve our "wild 'n wonderful" woodlands. Two federal forests—the Monongalia National Forest and George Washington National Forest—are located in Eastern West Virginia. The mini state forests offer some 77,000 acres of picturesque rugged wilderness, inspiring views, and remote seclusion. Along with these forests, West Virginia also offers 27 state parks for recreation.

The facts set forth in this brief profile, although somewhat complex, are presented in hope that they will help the reader get a better understanding of West Virginia's crime picture in our first Annual Uniform Crime Report.

CRIME FACTORS

Statistics gathered under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program are submitted by the law enforcement agencies of West Virginia and project a state-wide view of crime. Awareness of the presence of certain crime factors, which may influence the resulting volume and type of statistics presented, is necessary if fair and equitable conclusions are to be drawn. These crime influencing factors are present, to some degree, in every community and their presence affects, in varying degrees, the crime experience of that community. Attempts at comparison of crime figures between communities should not be made without first considering the individual factors present in each community.

Crime, as an outgrowth of society, remains a social problem of grave concern and the police are limited in their role to its suppression and detection. As stated by the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice in their report "The Challenge of Crime In A Free Society" (1967 - Page 92):

"But the fact that the police deal daily with crime does not mean that they have unlimited power to prevent it, or reduce it, or deter it. The police did not create and cannot resolve the social conditions that stimulate crime. They did not start and cannot stop the convulsive social changes that are taking place in America. They do not enact the laws that they are required to enforce, nor do they dispose of the criminals they arrest. The police are only one part of the criminal justice system; the criminal justice system is only one part of the government; and the government is only one part of society. Insofar as crime is a social phenomenon, crime prevention is the responsibility of every part of society. The criminal process is limited to case by case operations - one criminal or one crime at a time."

Set forth below are some of the conditions which will, by type and volume, affect the crime that occurs from place to place.

Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is a part.

Composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex and race

Economic status of the population

Relative stability of population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.

Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.

Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics

Standards governing appointments to the police force.

Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts

Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.

The Administrative and investigative efficiency of the 'local' law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime reporting standards

CRIME INDEX

The tabulations presented in the tables, graphs, and charts in this publication indicates the volume and distribution of crime in West Virginia on the basis of a Crime Index. The crime figures are broken down by municipal, county and state totals.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program utilizes seven crime classifications to establish an index to measure the trend and distribution of crime in the United States. These crimes—murder, forcible rape, robbery, felonious assault, burglary, larceny \$50 and over in value, and auto theft—are counted by law enforcement agencies as the crimes become known to them. These crimes were selected for use in the Crime Index because, as a group, they represent the most common local crime problem. They are all serious crimes, either by their very nature or due to the volume in which they occur. Offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and felonious assault are categorized as violent crimes. Offenses of burglary, larceny \$50 and over in value and auto theft are classed as crimes against property.

It is believed desirable to point out that there is no way of determining the total number of crimes which are committed. Many criminal acts occur which are not reported to official sources. Estimates as to the level of unreported crime can be developed through costly victim interview surveys, but this, of course, does not remedy the reluctance of victims and/or other members of society to report all crimes to law enforcement agencies.

In light of this situation, the best source for obtaining a count of crime is the next logical universe, namely, crimes which come to police attention. The crimes used in the Crime Index are those considered to be most consistently reported to police and the computations of crime trends and crime rates are prepared using this universe—offenses known to police. During 1972, 18,431 Crime Index Offenses were known to police.

The crime counts set forth in this publication are actual offenses established by police investigation. When police receive a complaint of crime and the follow-up investigation discloses no crime occurred, it is "unfounded".

Calculation of Rates and Percentages

This report provides police executives with a yardstick with which to measure local problems, but to utilize the administrative tool, the local data must be converted into terms of rates and percentages. Simple formulas for this purpose are presented below for the benefit of those who might feel the need for them.

Crime Rates

Perhaps the most used of all crime statistics is the crime rate which generally refers to the number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants. It can be calculated for any city regardless of the size and may be arrived at under either of two procedures. One formula would be to divide the number of crimes by the population and to multiply the answer by 100,000.

Example:

$$\frac{1,980 \text{ robberies}}{500,000 \text{ population}} = .003960 \times 100,000 = \begin{array}{l} \text{Crime} \\ \text{Rate} \\ 369.0 \\ \text{per} \\ 100,000 \\ \text{persons} \end{array}$$

Another procedure generally considered somewhat more simple, particularly if crime rates for a number of different offense classifications are to be calculated, is the so-called reciprocal method. As in the above example, it may be assumed that a city has a population of 500,000 and 1,980 robberies occurred during the year. Divide 100,000 by the number of inhabitants of the city (500,000). The quotient may be considered the reciprocal and multiplied by the number of crimes in each class to obtain the rate per 100,000. The reciprocal in this instance would be .200000, and an illustration of the calculation of the crime rate is as follows:

Example:

	Reciprocal	×	Number of Robberies	=	Crime Rate
<u>100,000</u> 500,000 population	= .200000		× 1,980		= 369.0 per 100,000 persons

The reciprocal once determined can be used to calculate all rates until a new population figure is available.

All crime rates which were calculated for the total number of offenses committed in the state were based on the number of offenses per 100,000 persons.

However, due to the fact, that no city within the state has a population over 100,000, calculations for each individual contributing agency were based on the number of offenses per 1,000 persons.

Clearance Rates

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, a crime index offense is cleared when a law enforcement agency has identified the offender, there is enough evidence to charge him and he is actually taken into custody. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime.

Crime solutions are also recorded in exceptional circumstances when some element beyond law enforcement control precludes formal charges against the offender. An offense may be exceptionally cleared when it falls into one of the following categories:

1. The offender commits suicide.
2. A double murder occurs (two persons kill each other).
3. The offender dies after making a confession (dying declaration)
4. The offender is killed by a law enforcement officer.
5. The offender confesses to committing the crime while already in custody for another crime of serving a sentence
6. The offender is prosecuted in another city for a different crime by federal, state or local authorities, or for the same offense, and the other jurisdiction refuses to release the offender.
7. Another jurisdiction refuses to extradite the offender.
8. The victim of a crime refuses to cooperate in the prosecution.
9. The offender is prosecuted for a less serious charge than the one for which he was arrested.
10. The offender is a juvenile who is handled by a verbal or written notice to the parents in instances involving minor offenses such as petit larceny

For the year of 1972, 32.0 percent of all Index Crimes were cleared. The percentage of violent crimes cleared was 70.8 percent, while the clearance rate for property crimes was 20.4 percent.

WEST VIRGINIA OFFENSE DATA

VOLUME AND DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME INDEX OFFENSES

VIOLENT CRIME

The seven crime index offenses are grouped into two categories—violent crime and property crime. Crimes of violence include murder, forcible rape, robbery, and felonious assault. Violent crimes involve the element of personal confrontation between perpetrator and victim. Because of their very nature, violent crimes are more serious than property crimes. These offenses for the period of January through December 1972, made up 12.4 percent of all index offenses.

PROPERTY CRIMES

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, property crimes include the offenses of breaking and entering, larceny \$50 and over in value and auto theft. The number of property crimes reported for the year of 1972 was more than 7 times the number of violent crimes. Property crimes accounted for 87.6 percent of all index crimes reported.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED

Supplementary data relating to the crimes of robbery, breaking and entering, larceny-theft, and auto theft, is collected and analyzed on a monthly basis. The resultant figures provide information concerning the value of property stolen and recovered by the type of property.

The total value of property stolen during 1972 was \$6,846,871. Although law enforcement agencies recovered approximately 30 percent of all property stolen, the net loss amounted to \$4,793,032. Other than the miscellaneous category, stolen automobiles accounted for the highest property loss amounting to \$2,350,556 for 1972.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY TYPE OFFENSE

JANUARY—DECEMBER, 1972

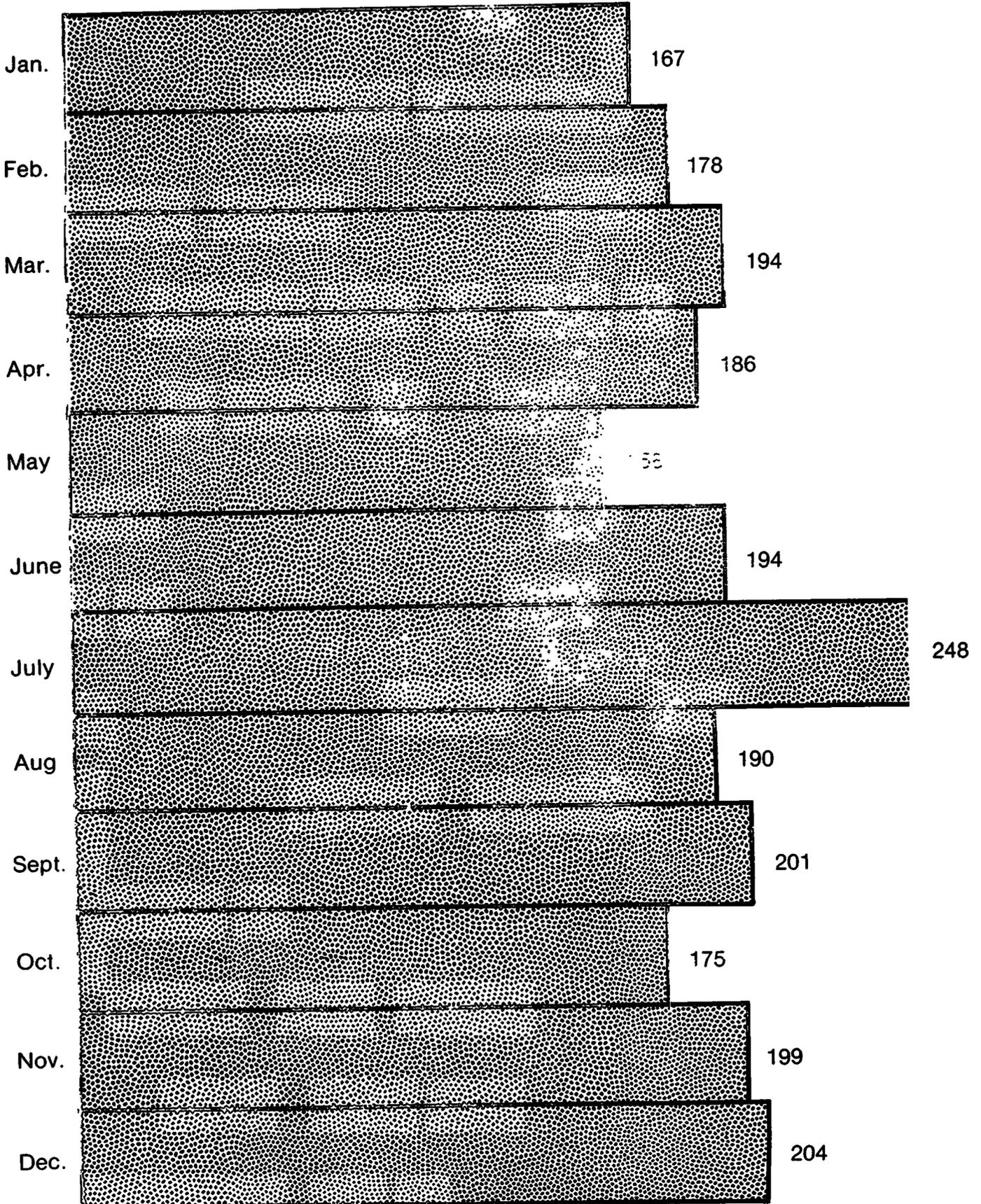
<u>BREAKING AND ENTERING</u>			<u>LARCENY</u>		
<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
<u>RESIDENCE</u>			Pocket-Picking ...	89	\$ 14,253
Committed	1,655	\$458,123	Purse-Snatching ..	137	\$ 10,922
During Night			Shoplifting	1,137	\$ 27,585
<u>RESIDENCE</u>			From Autos	3,273	\$ 431,316
Committed	665	\$136,123	Auto Parts		
During Day			& Accessories	3,279	\$ 252,186
<u>RESIDENCE</u>			Bicycles	1,204	\$ 55,313
Committed	937	\$216,980	From Buildings ...	2,024	\$ 473,110
Unknown			Coin-Operated		
<u>NONRESIDENCE</u>			Machines	232	\$ 14,015
Committed	3,222	\$1,141,035	All Other	2,275	\$ 691,554
During Night			TOTAL	13,650	\$1,970,254
<u>NONRESIDENCE</u>					
Committed	185	\$115,760			
During Day					
<u>NONRESIDENCE</u>					
Committed	528	\$141,571			
Unknown					
TOTAL	7,192	\$2,209,809			

<u>ROBBERY</u>			<u>LARCENY BY VALUE</u>		
<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
Highway	273	\$ 60,761	\$50 and Over	7,000	\$1,827,736
Commercial House .	70	\$ 83,612	\$5 to \$50	5,687	\$ 140,225
Service Station ...	42	\$ 6,576	UNDER \$5	963	\$ 2,293
Chain Store	26	\$ 46,889	TOTAL	13,650	\$1,970,254
Residence	67	\$ 52,871			
Bank	3	\$ 31,874			
Miscellaneous	75	\$ 35,831			
TOTAL	556	\$318,414			

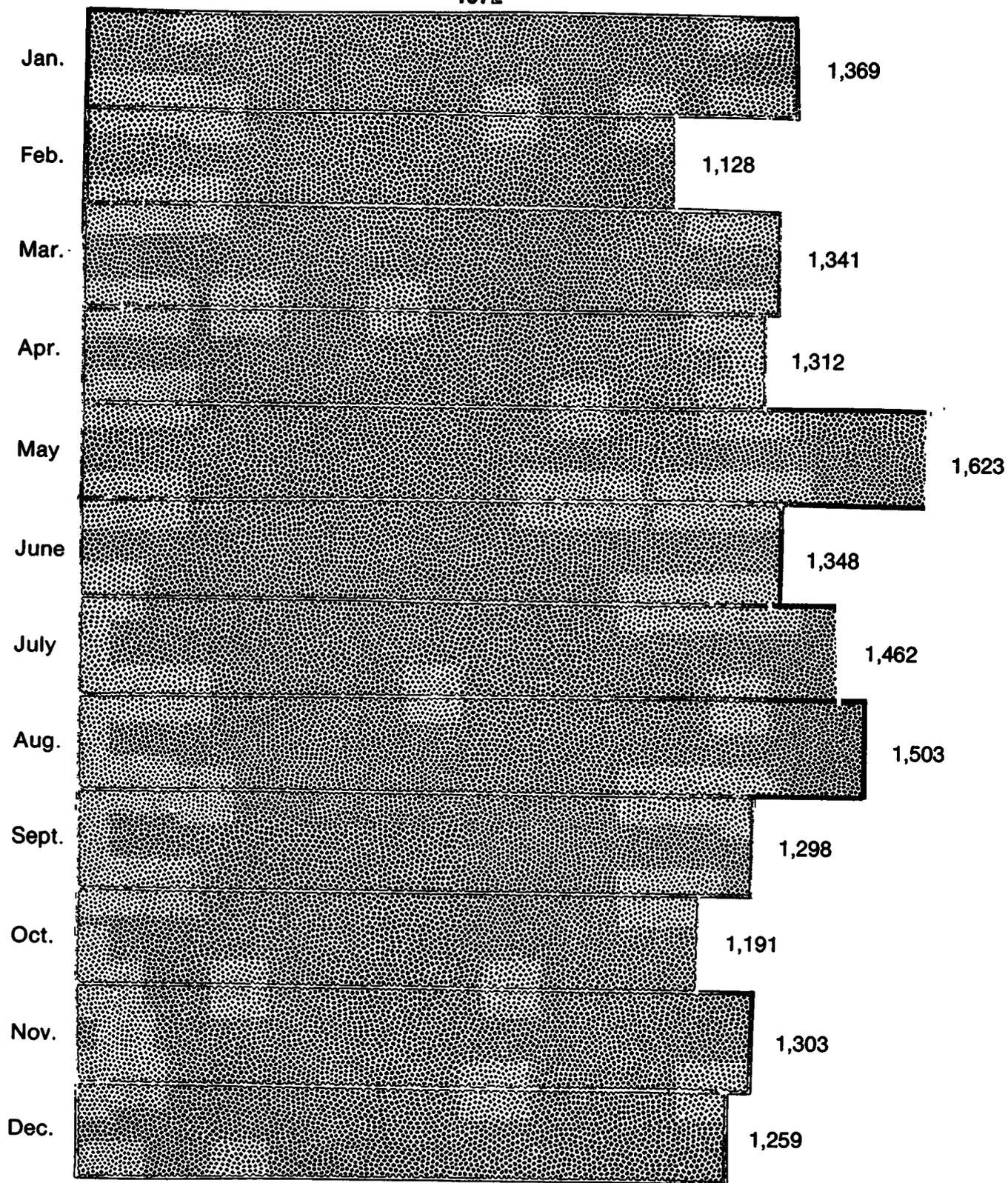
<u>AUTO THEFT</u>		
<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
Auto Theft	1,907	\$2,348,394

VIOLENT CRIME

MURDER, FORCIBLE RAPE, ROBBERY, AND FELONIOUS ASSAULT
January-December
1972



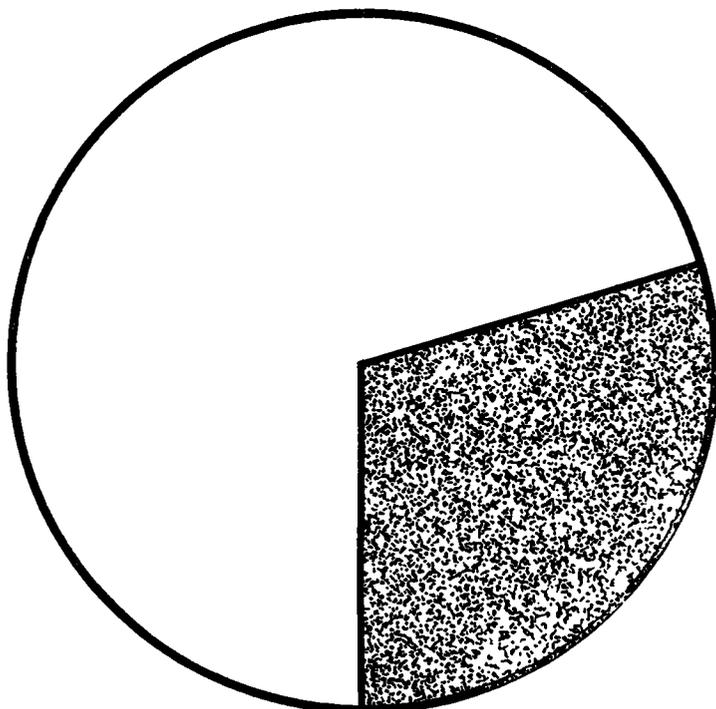
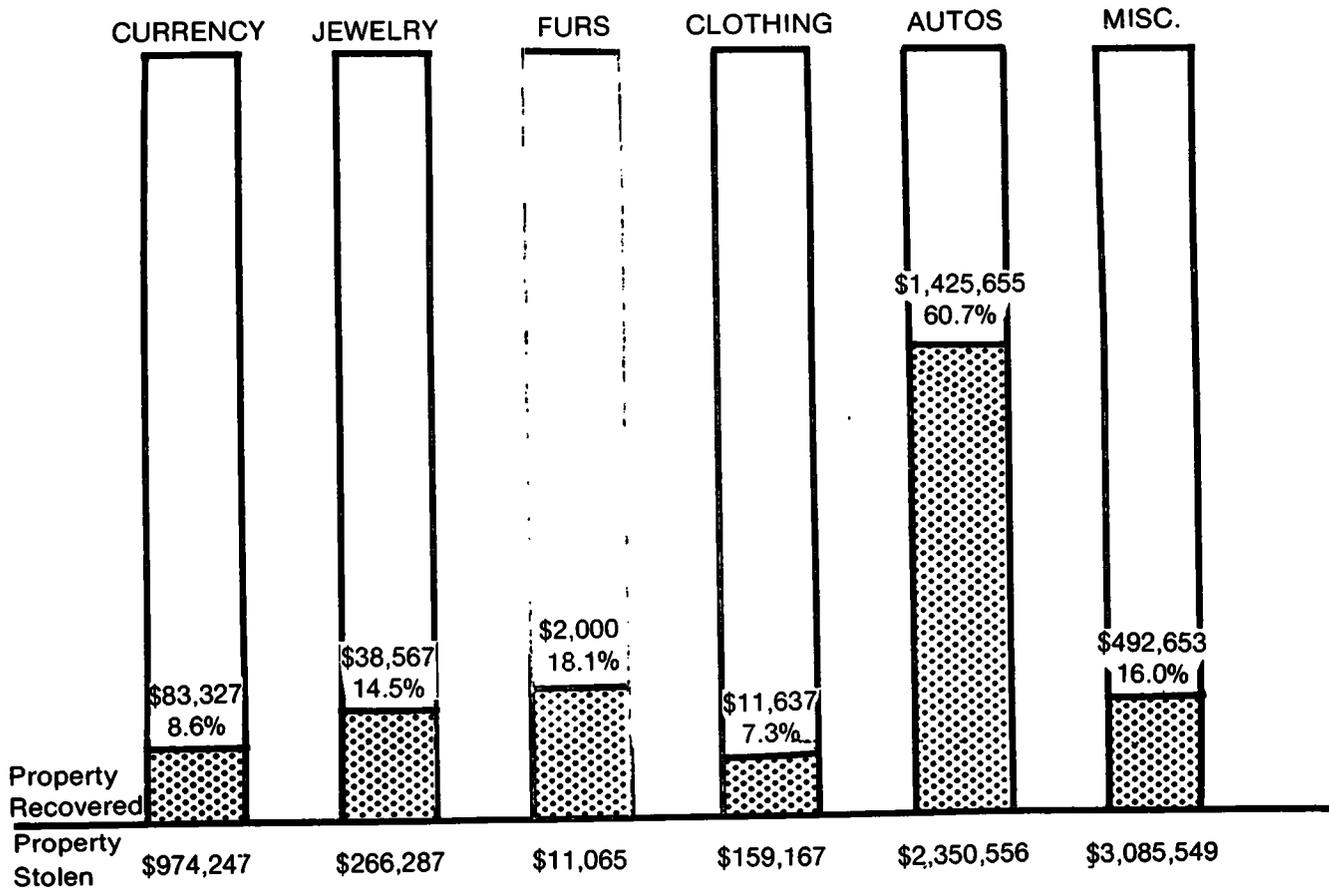
PROPERTY CRIME
BREAKING & ENTERING, LARCENY OVER \$50, AND AUTO THEFT
January-December
1972



VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND PERCENT RECOVERED

JANUARY - DECEMBER

1972



**TOTAL VALUE OF
PROPERTY STOLEN
\$6,846,871**

**TOTAL VALUE OF
PROPERTY RECOVERED
\$2,053,839**

← 30.0%
RECOVERED

CRIMINAL HOMICIDE—MURDER

Murder is defined as the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought. Any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime is included. This index offense is scored by police on the basis of their investigation without regard as to the findings of a court or jury or the decision of a prosecutor. Traffic deaths caused by the negligence of someone other than the victim are not included here, but are counted under manslaughter. Attempts to kill and assault to kill are scored as felonious assaults and not as murder. Suicide, accidental deaths and justifiable homicides are also excluded.

MURDER

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 108 murders were reported by law enforcement agencies in West Virginia for the months of January through December, 1972.

Murders accounted for 4.7 percent of all violent index crimes and .5 percent of all index offenses.

The murder rate for the reporting period was 6.2 per 100,000 population.

A total of 96 murders were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared, amounting to a 88.9 percent clearance rate statewide. Persons under the age of 18 were involved in less than 1% of the total number of murders reported. 84.2 percent of all murder victims were white and 15.7 percent were Negro.

Firearms were employed in 77.7 percent of all reported murders. The use of a knife or other cutting instrument was involved in 5.5 percent of the murders.

The age group accounting for the highest percent of persons arrested for murder, 17.9 percent, occurred in the 30-34 age category. Males accounted for 86.8 percent of all persons arrested for murder.

77.4 percent of all persons arrested for murder were white, 22.6 percent were Negro.

The 32 murders of one family member by another accounted for 29.6 percent of all murders. Of these, 40.6 percent resulted from one spouse killing another.

MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE, SEX, AND RACE 1972

Age	Num-ber	Percent Distri- bution of Age	Sex		Race					
			Male	Fe- male	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All Other
1-4	1	0.9		1	1					
5-9	1	0.9	1		1					
10-14	3	2.8	2	1	2	1				
15-19	7	6.5	6	1	7					
20-24	10	9.3	8	2	8	2				
25-29	6	5.6	5	1	4	2				
30-34	12	11.1	9	3	12					
35-39	11	10.2	8	3	9	2				
40-44	11	10.2	10	1	10	1				
45-49	15	13.9	11	4	14	1				
50-54	8	7.4	6	2	8					
55-59	8	7.4	6	2	6	2				
60-64	7	6.5	3	4	6	1				
65-69	2	1.9	1	1	2					
70-74	5	4.6	4	1	1	4				
75 & over	1	0.9	1			1				
<hr/>										
Total for West Va.	108		81	27	91	17				
<hr/>										
Per- Cent			75.0	25.0	84.3	15.7				

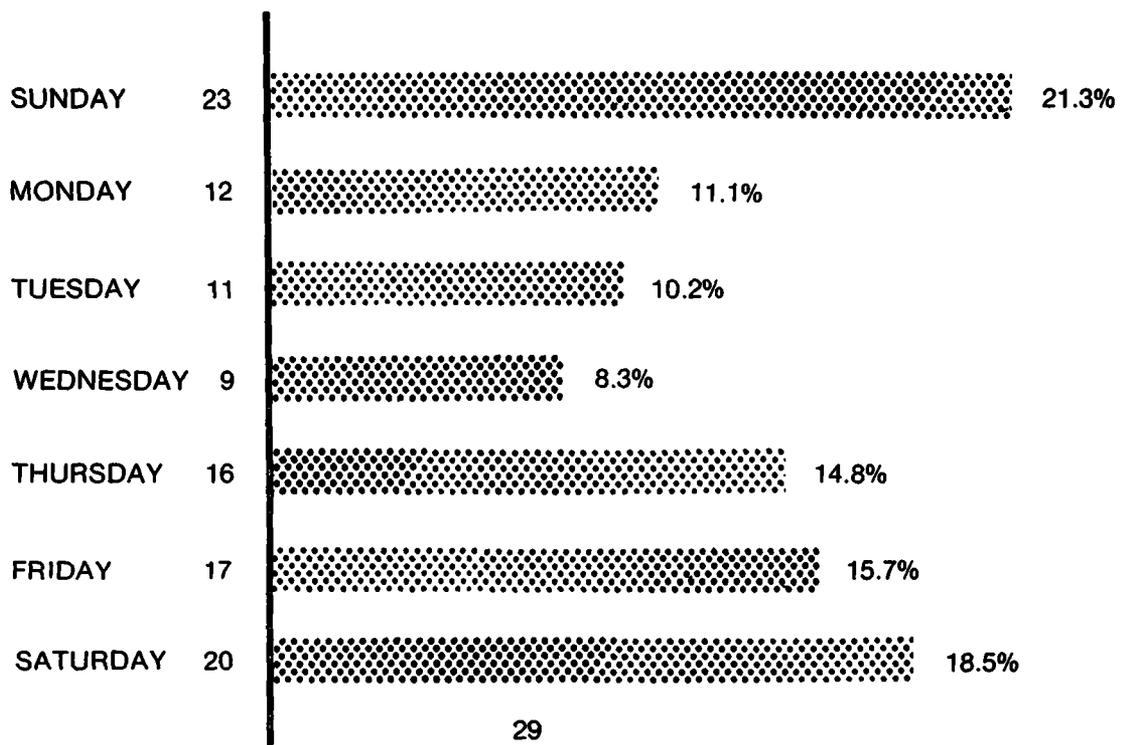
MURDERS BY CIRCUMSTANCE—1972

Circumstance	Number	Percent Distribution
Spouse Killing Spouse	13	12.0
Parent Killing Child	4	3.7
Other Family Situation	15	13.9
Lovers Triangle	9	8.3
Bar Room Arguments	16	14.8
Other Arguments	51	47.2
TOTAL	108	

MURDERS BY TYPE OF WEAPON

Type of Weapon	Number	Percent Distribution
Handgun	51	47.2
Rifle	9	8.3
Shotgun	19	17.6
Cutting and Stabbing	6	5.6
Personal Weapons	8	7.4
Other Weapons	15	13.9
TOTAL	108	100.0

MURDERS BY DAY OF WEEK



FORCIBLE RAPE

Forcible rape is the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. For the purpose of Uniform Crime Reporting, rape is divided into two categories: (1) Rape by force; and (2) attempted rape. Carnal abuse without force (statutory rape) and other sex offenses are not included.

Forcible rape differs from other violent crimes in that the victim, in many cases, is hesitant in reporting the offense to police. The rigors of court procedure, embarrassment and fear of any accompanying stigma have a deterrent effect on the victims willingness to make the crime known to police. The presence of a prior relationship between victim and perpetrator makes the determination of the act of force difficult to establish, and the usual clandestine nature of the offense presents a problem in verification.

FORCIBLE RAPE

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 146 forcible rapes (including attempts) were reported by law enforcement agencies in West Virginia for 1972. 99 rapes were by force and 47 were attempts.

Forcible rapes accounted for 6.4 percent of all violent crimes and 0.7 percent of all index offenses reported.

Approximately 16.2 out of every 100,000 women in West Virginia were reported as rape victims.

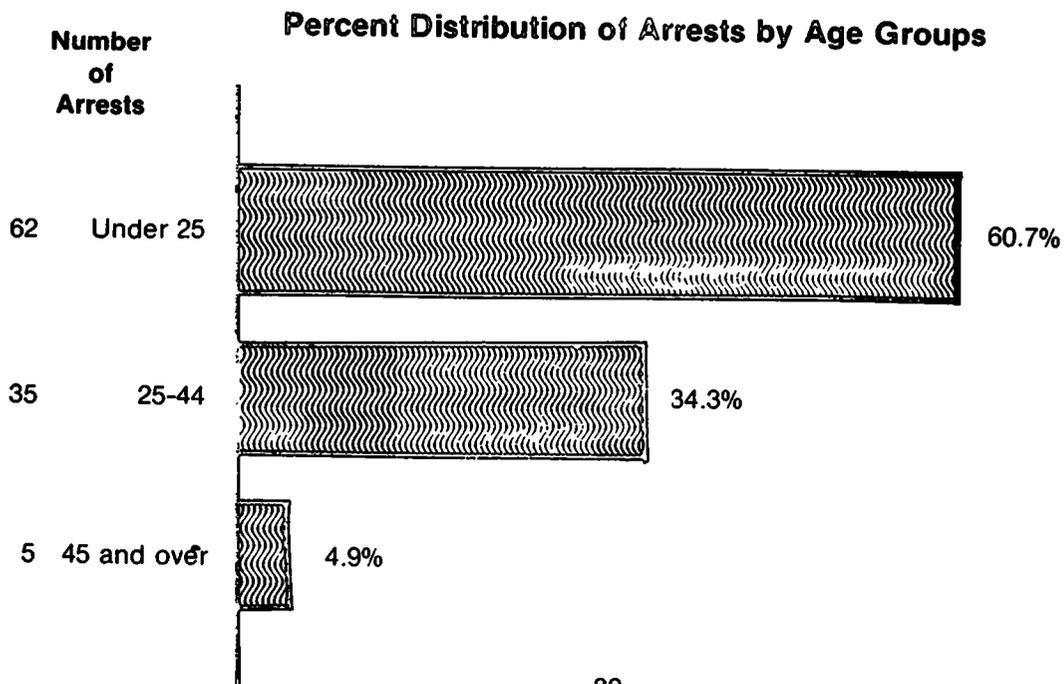
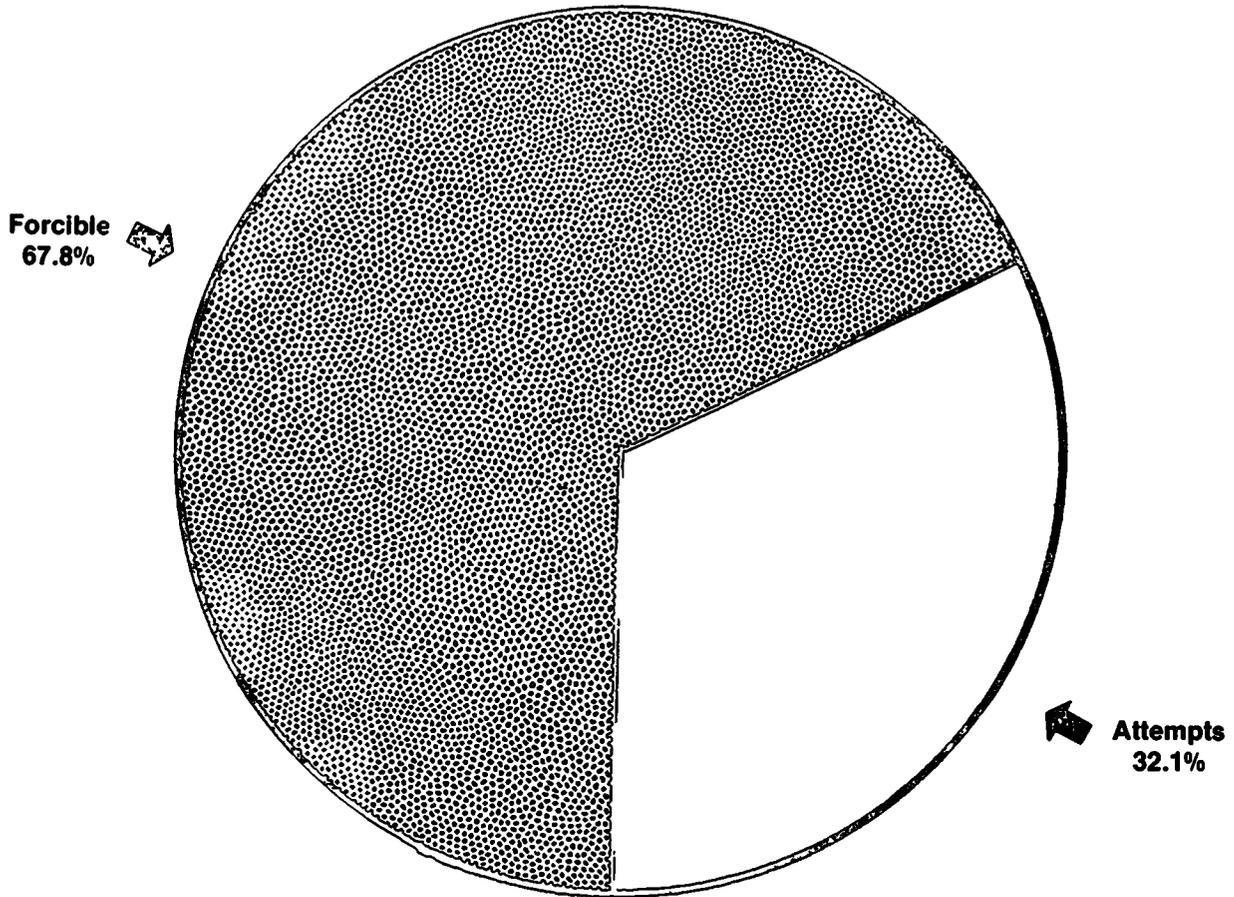
A total of 94 forcible rapes were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared, amounting to a 64.4 percent clearance rate statewide. 7.5 percent of the total number of rapes reported were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

60.7 percent of all persons arrested for forcible rape during 1972 were under the age of 25.

90.2 percent of all persons arrested for forcible rape during 1972 were White, 9.8 percent were Negro.

FORCIBLE RAPE

January - December
1972



ROBBERY

Robbery is defined as the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will by violence or by putting him in fear. The element of personal confrontation is always present in this crime. Under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, all assaults or attempts to rob are included. Robberies are reported in two general categories—armed-any weapon (when any object is used as a weapon) and strong armed which includes muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong arm tactics are employed. As a general rule, robbery differs from larceny in that it is aggravated by the element of force or the threat of force.

Robbery, as a crime of violence, has a serious impact on the victim. In many instances, serious injury results. Oftentimes, along with physical injury or without, the victim suffers mental disturbance. Such damage is immeasurable. This is emphasized when the attempt to rob results in the death of the victim. Of course, in this case, the robbery would not be scored since the more serious offense, murder, would be reported and the robbery would serve as the motive. The placing of a dollar value, however, on the damage resulting from this type of offense is an attempt to measure that which is immeasurable.

ROBBERY

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 556 robberies were reported by law enforcement agencies in the State of West Virginia for the period of January through December, 1972.

Robberies accounted for 24.2 percent of all violent crimes as a group and 3.0 percent of the total crime index.

The robbery rate amounted to 31.7 robberies for every 100,000 persons in the state.

A total of 176 robberies were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared, representing a clearance rate of 31.7 percent state wide. 6.3 percent of the total number of robberies were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

The age group accounting for the highest percent of persons arrested for robbery, 10.6 percent, occurred in the 19 age category. Males accounted for 93.1 percent of all persons arrested for robbery.

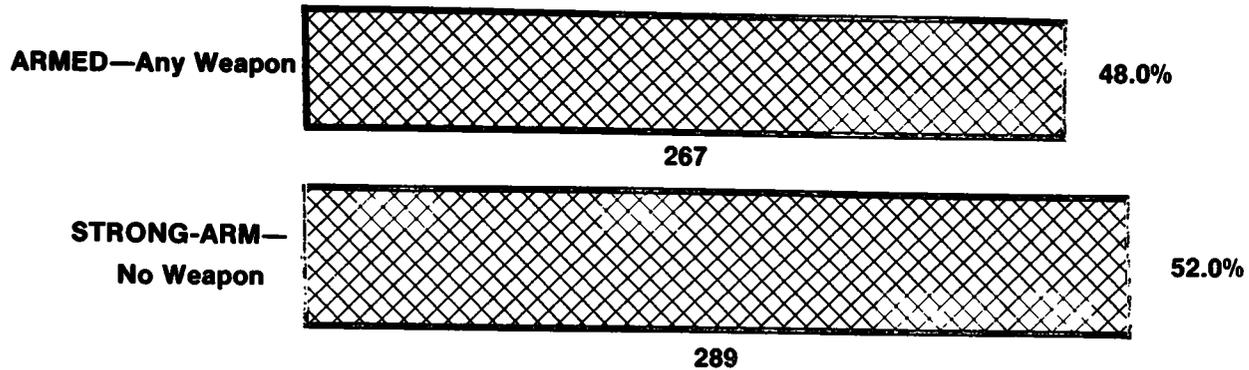
74.0 percent of all persons arrested for robbery were White and 25.9 percent were Negro.

The largest number of actual offenses of robbery, 273, occurred in the highway category, which represents 49.1 percent of all offenses of robbery reported in 1972.

The highest average loss, amounting to \$10,625, occurred in the "bank" category. The lowest average loss, \$157, occurred at "Service Stations."

ROBBERY

January - December
1972



Classification	Number of Offenses	Percent Distribution	Total Values	Average Value
Highway	273	49.1	\$ 60,761	\$ 223
Commercial House	70	12.6	\$ 83,612	\$ 1,194
Gas, Service Station	42	7.5	\$ 6,576	\$ 157
Chain Store	26	4.7	\$ 46,889	\$ 1,803
Residence	67	12.1	\$ 52,871	\$ 789
Bank	3	0.5	\$ 31,874	\$10,625
Miscellaneous	75	13.5	\$ 35,831	\$ 478
TOTAL for West Virginia	556	100.0	\$318,414	\$ 573

FELONIOUS ASSAULT

Felonious assault, as defined under the West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program, is an attempt or offer with unlawful force or violence, to do serious physical injury to another. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that any injury result when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.

The use or attempted use of a dangerous weapon in an assault or the serious injury inflicted by hands, fists, or feet separates this Index offense from those assaults categorized as "simple" and not felonious in nature.

The victim of an actual assault of this type may suffer serious injury or permanent disability and all assaults to kill and attempts to kill are recorded in this area. As with murder, the use of weapons to inflict these serious injuries make this offense a subject for analysis.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 1,484 felonious assaults were reported by law enforcement agencies for 1972.

Assaults accounted for 64.7 percent of all violent crimes and 8.1 percent of all index crimes.

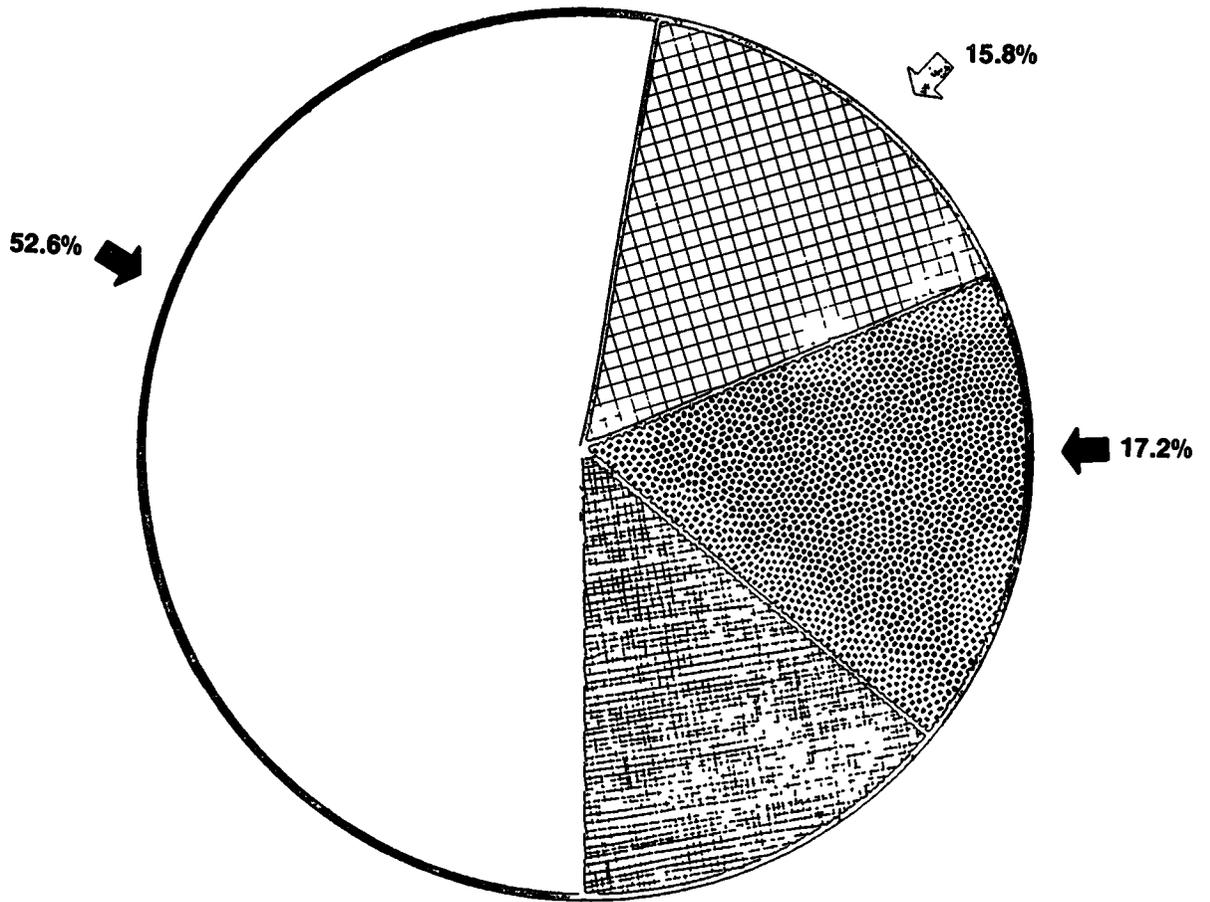
The rate of felonious assaults amounted to 84.7 assaults for each 100,000 persons.

A total of 1,258 felonious assaults were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared which represents a clearance rate of 84.8 percent statewide. 6.5 percent of all assaults were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

Persons under the age of 30 accounted for 59.0 percent of the arrests for felonious assault. Arrests of males for felonious assault outnumbered females by a 8.2 to 1 margin.

Analysis of felonious assault arrests by race indicates that 81.7 percent of all persons arrested were White and 18.3 percent were Negro.

Of all weapons used in felonious assaults, the use of hands, fists, feet, etc. was the most prevalent, representing 781 offenses and comprising 52.6 percent of all assaults.



NUMBER OF ASSAULTS

- 214  OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPONS
- 255  GUN
- 234  KNIFE OR CUTTING INSTRUMENT
- 781  HANDS, FIST, FEET

**ASSAULTS
FELONIOUS ASSAULT
—WEAPON USED—
January - December
1972**

1,484 TOTAL FELONIOUS ASSAULTS

BREAKING AND ENTERING

Under this Program, breaking and entering is defined as an unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.

Data collection for this offense is further categorized as to forcible entries, unlawful entries where no force is used, and attempted forcible entries.

As with other nonviolent crimes, the motive of personal gain coupled with the element of opportunity, results in the commission of this offense by both the amateur and the professional perpetrator. Only the absence of confrontation and the use of force separate this crime from robbery of the violent crime group. However, detection during commission many times results in a confrontation of the victim by the perpetrator demonstration why this offense is considered the most serious of the nonviolent crime group.

The volume of this offense presents the police with a serious enforcement problem made more difficult in many areas by the lack of sufficient personnel to act a a deterrent and to provide successful solutions to these crimes.

BREAKING AND ENTERING

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 7,192 burglaries were reported by law enforcement agencies in 1972.

Burglaries accounted for 44.6 percent of all property crime and 39.0 percent of all index offenses.

The burglary rate for 1972 was 410.5 per 100,000 population.

A total of 1,562 burglaries were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared. This amounts to a clearance rate of 21.7 percent state-wide.

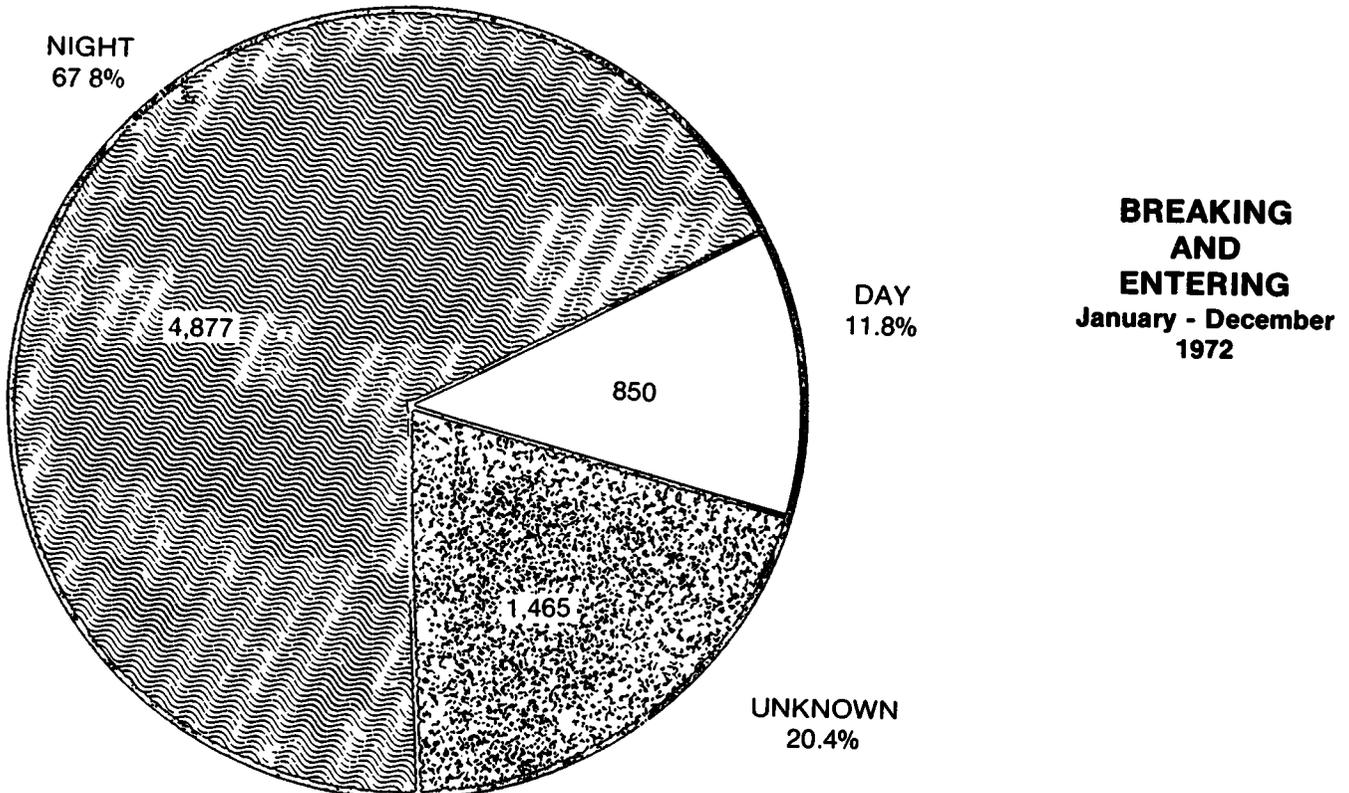
The age group accounting for the highest percentage of persons arrested for burglary, 14.6 percent, occurred in the 13-14 age category. Males accounted for 91.7 percent of persons arrested for burglary. 8.0 percent of the total number of burglaries were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

91.7 percent of all persons arrested for breaking and entering were White. 8.3 percent were Negro.

Of the three categories of burglary, forcible entry was the most prevalent, with 5,800 offenses. This figure represents 80.7 percent of the total burglaries committed. 13.1 percent were unlawful entry (no force), while 6.2 percent were attempts.

Residential burglary accounted for 45.3 percent of the total, and 67.8 percent of all burglaries (where time was known) occurred during the night hours.

Classification	Number of Offenses	Percent of Distribution	Total Values	Average Values
RESIDENCE	3,257	45.3	\$ 811,443	\$249
Night	1,655	23.0	\$ 458,123	\$277
Day	665	9.3	\$ 136,340	\$205
Unknown	937	13.0	\$ 216,980	\$232
NONRESIDENCE	3,935	54.7	\$1,398,366	\$355
Night	3,222	44.8	\$1,141,035	\$354
Day	185	2.6	\$ 115,760	\$626
Unknown	528	7.3	\$ 141,571	\$268
TOTAL for West Virginia	7,192	100.0	\$2,209,809	\$307



LARCENY—THEFT

Larceny-Theft is the unlawful taking or stealing of property or articles of value without the use of force, violence, or fraud. It includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, thefts from autos, theft of auto parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc. In the UCR Program this crime category does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, and worthless checks. Auto theft is excluded from this category for crime reporting purposes inasmuch as it is a separate crime index offense.

The Crime Index offense of larceny includes only those thefts where the value of goods stolen is \$50 or more.

Larceny offenses cleared by police arrest are dramatically affected by the nature of the crime. As with other nonviolent crimes, opportunity and stealth, working in favor of the perpetrator and against police detection, reduce solutions for this offense

As with other offenses against property, larceny is primarily a crime of opportunity. Types of larcenies will differ in volume depending upon the opportunity for theft offered in a given area.

When average value is applied to the reported crimes in this category, the dollar loss to victims was \$144. It is true that a portion of goods stolen was recovered and returned to victims, but the relatively low percentage of the crimes cleared by arrest, and the lack of specific identification characteristics on such property indicates these recoveries will not materially reduce the overall loss. In addition, many offenses in this category, particularly where the value of the goods stolen is small, never come to police attention.

LARCENY—THEFT

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 7,038 larcenies, \$50 and over, were reported by law enforcement agencies in 1972.

Reported larcenies \$50 and over, accounted for 43.6 percent of crimes against property and 38.2 percent of all index offenses.

The larceny rate for West Virginia for 1972 amounted to 401.7 per 100,000 population.

There were 1,128 larcenies \$50 and over cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared. This represents a clearance rate of 16.0 percent statewide.

The age group responsible for the highest percentage of persons arrested for larceny, 9.4 percent, occurred in the 16 year old category. Males accounted for 75.0 percent of persons arrested for all categories of larceny. 21.6 percent of all larceny offenses were cleared. 7.5 percent of all larceny offenses were cleared by the arrest of exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

86.4 percent of all persons arrested for larceny (including offenses under \$50 in value) were White, 13.5 percent were Negro and less than 1 percent were of other races.

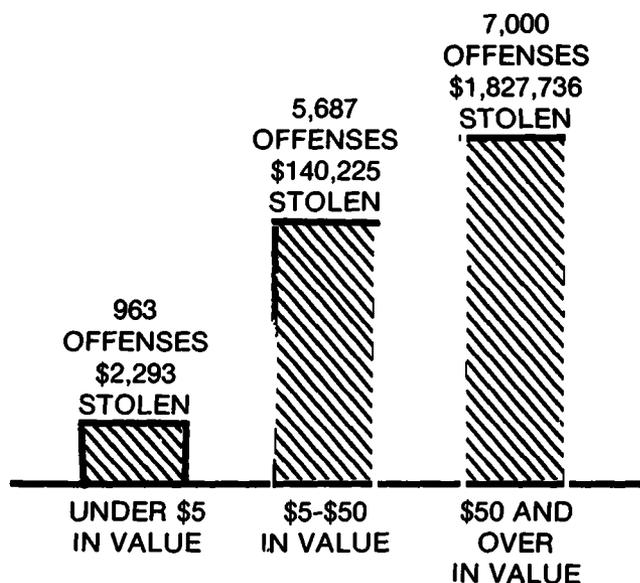
During 1972 the value of property stolen in actual offenses of larceny totaled \$1,970,254. This constitutes 28.8 percent of the total value of property stolen.

Thefts from buildings, third in rank of occurrence, resulted in the second highest dollar loss for all theft categories (including the All Other category). Thieves netted \$473,110 from thefts from buildings.

LARCENY

January - December

1972



Classification	Number of Offenses	Percent of Distribution	Total Values (Dollars)	Average Values (Dollars)
Pocket-Picking	89	0.7	14,253	160
Purse-Snatching	137	1.0	10,922	80
Shoplifting	1,137	8.3	27,585	24
From Autos	3,273	24.0	431,316	132
Auto Parts & Accessories	3,279	24.0	252,186	77
Bicycles	1,204	8.8	55,313	46
From Buildings	2,024	14.8	473,110	234
Coin-Operated Machines	232	1.7	14,015	60
All Other	2,275	16.7	691,554	304
TOTAL	13,650	100.0	1,970,254	144

AUTO THEFT

In Uniform Crime Reporting Auto Theft includes all thefts of a motor vehicle. This includes all vehicles which can be registered as a motor vehicle in this State. This definition excludes taking a motor vehicle for temporary use, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others having lawful access to the vehicle, such as chauffeurs, etc.

The crime of auto theft has been labeled primarily as a crime of opportunity. The youthful offender finds the automobile easily accessible for transportation for any purpose. The remaining auto thefts are mainly for the purpose of resale, theft of parts, and for use in committing other crimes.

AUTO THEFT

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 1,907 auto thefts were reported by law enforcement agencies in West Virginia during 1972.

Auto thefts made up 11.8 percent of all property crimes and 10.3 percent of all index crimes.

The statewide auto theft rate for 1972 amounted to 108.8 per 100,000 population.

There were a total of 610 auto thefts cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared, representing a clearance rate of 32.0 percent statewide. 9.7 percent of all auto thefts were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

The age group responsible for the highest percentage of persons arrested for auto theft, 15.1 percent, occurred in the 17 year old age category. 94.8 percent of all persons arrested for auto theft were males.

94.1 percent of all persons arrested for auto theft were White and 5.9 percent were Negro.

Of the 1,907 autos stolen during this period, 1,266 autos or 66.4 percent were recovered.

The total value of autos stolen was \$2,348,394. Autos valued at \$1,425,655 were recovered.

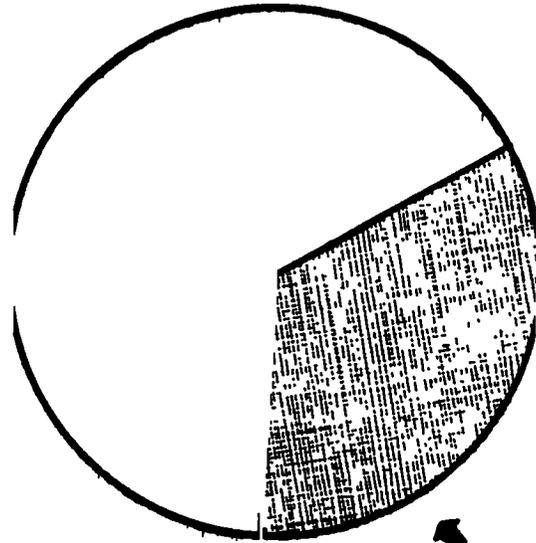
The average value of autos stolen during the reporting period was \$1,232.

49.1 percent of all stolen vehicles were recovered in the same jurisdiction where they were stolen.

AUTO THEFT
JANUARY - DECEMBER
1972

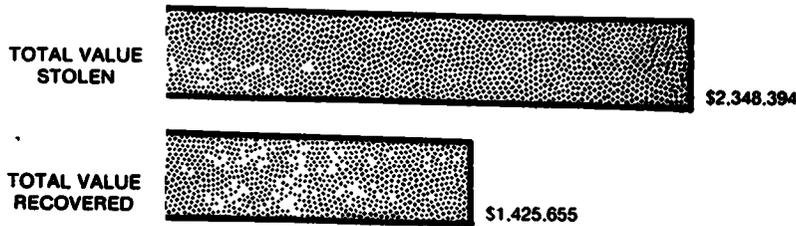
PERCENT AUTOS RECOVERED

RECOVERED
66.4%

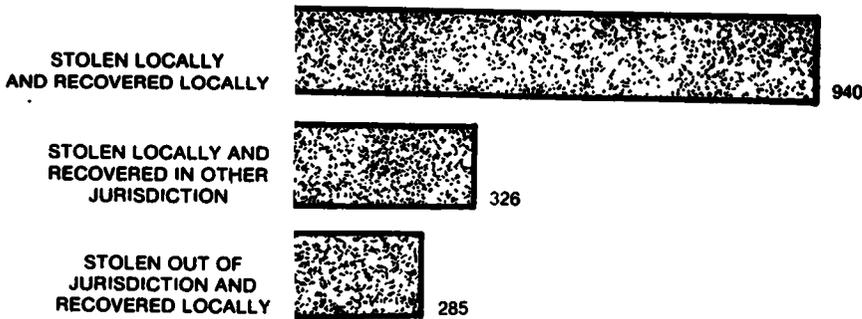


NOT RECOVERED
33.6%

AUTO THEFT VALUE



AUTOMOBILES RECOVERED

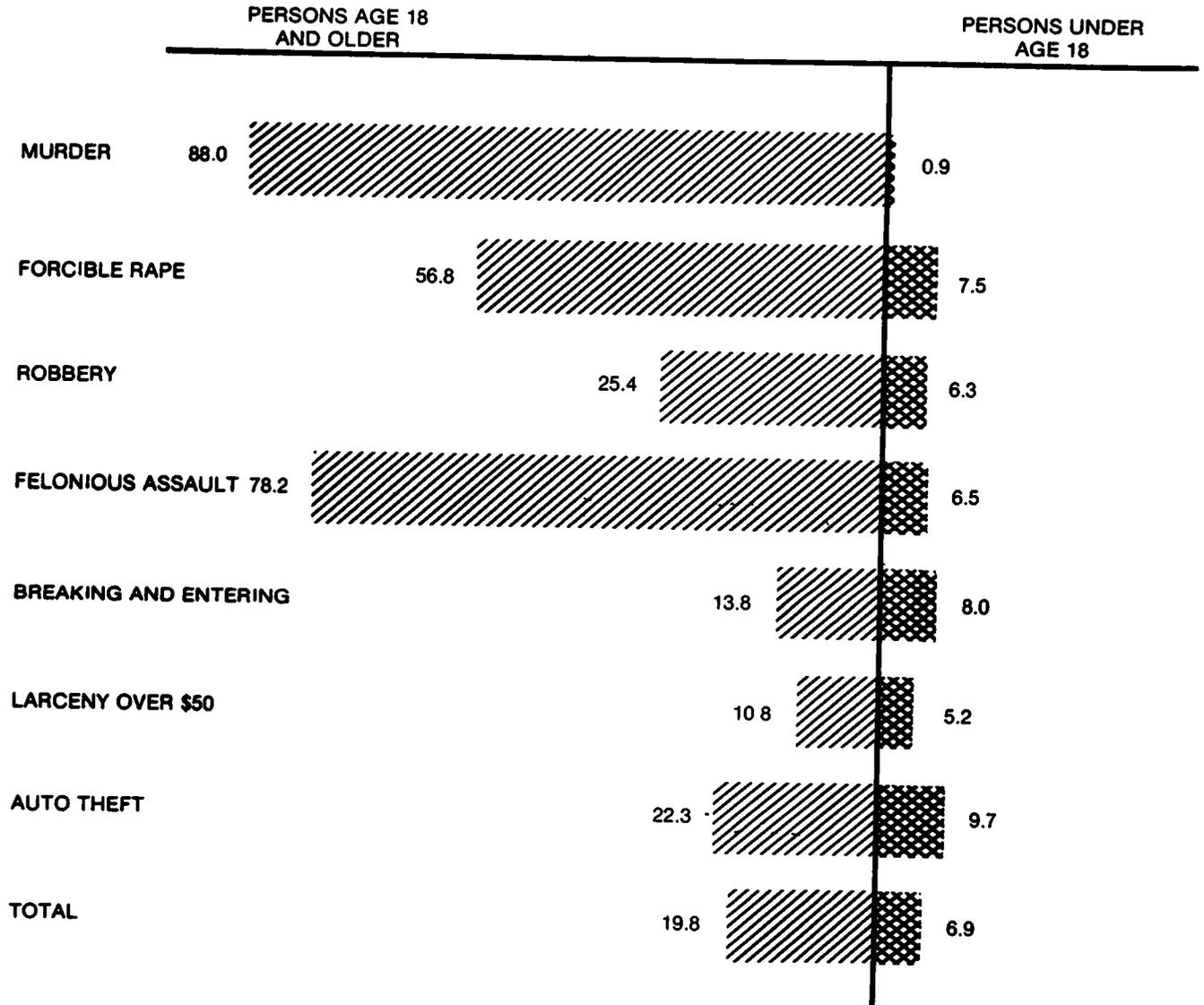


**WEST VIRGINIA
CRIME INDEX
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1972**

OFFENSES	Number of All Offenses	Number of Index Offenses	Rate Per 100,000 Inhabitants For Index Offenses	Percent of Distribution of Index Offenses	Percent of Index Offenses Cleared
MURDER	108	108	6.2	.6	89.0
MANSLAUGHTER	438	—	—	—	—
FORCIBLE RAPE	146	146	8.3	.8	64.4
Rape by Force	99	—	—	—	—
Assaults to Rape-Attempts	47	—	—	—	—
ROBBERY	556	556	31.7	3.0	31.7
Armed-Any Weapon	267	—	—	—	—
Strong Arm-No Weapon	289	—	—	—	—
ASSAULT-FELONIOUS	2,632	1,484	84.7	8.1	84.8
Gun	255	—	—	—	—
Knife or Cutting Instrument	234	—	—	—	—
Other Dangerous Weapon	214	—	—	—	—
Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.-Aggr.	781	—	—	—	—
Other Assaults-Not Aggrav.	1,148	—	—	—	—
BREAKING & ENTERING	7,192	7,192	410.5	39.0	21.7
Forcible Entry	5,800	—	—	—	—
Unlawful Entry-No Force	944	—	—	—	—
Attempted Forcible Entry	448	—	—	—	—
LARCENY—THEFT	13,650	7,038	401.7	38.2	16.0
\$50 and Over in Value	7,038	—	—	—	—
Under \$50 in Value	6,612	—	—	—	—
AUTO THEFT	1,907	1,907	108.0	10.3	32.0
TOTAL FOR WEST VIRGINIA	22,629	18,431	1052.0	100.0	32.0

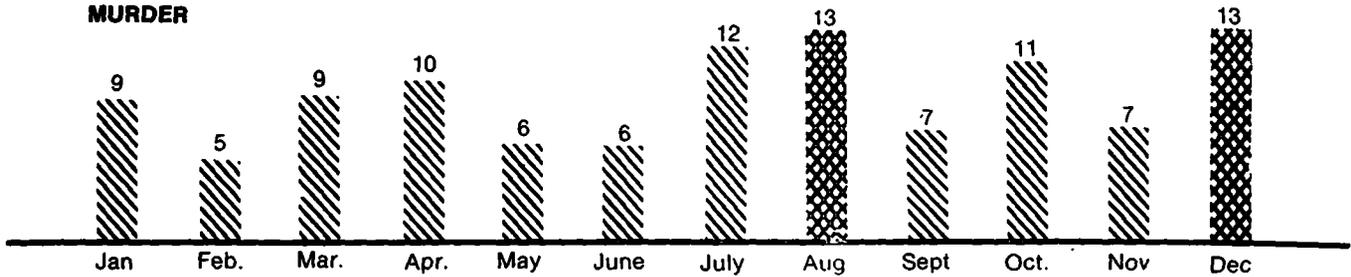
PERCENT ANALYSIS OF INDEX OFFENSES CLEARED BY ARREST

January - December, 1972

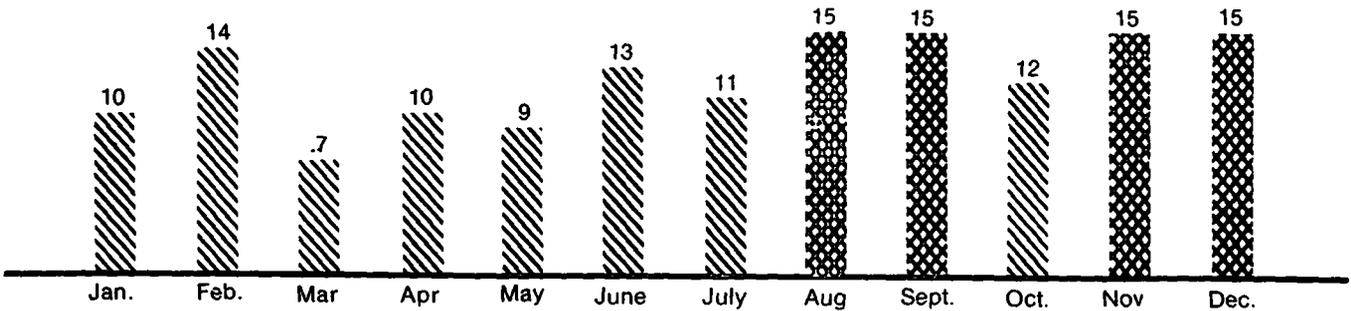


MONTHLY FLUCTUATION OF INDEX CRIMES
January - December, 1972
VIOLENT CRIME

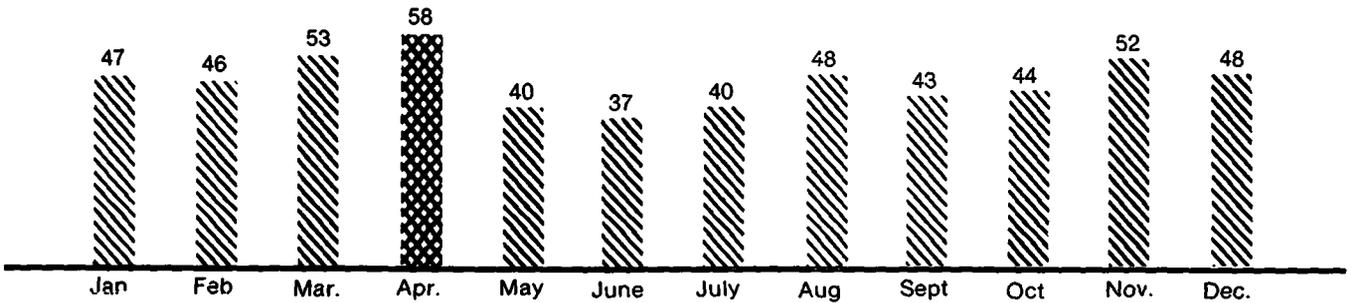
MURDER



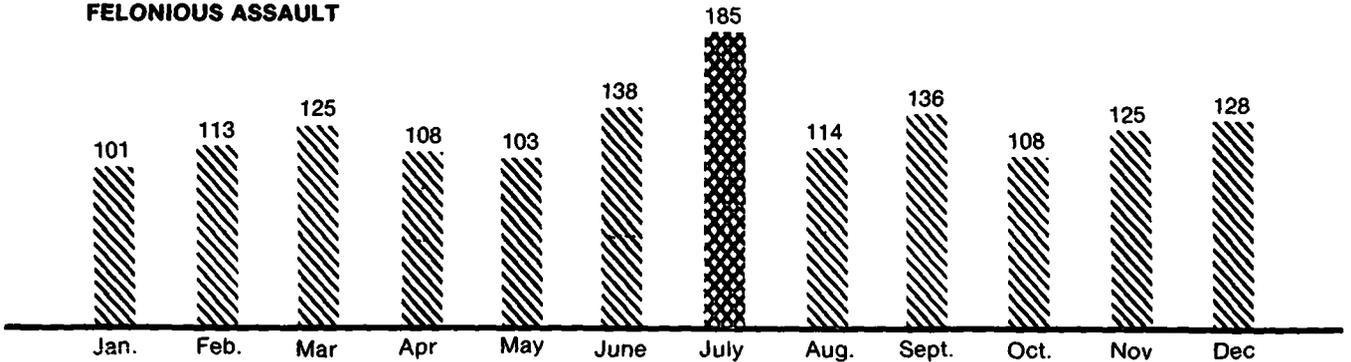
FORCIBLE RAPE



ROBBERY



FELONIOUS ASSAULT



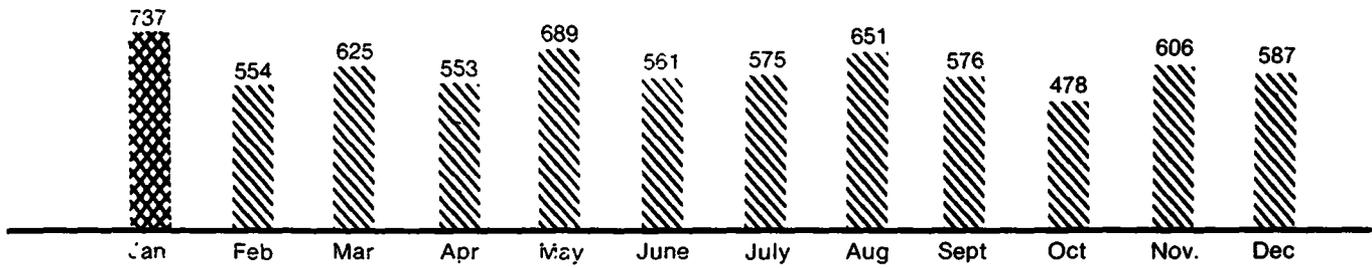
HIGH MONTHS

MONTHLY FLUCTUATION OF INDEX CRIMES

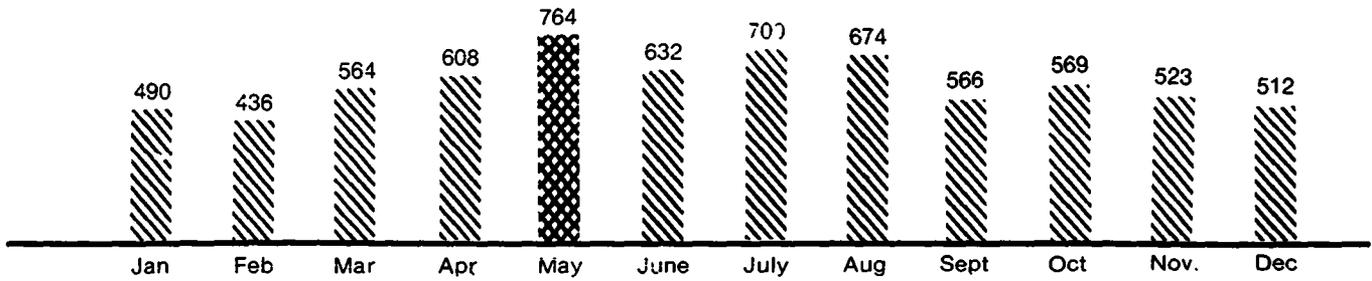
January - December, 1972

PROPERTY CRIME

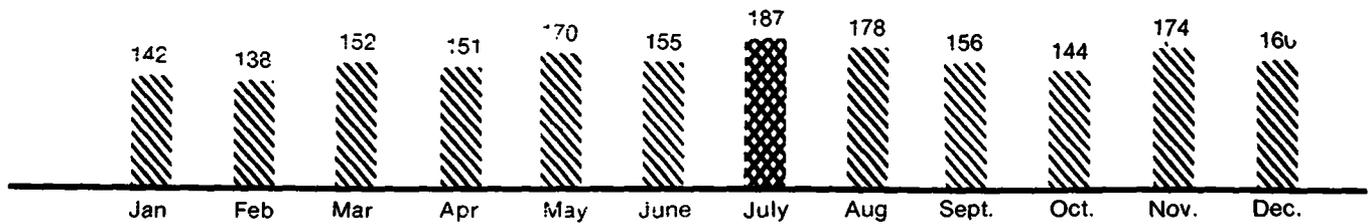
BREAKING AND ENTERING



LARCENY OVER \$50



AUTO THEFT



 HIGH MONTHS

**WEST VIRGINIA
ARREST DATA**

West Virginia Arrest Information

The West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program requires the daily and monthly reporting of data concerning persons arrested in the state. A record of total arrest activity for criminal acts in both Part I and Part II Crime Classes is received from 263 county, state and municipal law enforcement agencies and is analyzed and arranged according to age, sex and race of persons arrested. Traffic arrests except Driving While Intoxicated are not reported. A total of 63,096 arrests for Part I and Part II criminal acts were reported during 1972. Based on 1972 population estimates, this represents a statewide arrest rate of 3,601.3 arrests per each 100,000 persons in West Virginia.

A person is counted on the monthly arrest report each time he is arrested or summonsed. It should be kept in mind that the volume of arrests may vary from time to time due to the differences in local arrest procedures and policies. It should be noted that a person may be arrested several times during a given month for the same or different offenses. This occurs frequently for such crimes as drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and similar offenses. A juvenile is counted as "arrested" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult, an arrest would be counted or when police or other official action beyond a mere interview, warning or admonishment is taken.

Arrest figures do not indicate the number of individuals arrested or summonsed since, as has been pointed out, one person may be arrested several times during the month. However, arrest information is useful in measuring the extent of law enforcement activity in a given geographical area as well as providing an index for measuring the involvement in criminal acts by the age, sex and race of the perpetrators.

10.9 percent of all reported arrests for 1972 were for Part I Offenses (murder, manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, felonious assault, breaking and entering, larceny-theft and auto theft). Analysis of total Part I Arrests indicates that larceny comprised the highest percent of all arrests for Part I Crimes, amounting to 47.2 percent. The highest percent of arrests for Part II Offenses involved the drunkenness category, amounting to 56.3 percent of all reported arrests for Part II Crimes.

Violent Crime

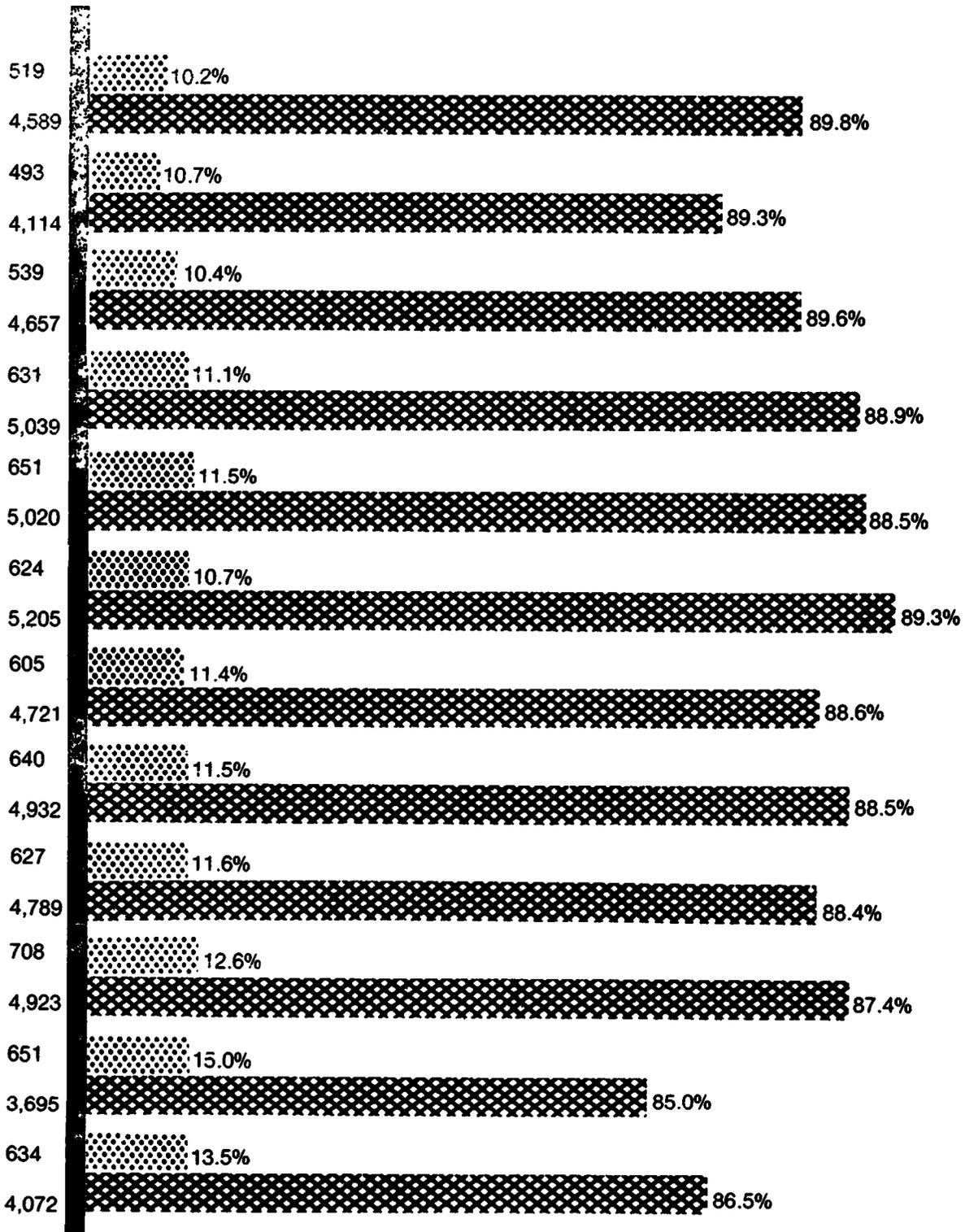
Arrests for crimes of violence (murder, forcible rape, robbery, and felonious assault) on a statewide basis amounted to 17.9 percent of all arrests for the Part I Offenses and 1.9 percent of the total arrests for all other offenses. A further evaluation indicates that arrests for felonious assault were the most frequent, representing 61.6 percent of the total arrests for violent crimes.

COMPARISON OF ADULT AND JUVENILE ARRESTS

January - December
1972

ADULTS (AGE 18 & OVER)

JUVENILE (UNDER 18)



Property Crime

Property Crime arrests (breaking and entering, larceny-theft and auto theft) comprised 80.9 percent of all arrests for Part I Offenses and 8.9 percent of all arrests.

The highest percentage of property crime arrests, 58.3 percent, occurred in the larceny category.

Narcotic Drug Law Arrests

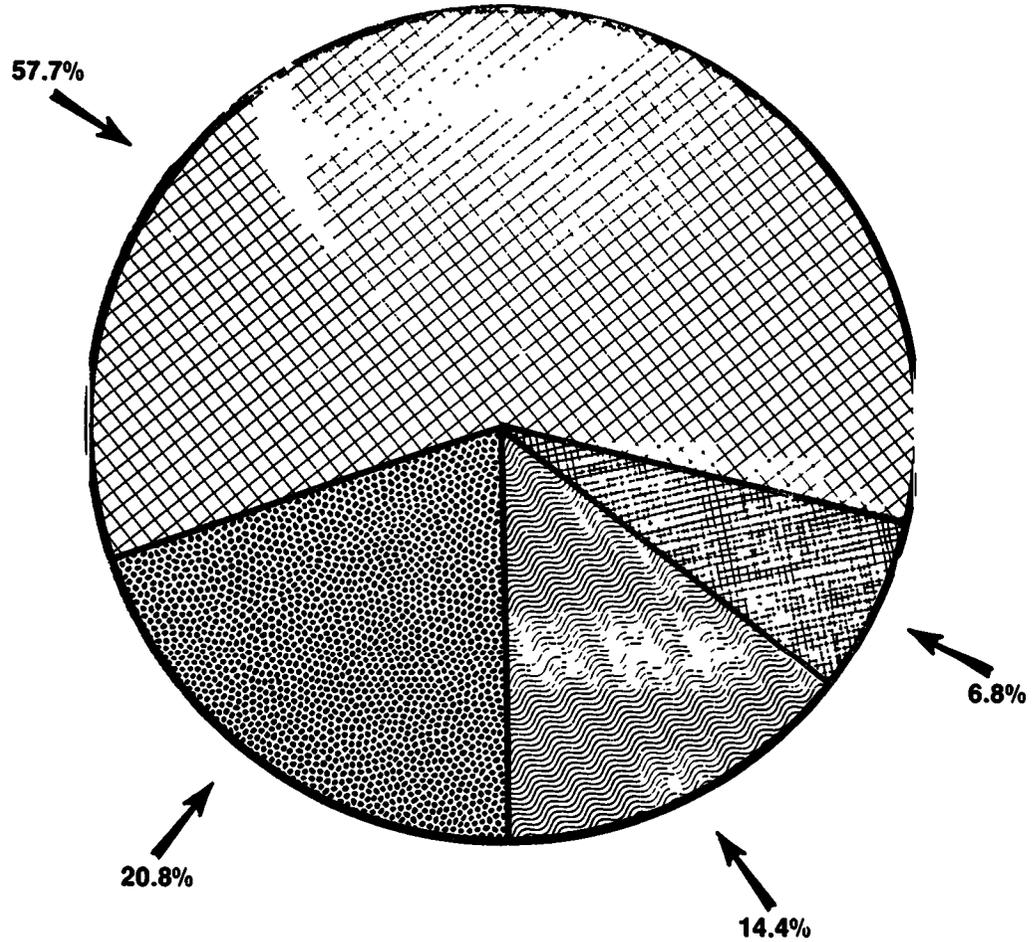
Information concerning arrests for narcotic drug law violations is collected and analyzed according to specific drug categories. Evaluation of data reported for 1972 disclosed that 53.9 percent of all persons arrested for narcotic drug law violations were under the age of 21. More than 21.0 percent of those arrested were under 18. Analysis of individual drug categories showed that the highest percent of arrests, 57.7 percent, involved marijuana. The lowest percentage of all arrests occurred in the synthetic narcotics category, amounting to only 6.8 percent.

Gambling Arrests

Arrests for gambling offenses during 1972 amounted to 0.8 percent of all reported arrests for Part I and Part II Offenses. 93.4 percent of those arrested for gambling were males. Persons under the age of 18 made up 0.8 percent of all gambling arrests. While the highest percent of arrests, 12.3 percent, occurred in the 40-44 age category.

ANALYSIS OF NARCOTIC DRUG LAW ARRESTS

January - December
1972

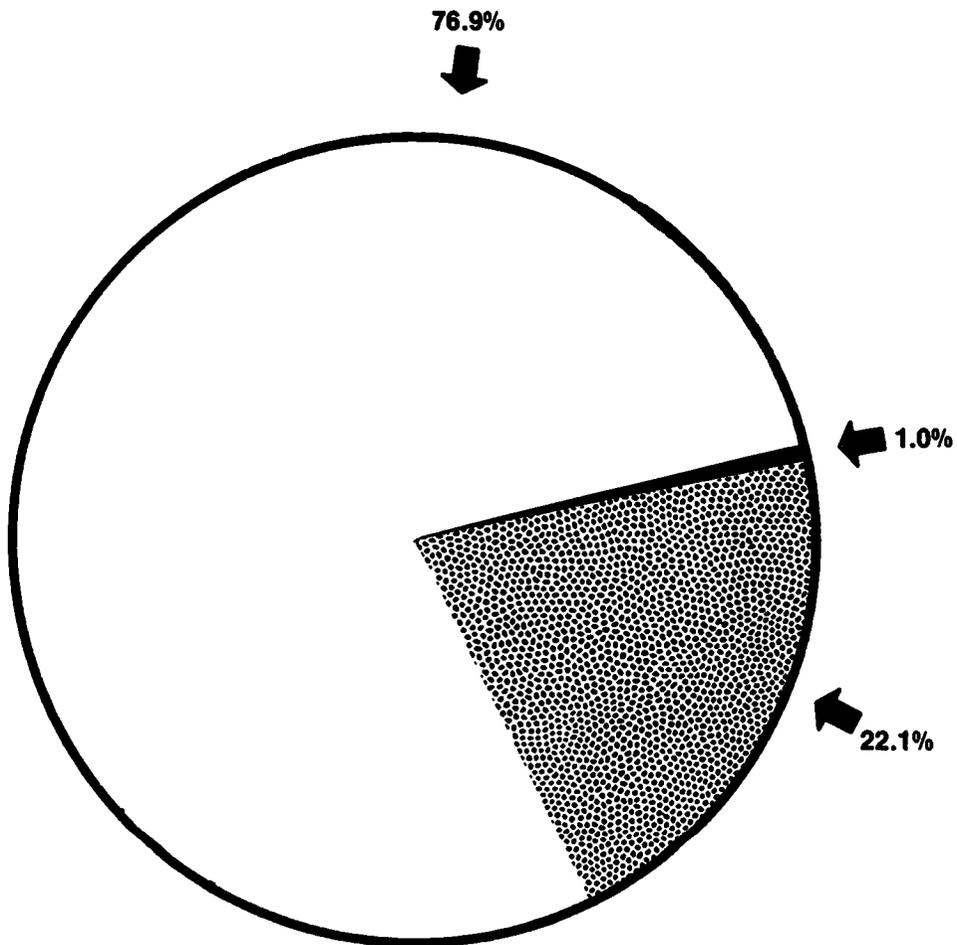


-  Opium, Cocaine and its derivatives
-  Marijauna
-  Synthetic narcotics
-  Other non-narcotic drugs

ANALYSIS OF GAMBLING ARRESTS

JANUARY — DECEMBER

1972



- 5  BOOKMAKING—HORSE & SPORTS BOOKS
- 110  NUMBERS AND LOTTERY
- 382  ALL OTHER GAMBLING

TOTAL WEST VIRGINIA ARRESTS

January - December, 1972

Offenses	Number of Arrests	Percent Distribution	Rate Per 100,000 Inhabitants
Murder	106	0.2	6.1
Manslaughter	88	0.1	5.0
Forcible Rape	102	0.2	5.8
Robbery	262	0.4	15.0
Felonious Assault	754	1.2	43.0
Breaking and Entering	1,786	2.8	101.9
Larceny - Theft	3,231	5.1	184.4
Auto Theft	523	0.8	30.0
Subtotal for Part I Offenses	6,852	10.9	391.1
Other Assaults	2,621	4.2	149.6
Arson	47	0.0	2.7
Forgery and Counterfeiting	357	0.6	20.4
Fraud	1,107	1.8	63.2
Embezzlement	36	0.0	2.1
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	279	0.4	15.9
Vandalism	585	0.9	33.4
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, etc.	781	1.2	44.6
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	107	0.2	6.1
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	181	0.3	10.3
Narcotic Drug Laws	783	1.2	44.7
Gambling	497	0.8	28.4
Offenses Against Family and Children	769	1.2	43.9
Driving Under the Influence	4,642	7.4	265.0
Liquor Laws	617	1.0	35.2
Drunkenness	31,690	50.2	1,808.8
Disorderly Conduct	2,038	3.2	116.3
Vagrancy	115	0.2	6.6
All Other (Except Traffic)	7,477	11.9	426.8
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	625	1.0	35.7
Runaways	890	1.4	50.8
Subtotal for Part II Offenses	56,244	89.1	3,210.2
TOTAL For West Virginia	63,096	100.0	3,601.3

TOTAL ARRESTS BY AGE
January - December, 1972

Offenses	10 and Under	11-12	13-14	15	16	17	Total Under 18
Murder		1				2	3
Manslaughter			1	4	2	4	11
Forcible Rape	1			2	4	7	14
Robbery	4	4	6	6	9	26	55
Felonious Assault	5	14	15	20	20	39	113
Breaking and Entering	26	78	260	180	207	204	955
Larceny - Theft	72	136	304	250	303	267	1,332
Auto Theft	2	6	40	49	63	79	239
Subtotal for Part I Offenses	110	239	626	511	608	628	2,722
Other Assaults	8	28	40	37	53	60	226
Arson	2	1	5	1	6	2	17
Forgery and Counterfeiting			1	10	14	17	42
Fraud			3		5	4	12
Embezzlement				1		1	2
Stolen Property Buying, Receiving, Possession	6	10	23	17	14	21	91
Vandalism	29	35	58	42	76	53	293
Weapons Carrying, Possession, etc	1		10	8	11	15	45
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice					3		3
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape & Prostitution)		3	7	2	4	14	30
Narcotic Drug Laws	1	1	9	19	46	89	165
Gambling						4	4
Offenses Against Family and Children	1	4	5	6	4	7	27
Driving Under the Influence				2	7	32	41
Liquor Laws				3	10	8	21
Drunkenness		4	47	112	205	332	700
Disorderly Conduct	7	14	51	41	74	96	283
Vagrancy		1	3	2	3	2	11
All Other (Except Traffic)	25	87	252	221	254	265	1,084
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	6	20	136	170	139	154	625
Runaways	16	38	227	251	212	146	890
Subtotal for Part II Offenses	102	246	877	945	1,120	1,328	4,618
TOTAL for West Virginia	212	485	1,503	1,456	1,728	1,956	7,340

TOTAL ARRESTS BY AGE January - December, 1972

18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 and Over	Total 18 and Over
4	2	1	2	7	5	7	13	19	2	15	6	8	3	4	5	103
5	6	4	3	2	3	2	12	12	5	6	8	2		3	4	77
7	9	7	3	6	8	8	18	6	6	5	2				3	88
19	28	11	12	25	16	17	26	17	16	11	3	3	2	1		207
28	27	34	39	32	39	29	104	74	53	46	48	33	25	11	19	641
144	96	77	77	83	48	42	99	66	53	19	12	9	2	3	1	831
278	214	180	129	109	91	70	204	140	114	90	83	74	49	29	45	1,899
46	36	23	27	19	19	12	35	30	14	7	9		2	2	3	284
531	418	337	292	283	229	187	511	364	263	199	171	129	83	53	80	4,130
117	110	128	122	121	116	132	400	288	222	233	151	110	70	34	41	2,395
1	1	2	2	2	2	2	7	3	3	2				1	2	30
10	10	28	22	16	12	29	47	34	48	30	17	6	2	3	1	315
21	30	34	37	47	69	75	230	186	125	104	58	44	16	12	7	1,095
1	1	1	2	3			7	14	4	1						34
23	15	12	17	17	8	12	23	19	13	13	8	5	3			188
44	40	30	22	17	12	16	35	24	15	12	13	5	3	2	2	292
24	43	40	25	37	29	27	115	85	59	72	61	45	28	16	30	736
4	13	12	13	9	11	1	22	2	5	2	5	1	2	1	1	104
7	7	8	10	9	11	8	25	14	17	10	10	6	2	5	2	151
71	89	97	85	61	51	28	78	27	9	14	7	1				618
7	8	7	12	12	9	15	56	54	48	61	52	55	37	33	27	493
40	28	34	33	25	15	12	128	95	84	79	50	34	16	12	5	742
82	98	113	162	151	150	155	619	560	552	565	495	406	229	160	104	4,601
14	7	5	9	8	11	8	55	55	55	72	11	76	56	49	51	596
732	823	893	792	830	797	824	2,933	2,859	3,121	3,804	4,131	3,311	2,506	1,451	1,083	30,990
134	159	141	93	109	84	84	231	170	128	130	109	66	11	26	30	1,755
4	5	3	4	4	5	2	10	13	11	7	13	6	1	5	4	98
365	361	385	336	318	287	254	925	810	650	565	392	329	169	113	113	6,393
1,701	1,848	1,973	1,798	1,799	1,701	1,711	5,946	5,312	5,169	5,776	5,637	4,607	3,202	1,943	1,503	51,626
2,232	2,266	2,310	2,090	2,082	1,930	1,898	6,457	5,676	5,432	5,975	5,808	4,736	3,285	1,943	1,583	55,756

TOTAL ARRESTS BY SEX
January - December, 1972

Offenses	Persons Arrested		Percent Male	Percent Female
	Male	Female		
Murder	92	14	86.8	13.2
Manslaughter	80	8	90.9	9.1
Forcible Rape	102	0	100.0	0.0
Robbery	244	18	93.1	6.9
Felonious Assault	672	82	89.1	10.9
Breaking and Entering	1,723	63	96.5	3.5
Larceny - Theft	2,422	809	75.0	25.0
Auto Theft	496	27	94.8	5.2
Subtotal for Part I Offenses	5,831	1,021	85.1	14.9
Other Assaults	2,345	276	89.5	10.5
Arson	40	7	85.1	14.9
Forgery and Counterfeiting	295	62	82.6	17.4
Fraud	770	337	69.6	30.4
Embezzlement	27	9	75.0	25.0
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving Possession	240	39	86.0	14.0
Vandalism	552	33	94.4	5.6
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, etc.	721	60	92.3	7.7
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	12	95	11.2	88.8
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	154	27	85.1	14.9
Narcotic Drug Laws	699	84	89.3	10.7
Gambling	464	33	93.4	6.6
Offenses Against Family and Children	719	50	93.5	6.5
Driving Under the Influence	4,457	185	96.0	4.0
Liquor Laws	489	128	79.3	20.7
Drunkenness	29,832	1,856	94.1	5.9
Disorderly Conduct	1,759	279	86.3	13.7
Vagrancy	72	43	62.6	37.4
All Other (Except Traffic)	6,286	1,191	84.1	15.9
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	481	144	77.0	23.0
Runaways	389	501	43.7	56.3
Subtotal for Part II Offenses	50,803	5,441	90.3	9.7
TOTAL for West Virginia	56,634	6,462	89.8	10.2

TOTAL ARRESTS BY RACE
January - December, 1972

Offenses	White	Negro	Indian	Chin- ese	Japan- ese	Other
Murder	82	24				
Manslaughter	83	4	1			
Forcible Rape	92	10				
Robbery	194	68				
Felonious Assault	616	138				
Breaking and Entering	1,637	149				
Larceny - Theft	2,792	435	1	1		2
Auto Theft	492	31				
Subtotal for Part I Offenses	5,988	859	2	1		2
Other Assaults	2,294	327				
Arson	43	4				
Forgery and Counterfeiting	320	37				
Fraud	1,073	34				
Embezzlement	35	1				
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	249	30				
Vandalism	556	29				
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, etc.	670	110	1			
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	74	33				
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape & Prost.)	159	22				
Narcotic Drug Laws	672	111				
Gambling	466	31				
Offenses Against Family and Children	721	48				
Driving Under the Influence	4,457	184		1		
Liquor Laws	536	81				
Drunkenness	30,155	1,534				1
Disorderly Conduct	1,801	237				
Vagrancy	112	3				
All Other (Except Traffic)	7,021	456				
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	583	42				
Runaways	856	34				
Subtotal for Part II Offenses	52,853	3,388	1	1		1
TOTAL for West Virginia	58,841	4,247	3	2		3

LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEE DATA

Police Employee Data

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program in West Virginia incorporates the collection of pertinent data relating to the police of the state. Information regarding police employee strength, distributions, assaults against law enforcement officers and circumstances surrounding the killing of police officers are discussed in this section.

This information is submitted by county, municipal and state law enforcement agencies and compiled on an annual basis. The 1972 figures represented in this section represent the first year such information has been made available on state-wide basis. Specific information concerning the number of law enforcement employees reflects the status as of December 31, 1972, and is limited to municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies currently reporting to the West Virginia UCR Program.

Law Enforcement Employee Rates

In 1972, the average number of full-time law enforcement officers (municipal police, state police and sheriffs), including civilian personnel, amounted to 129.5 employees for each 100,000 inhabitants of the state. The employee rate on the basis of sworn personnel only (excluding civilian employees) amounted to 108.7 per 100,000 persons.

The determination of police strength for any given area or municipality should be a subject for serious consideration. Such consideration, however, should be based on the numerous factors which create the need for police services. Some of these factors, discussed elsewhere in this publication, relate to size, density of population, geographic location, character, and proximity to metropolitan areas. The tables and charts shown in this section relate to reported police employee strength and should not be interpreted as recommended strength for any given municipality. Such determinations should be made after objectively evaluating the need for police services based on the above factors.

Civilian Employees

The personnel of each law enforcement agency differ as to the demands and responsibilities placed before them. Many police officers are fully occupied with clerical tasks and are not free to perform active police duties. This current upward trend in police agencies to perform clerical duties is in line with the thinking of many police administrators who recommend the use of civilians in this capacity, thus freeing the sworn personnel for actual police related services.

As of December 31, 1972, 16.0 percent of all police employees were civilians. Municipal police departments employed 162 civilians, amounting to 12.4 percent of their total work force. County sheriff's departments employed 105 civilians, which accounted for 18.7 percent of their total work force. State police reported that they employed 97 civilians, amounting to 24.4 percent of their work force.

Municipal Police Officers

As of December 31, 1972, there were 1,146 full-time sworn personnel employed by municipal police departments in West Virginia. This amounts to a ratio of 156.7 sworn officers for each 100,000 inhabitants (urban population only).

County Sheriff's Department

At the conclusion of 1972, there were 458 sheriffs and deputies employed in West Virginia's 55 counties. This amounted to a rate of 44.9 sworn personnel per 100,000 population. The computation of the ratio of sworn personnel is based on the population of the rural areas of the counties and not on the entire county census.

In an attempt at comparisons of employment levels of individual sheriff's departments with other agencies, consideration must be given to certain functions that are particular to a sheriff's department. The function of county sheriff's departments vary widely throughout the state. The operation of one sheriff's department may be limited exclusively to civil areas and the administration of the county jail, or they may be actively involved in criminal matters throughout the county. These functions are usually performed by sworn personnel, thereby presenting a misleading picture of the actual enforcement strength of the department.

State Police

The West Virginia State Police is empowered to provide all phases of law enforcement throughout the state. The Department of Public Safety employed a total of 29.4 sworn officers per 100,000 population (rural only).

Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted

The killing or assault of a police officer has an effect on society which reaches far beyond the overt act. Such occurrences constitute an immediate threat to the well being of the community and a serious breach of the internal security of the country. Today, a young man who considers a career in law enforcement must also consider the very strong possibility of being killed or assaulted by a member of the very same society he is sworn to protect. This deplorable situation should be a subject of serious public concern, for in truth, an attack on a police officer is an attack on society. The violence directed against law enforcement officers acting in the line of duty is clearly demonstrated by the following summary information:

A total of 300 law enforcement officers in West Virginia were reported assaulted in the line of duty during 1972.

The rate of assaults on law enforcement officers for the state was 15.8 assaults for every 100 sworn officers. The assault rate for municipal police departments amounted to 20.0 per 100 officers with a rate for county sheriff's of 3.5 per 100 officers and the State Police rate was 18.3 per 100 officers.

Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were used in 87.3 percent of all assaults on law enforcement officers.

The greatest number of assaults, 50.0 percent, occurred while officers were attempting other arrests.

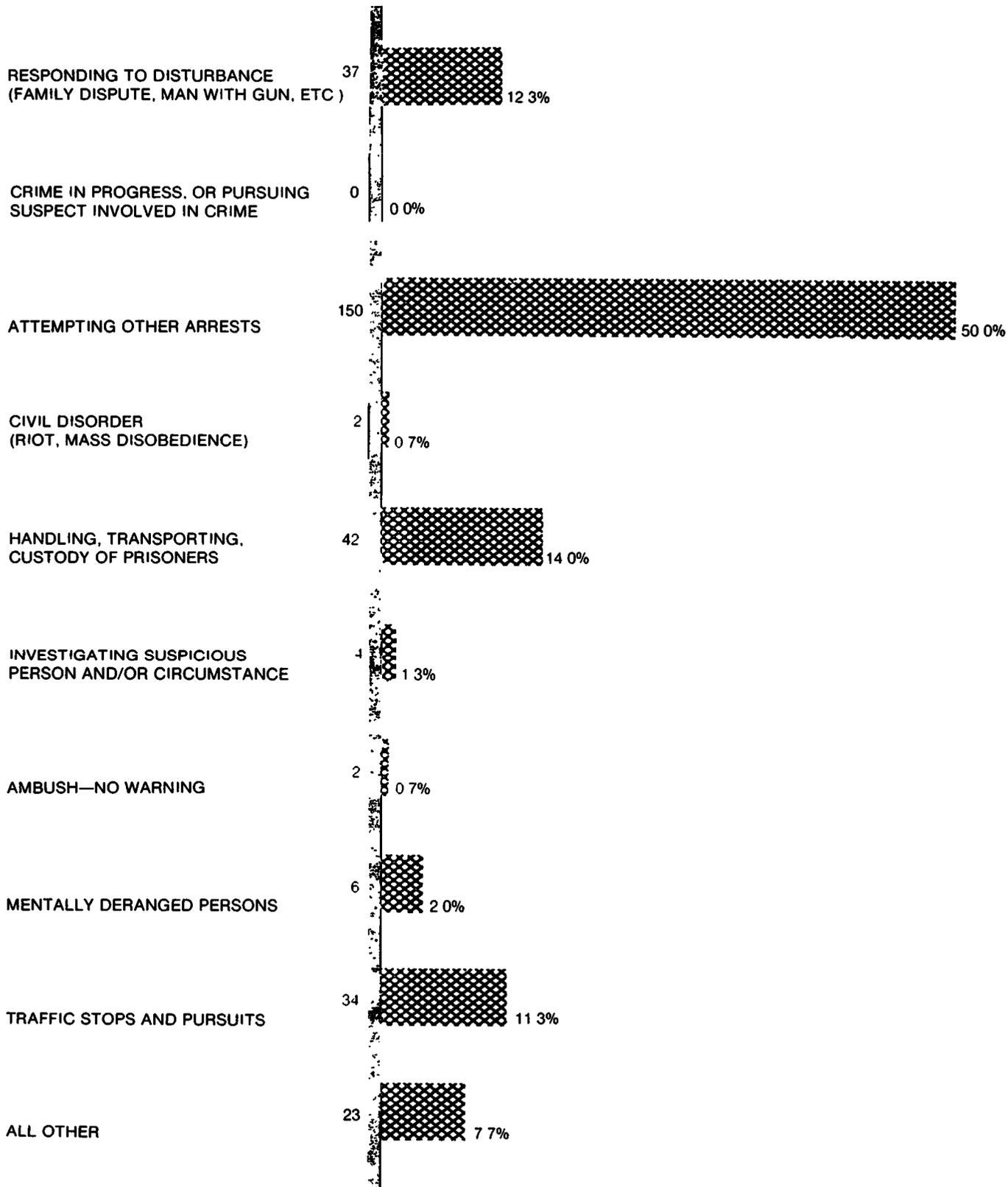
A total of 253 assaults on law enforcement officers were cleared during 1972 amounting to a 84.3 percent clearance rate.

Law Enforcement Officers Killed

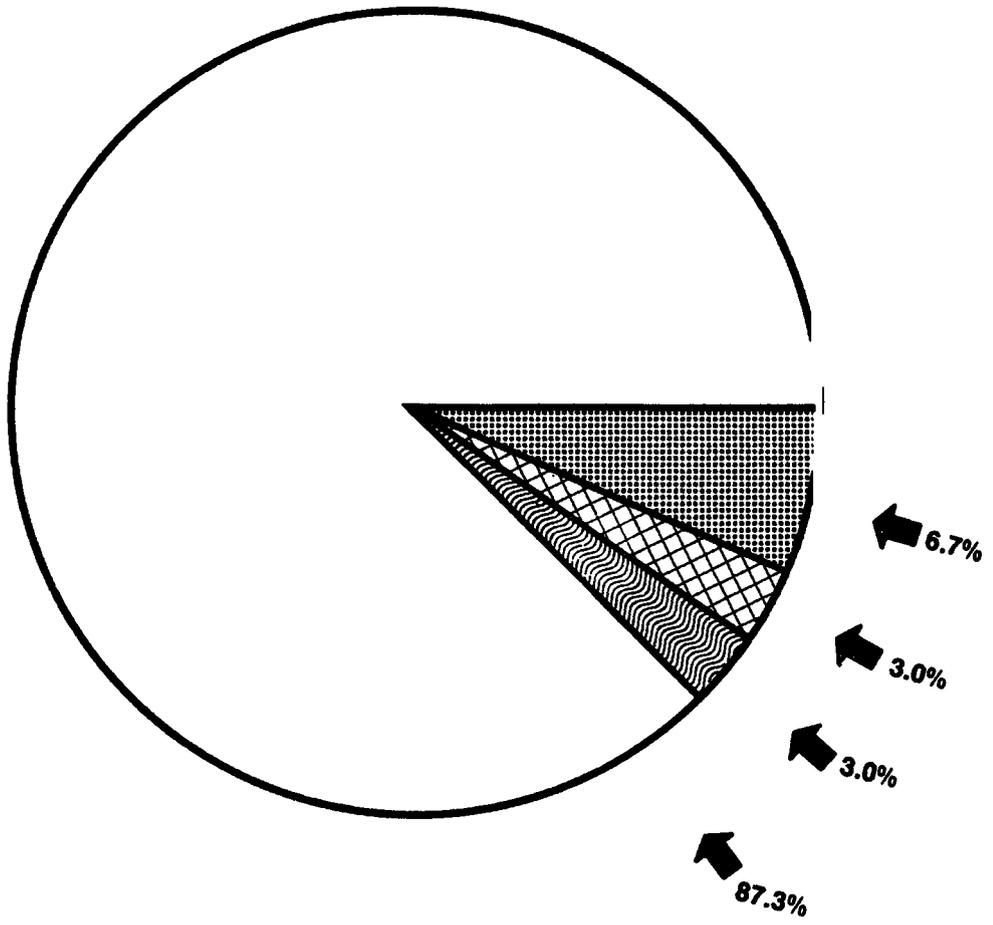
A total of two law enforcement officers in West Virginia lost their lives in the line of duty during 1972.

A police chief was killed by a blast from a .12 gauge shotgun while attempting to serve a warrant. The second officer, a constable, was shot and killed with a .38 caliber pistol while serving a misdemeanor warrant.

**ANALYSIS OF ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS 1972
—PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY—**



**WEST VIRGINIA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS ASSAULTED
—BY TYPE OF WEAPON USED—
1972**



WEAPON USED

262  HANDS, FIST, FEET, ETC.

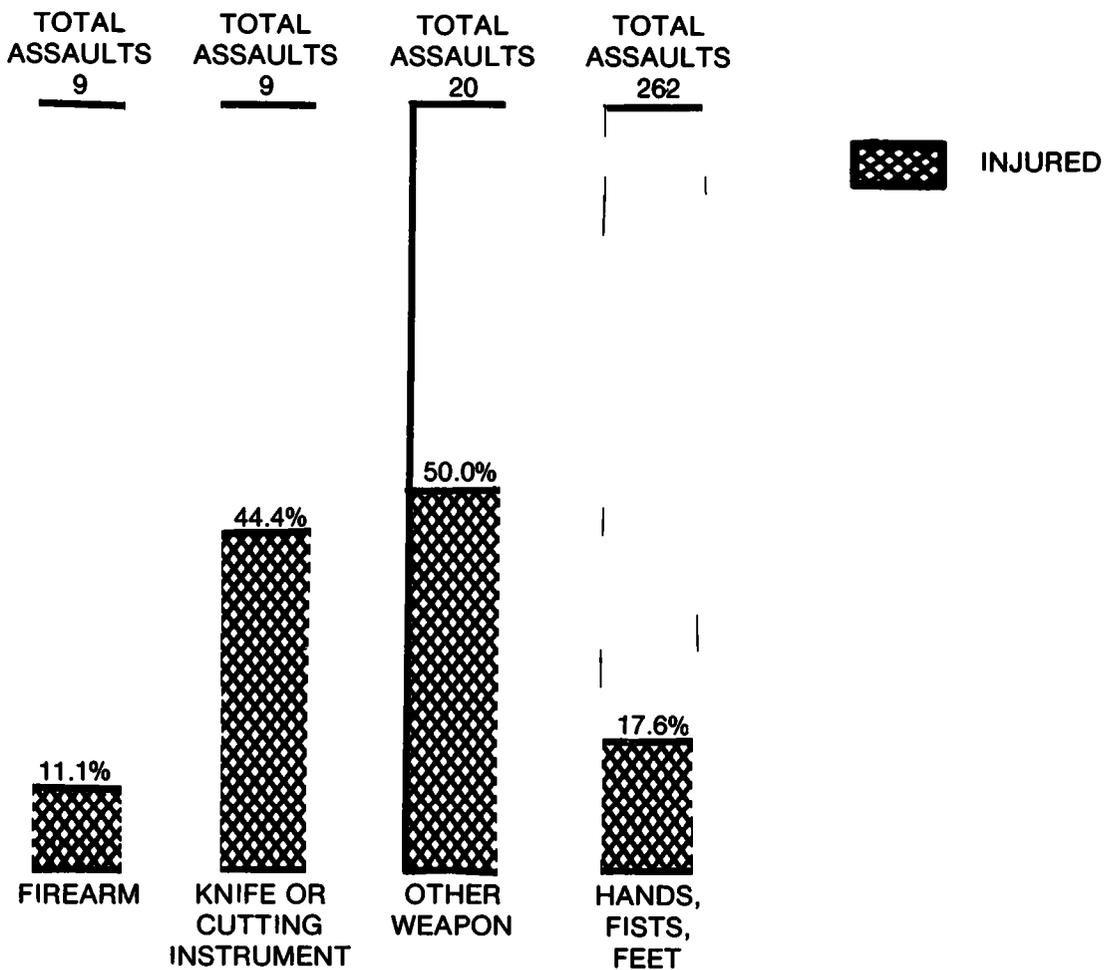
20  OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPON

9  KNIFE OR CUTTING INSTRUMENT

9  FIREARM

TOTAL ASSAULTS 300

ANALYSIS OF ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
Assaults with Personal Injury, By Type of Weapon

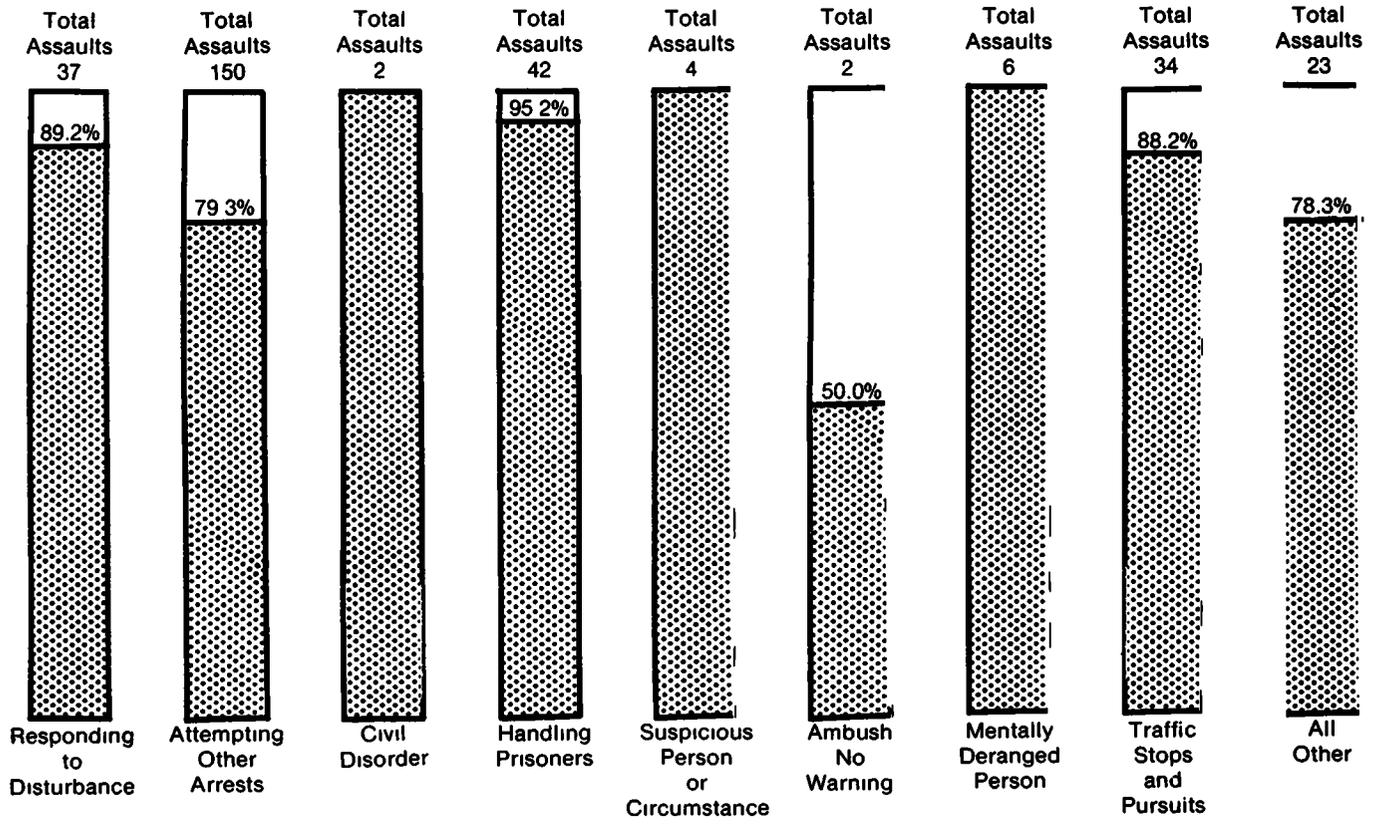


ASSAULTS BY TIME

Time of Assault	A.M.	P.M.
12:01 - 2:00	42	13
2:01 - 4:00	48	12
4:01 - 6:00	9	20
6:01 - 8:00	7	24
8:01 - 10:00	7	68
10:01 - 12:00	3	47
TOTAL	116	184

ANALYSIS OF ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

Percent of Assaults Cleared—By Circumstance



 PERCENT CLEARED

**WEST VIRGINIA
OFFENSE DATA
STATE-COUNTY-MUNICIPAL**

The computer generated output tables contained within this section were designed to facilitate quick reference of statistical crime information relative to the different reporting areas of the State of West Virginia. The data contained in each of the series of reports will be detailed on a page preceding each listing.

Each report is listed in county alphabetical sequence. Within each county additional information is detailed by reporting area, agency type and contributor. The general identifying descriptions are listed and defined as follows:

(Name) County Total—This line indicates the total activity of all reporting agencies within the indicated county. It may be expressed mathematically as:

County Total = Municipal + State Police + Sheriff

or

County Total = Municipal + Rural

Rural—This line indicates the total activity that was reported by rural law enforcement agencies within the indicated reporting area. It may be expressed mathematically as:

Rural = State + Sheriff

Sheriff—This line indicates the total activity reported by sheriff's offices within the indicated reporting area.

State Police—This line indicates the total activity reported by all State Police Detachments within the indicated reporting area. It may be expressed mathematically as:

State Police = State Police Detachment 1 + SPD2 + SPD3 + . . .

Municipal—This line indicates the total activity reported by all municipal law enforcement agencies within the indicated reporting area. It may be expressed mathematically as:

Municipal = Municipality 1 + M2 + M3 + . . .

(City Name) Police Department—This line indicates the total activity reported by the individually specified police department.

CRIME INDEX REPORT

The tabulations in this section indicate the volume and distribution of crime in West Virginia on the basis of a crime rate.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program utilizes seven crime classifications to establish a rate to measure the trend and distribution of crime. The number of actual offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery, felonious assault, burglary, larceny \$50 and over in value and auto theft are reflected in this report. The number of actual offenses of manslaughter and larceny - theft under \$50 in value are not index offenses thus counts of these offenses are not considered in this report.

Each heading contained in this report is defined below:

Population—estimated population of the indicated reporting area. This information, representative of the year 1972, was provided thru the assistance of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the United States Bureau of Census.

Total Offenses—This is the sum total of the seven index offenses.

Total Cleared—The sum total of the seven index offenses cleared.

Percent Cleared—The percentage of index offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional clearance. The mathematical formula may be expressed as follows:

$$\text{Percent Cleared} = \frac{\text{Total Offenses Cleared}}{\text{Total Actual Offenses Reported}} \times 100$$

Crime Rate—This is sometimes referred to as a victim risk rate and is representative of the number of index offenses per 1,000 population.

Example - A crime rate of 10.00 would imply that 10.00 persons of each 1,000 population were the victim of an index offense.

The mathematical formula for calculating the crime rate of any reporting area may be expressed as follows:

$$\text{Crime Rate} = \frac{1,000}{\text{Area Population}} = \text{Reciprocal} \times \text{Total Actual Offenses}$$

$$\text{Crime Rate} = \frac{\text{Total Actual Offenses}}{\text{Area Population}} \times 1,000$$

The remaining columns of the report indicate the number of actual index offenses reported by category.

13650

COUNTY		POPULATION	WEST VIRGINIA CRIME RATE	VIRGINIA TOTAL OFFENSES	U.S. CRIME INDEX TOTAL CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED	REPORT MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	FEL ASSTLT	BREAK AND ENTER	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER	AUTO THEFT
WEST VIRGINIA	TOTAL	1,772,000	6.50	11,461	5662	32.37	108	146	556	1484	7192	7038	1907
	RURAL				2,500	36.11	75	91	114	696	3521	2337	720
	SHERIFF'S				2677	672	4	26	34	168	1066	618	161
	STATE POLICE				5472	1988	71	65	80	528	2455	1714	559
	MUNICIPAL	131,234	14.79	10882	3202	29.70	33	55	442	788	3671	4706	1187
BARBOUR COUNTY	TOTAL	14,759	4.27	63	24	40.00	0	2	1	0	31	21	5
	RURAL	9,272		56	21	37.50	0	2	1	0	27	21	5
	SHERIFF				12	100.00	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
	STATE POLICE				41	12	0	2	1	0	18	14	5
	MUNICIPAL	4,707	4.35	4	3	75.00	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
	BELINGTON PD	1,567	4.63	1	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	PHILIPPI PD	2,620	4.93	3	3	100.00	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
BERKELEY COUNTY	TOTAL	24,769	10.17	550	111	19.82	1	0	3	38	258	223	35
	RURAL	22,573	17.67	359	95	26.46	1	0	1	37	207	197	26
	SHERIFF				69	27.58	0	0	0	37	166	114	14
	STATE POLICE				74	6	1	0	1	0	41	18	13
	MUNICIPAL	15,192	10.46	159	16	10.06	0	0	2	6	51	91	9
	MARTINSBURG PD	15,192	10.46	159	16	10.06	0	0	2	6	51	91	9
BOONE COUNTY	TOTAL	24,417	5.41	139	84	62.68	0	0	3	16	64	35	16
	RURAL	21,294	5.25	112	76	67.85	0	0	1	13	55	31	12
	SHERIFF				13	130.76	0	0	0	5	5	3	0
	STATE POLICE				99	59	0	0	1	8	50	28	12
	MUNICIPAL	3,123	7.04	22	8	36.36	0	0	2	3	9	4	4
	MADISON PD	2,342	7.68	10	7	38.88	0	0	1	3	6	4	4
	WHITESVILLE PD	781	5.12	4	1	25.00	0	0	1	0	3	0	0
BRAXTON COUNTY	TOTAL	12,309	5.60	69	45	65.21	0	1	0	6	24	33	5
	RURAL	10,025	5.98	60	34	56.66	0	1	0	3	22	29	4
	SHERIFF				19	5	0	0	0	0	10	8	1
	STATE POLICE				41	29	0	1	0	3	12	21	4
	MUNICIPAL	2,284	3.94	9	11	122.22	0	0	0	3	2	4	0
	GASSAWAY PD	1,253	3.99	5	10	200.00	0	0	0	3	2	0	0
	SUTTON PD	1,031	3.67	4	1	25.00	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
BROOKE COUNTY	TOTAL	29,098	7.27	216	96	25.92	0	1	10	7	54	76	23
	RURAL	21,211	5.96	127	42	33.07	0	1	6	4	63	35	18
	SHERIFF				116	39	0	1	6	3	54	35	17
	STATE POLICE				11	3	0	0	0	1	9	0	1
	MUNICIPAL	8,487	10.48	89	14	15.73	0	0	4	3	36	41	5
	FOLLANSBEE PD	3,885	6.69	26	1	3.84	0	0	1	1	9	15	0
	WELLSBURG PD	4,602	13.68	63	13	20.63	0	0	3	2	27	26	5
WABELL COUNTY	TOTAL	107,386	25.28	2716	884	32.84	8	23	140	369	861	1080	235
	RURAL	36,244	9.02	327	48	15.59	3	4	7	7	151	134	21
	SHERIFF				17	3	0	0	1	0	6	10	0
	STATE POLICE				310	45	3	4	6	7	145	124	21
	MUNICIPAL	71,142	33.56	2389	836	35.20	5	19	133	362	710	946	214
	BARBOURSVILLE PD	2,279	3.51	8	1	12.50	0	0	0	0	4	4	0
	HUNTINGTON PD	67,266	35.32	2377	833	35.25	5	19	133	361	706	941	212
	MILTON PD	1,597	2.50	4	2	50.00	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
ALMOH COUNTY	TOTAL	7,125	2.38	17	8	47.05	0	1	0	2	5	9	0
	RURAL	6,330	2.36	15	7	46.66	0	1	0	2	5	7	0
	SHERIFF				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE				15	7	0	1	0	2	5	7	0
	MUNICIPAL	795	2.51	2	1	50.00	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
	GRANTSVILLE PD	795	2.51	2	1	50.00	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
LAY COUNTY	TOTAL	9,206	6.73	62	25	41.93	2	2	0	3	36	15	4

	POPULATION	WEST CRIME RATE	VIRGINIA TOTAL OFFENSES	U C R TOTAL CLEARED	CRIME INDEX PERCENT CLEARED	REPORT MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	FEL ASLTT	BREAK AND ENTER	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER	AUTO THEFT
RURAL	6,727	7.16	62	25	41.93	2	2	0	3	36	15	4
SHERIFF			1	0	.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
STATE POLICE			61	25	42.62	2	2	0	3	35	15	4
MUNICIPAL	479	.66	0	1	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLAY PD	475	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DODDRIDGE COUNTY TOTAL	9,397	3.96	25	21	34.50	0	0	0	0	19	5	1
RURAL	9,256	4.75	25	21	34.50	0	0	0	0	19	5	1
SHERIFF			0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	4	2	0
STATE POLICE			19	21	110.52	0	0	0	0	15	3	1
MUNICIPAL	1,141	.66	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST UNION PD	1,141	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FAYETTE COUNTY TOTAL	49,044	7.66	377	80	21.75	3	4	6	24	167	144	29
RURAL	37,497	7.65	275	63	13.30	3	4	4	20	130	95	17
SHERIFF			60	19	22.72	1	3	1	4	60	16	3
STATE POLICE			165	44	24.32	2	1	3	16	70	79	14
MUNICIPAL	13,547	7.67	104	17	16.34	0	0	2	4	37	49	12
ANSTED PD	1,511	5.29	6	1	12.50	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
FAYETTEVILLE PD	1,712	1.75	3	0	.00	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
MONTGOMERY PD	1,776	42.79	76	6	10.52	0	0	2	1	17	47	9
MOUNT HOPE PD	1,018	7.40	8	7	87.50	0	0	0	3	3	0	2
OAK HILL PD	4,710	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SMITHERS PD	2,020	4.45	9	1	11.11	0	0	0	0	7	1	1
GILMER COUNTY TOTAL	7,844	5.56	28	27	96.42	0	0	1	1	14	12	0
RURAL	5,666	5.35	19	25	131.57	0	0	1	1	9	8	0
SHERIFF			2	2	100.00	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
STATE POLICE			17	23	135.29	0	0	1	0	9	7	0
MUNICIPAL	2,178	4.12	9	2	22.22	0	0	0	0	5	4	0
GLENVILLE PD	2,183	4.14	9	2	22.22	0	0	0	0	5	4	0
GRANT COUNTY TOTAL	4,572	3.45	30	29	56.66	0	4	0	2	17	4	3
RURAL	6,395	3.90	25	25	100.00	0	4	0	2	13	3	0
SHERIFF			0	6	100.00	0	0	0	2	3	1	0
STATE POLICE			19	19	100.00	0	4	0	0	10	2	3
MUNICIPAL	2,177	2.25	5	4	80.00	0	0	0	0	4	1	0
PETERSBURG PD	2,177	2.29	5	4	80.00	0	0	0	0	4	1	0
GREENBRIER COUNTY TOTAL	32,360	5.06	162	56	36.41	3	3	1	11	81	45	18
RURAL	23,730	5.89	140	52	38.57	2	3	1	11	69	38	16
SHERIFF			20	3	11.53	0	0	0	0	20	4	2
STATE POLICE			114	49	44.73	2	3	1	11	49	34	14
MUNICIPAL	8,630	2.54	22	4	22.72	1	0	0	0	12	7	2
LEWISBURG PD	2,497	.83	2	1	50.00	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
RAINELLE PD	1,826	2.73	5	0	.00	0	0	0	0	1	3	1
RONCEVERTE PD	1,561	1.51	3	0	.00	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS PD	2,416	4.96	12	3	33.33	1	0	0	0	8	2	1
HAMPSHIRE COUNTY TOTAL	11,697	10.34	121	29	24.79	1	2	1	11	85	20	1
RURAL	4,353	11.69	111	29	27.02	1	2	1	11	76	19	1
SHERIFF			35	0	.00	0	0	0	0	31	4	0
STATE POLICE			76	29	39.47	1	2	1	11	45	15	1
MUNICIPAL	2,364	4.23	10	0	.00	0	0	0	0	9	1	0
ROMNEY PD	2,364	4.23	10	0	.00	0	0	0	0	9	1	0
HANCOCK COUNTY TOTAL	41,908	14.41	604	195	17.54	1	2	27	10	290	204	70
RURAL	12,564	14.32	180	17	9.44	0	2	8	4	75	71	20
SHERIFF			139	14	10.07	0	1	5	4	54	60	15
STATE POLICE			41	3	7.31	0	1	3	0	21	11	5
MUNICIPAL	29,344	14.44	424	68	20.99	1	0	19	6	215	133	50

	POPULATION	WEST VIRGINIA U C R CRIME INDEX REPORT	RAPE	ROBBERY	FEL ASHLT	BREAK AND ENTER	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER	AUTO THEFT
		CRIME RATE	TOTAL OFFENSES	TOTAL CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED	MURDER		
CHESTER PD	3,810	1.04	4	0	.00	0	0	0
WEIRTON PD	23,069	17.06	404	83	20.79	1	0	19
NEW CUMBERLAND PD	1,865	8.57	16	5	31.25	0	0	0
HARDY COUNTY TOTAL	9,000	4.33	39	25	64.10	0	0	0
RURAL	6,876	5.38	37	23	62.16	0	0	0
SHERIFF			0	0	.00	0	0	0
STATE POLICE			37	23	62.16	0	0	0
MUNICIPAL	2,124	.94	2	2	100.00	0	0	0
MOOREFIELD PD	2,124	.94	2	2	100.00	0	0	0
HARRISON COUNTY TOTAL	73,801	8.67	641	124	20.59	9	4	24
RURAL	33,143	7.57	251	71	30.27	6	2	10
SHERIFF			97	1	1.03	0	0	0
STATE POLICE			154	70	48.70	6	2	10
MUNICIPAL	40,658	9.59	390	53	14.35	3	2	14
BRIDGEPORT PD	4,828	5.38	26	2	7.69	0	0	0
CLARKSBURG PD	24,400	13.44	328	42	12.80	0	2	13
SALEM PD	2,597	6.54	17	5	29.41	0	0	1
SHINNSTON PD	2,603	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0
STONEWOOD PD	1,950	.51	1	0	.00	0	0	0
ANMOORE PD	944	7.41	7	2	71.42	3	0	0
NUTTER FORT PD	2,379	4.62	11	2	18.18	0	0	0
LUMBERPORT PD	957	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0
JACKSON COUNTY TOTAL	41,186	7.12	151	29	19.20	0	1	3
RURAL	13,639	7.77	106	13	12.26	0	1	3
SHERIFF			41	5	12.19	0	0	0
STATE POLICE			65	8	12.30	0	1	3
MUNICIPAL	7,547	5.96	45	16	35.55	0	0	0
RAVENSWOOD PD	4,297	8.37	36	11	30.55	0	0	0
RIPLEY PD	3,250	2.76	9	5	55.55	0	0	0
JEFFERSON COUNTY TOTAL	21,352	13.20	262	71	26.24	3	1	5
RURAL	14,442	17.37	251	50	20.71	2	1	3
SHERIFF			71	6	8.45	0	0	0
STATE POLICE			180	44	25.55	2	1	3
MUNICIPAL	6,910	4.48	31	21	70.96	1	0	2
CHARLES TOWN PD	3,033	2.63	8	5	62.50	0	0	1
SHEPHERDSTOWN PD	1,686	7.70	13	5	38.46	0	0	0
RANSON PD	2,189	4.56	10	11	120.00	1	0	1
KANAWHA COUNTY TOTAL	228,198	18.72	4276	996	23.64	16	24	146
RURAL	100,429	9.60	965	217	22.79	4	12	9
SHERIFF			151	62	41.05	0	5	0
STATE POLICE			814	155	19.41	4	7	9
MUNICIPAL	127,769	25.89	3311	779	23.89	12	12	137
BELLE PD	1,786	.55	1	1	100.00	0	0	0
CHARLESTON PD	69,600	36.91	2571	680	26.91	12	10	131
DUNBAR PD	9,098	10.44	95	4	4.21	0	0	0
NITRO PD	6,665	18.60	124	9	7.25	0	0	1
SAINT ALBANS PD	14,274	16.39	234	27	11.53	0	0	1
SOUTH CHARLESTON PD	16,239	14.65	238	49	20.58	0	2	3
CHESAPEAKE PD	2,414	11.59	28	3	10.71	0	0	1
MARMET PD	2,326	1.28	3	0	.00	0	0	0
EAST BANK PD	1,025	.97	1	2	200.00	0	0	0
GLASGOW PD	904	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0
CLENDENIN PD	1,438	5.56	8	1	12.50	0	0	0
CEDAR GROVE PD	2,000	4.00	8	3	37.50	0	0	0

		POPULATION	WEST VIRGINIA U C R CRIME INDEX REPORT	RAPE	ROBBERY	FEL ASHLT	BREAK AND ENTER	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER	AUTO THEFT				
			CRIME RATE	TOTAL OFFENSES	TOTAL CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED	MURDER						
LEWIS COUNTY	TOTAL	17,921	3.68	66	28	42.42	1	0	1	18	28	11	7
	RURAL	10,568	4.54	48	22	45.83	1	0	1	15	20	6	5
	SHERIFF			17	18	105.88	0	0	0	15	1	1	0
	STATE POLICE			31	4	12.90	1	0	1	0	19	5	5
	MUNICIPAL	7,353	2.44	18	6	33.33	0	0	0	3	8	5	2
	WESTON PD	7,353	2.44	18	6	33.33	0	0	0	3	8	5	2
LINCOLN COUNTY	TOTAL	19,097	7.01	134	110	82.08	0	4	4	32	51	30	13
	RURAL	19,097	7.01	134	110	82.08	0	4	4	32	51	30	13
	SHERIFF			17	21	123.52	0	0	0	2	5	8	2
	STATE POLICE			117	89	76.06	0	4	4	30	46	22	11
LOGAN COUNTY	TOTAL	45,947	6.83	314	83	26.66	8	0	3	30	138	102	33
	RURAL	41,458	7.26	301	70	25.58	8	0	3	22	134	101	33
	SHERIFF			19	5	26.31	0	0	1	1	17	0	0
	STATE POLICE			282	65	25.53	8	0	2	21	117	101	33
	MUNICIPAL	4,489	2.89	13	13	100.00	0	0	0	8	4	1	0
	LOGAN PD	3,288	3.95	13	13	100.00	0	0	0	8	4	1	0
	MAN PD	1,201	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MCDOWELL COUNTY	TOTAL	50,151	4.64	233	154	69.95	10	10	2	92	66	35	18
	RURAL	35,937	5.87	211	143	72.03	10	10	2	89	53	33	14
	SHERIFF			23	23	104.34	1	5	0	11	3	1	2
	STATE POLICE			188	120	68.08	9	5	2	78	50	32	12
	MUNICIPAL	14,214	1.54	22	11	50.00	0	0	0	3	13	2	4
	KEYSTONE PD	1,008	1.98	2	2	100.00	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
	WAR PD	1,984	2.01	4	4	100.00	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
	WELCH PD	4,107	.48	2	1	50.00	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	ANAWALT PD	801	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GARY PD	2,600	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	NORTH FORK PD	737	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DAVY PD	993	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	KIMBALL PD	962	11.43	11	4	36.36	0	0	0	1	20	0	0
	IEAGER PD	822	3.64	3	0	.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
HARION COUNTY	TOTAL	61,783	5.30	328	65	19.81	0	7	23	17	122	141	18
	RURAL	28,634	2.30	66	43	65.15	0	3	2	13	24	18	6
	SHERIFF			30	34	113.33	0	2	2	12	4	4	1
	STATE POLICE			36	9	25.00	0	1	0	1	15	14	5
	MUNICIPAL	33,149	7.90	262	22	8.39	0	4	21	4	98	123	12
	FAIRMONT PD	25,900	9.30	241	14	5.80	0	4	21	2	86	118	10
	HANNINGTON PD	2,766	6.50	18	8	44.44	0	0	0	1	10	5	2
	RIVESVILLE PD	1,108	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MONONGAH PD	1,194	.83	1	0	.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	FAIRVIEW PD	640	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FARMINGTON PD	595	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GRANT TOWN PD	946	2.11	2	0	.00	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
MARSHALL COUNTY	TOTAL	37,784	6.90	261	120	47.12	3	5	6	12	100	106	29
	RURAL	14,897	6.30	94	22	26.59	3	4	3	8	51	16	9
	SHERIFF			12	1	8.33	0	0	0	1	10	1	0
	STATE POLICE			82	21	29.26	3	4	3	7	41	15	9
	MUNICIPAL	22,887	7.29	167	98	58.68	0	1	3	4	49	90	20
	BENWOOD PD	2,751	10.54	29	21	72.41	0	0	0	0	5	23	1
	CAMERON PD	1,537	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GLEN DALE PD	2,150	13.95	30	7	23.33	0	0	0	0	22	7	1
	MCMECHEN PD	2,822	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MOUNDSVILLE PD	13,627	7.92	108	70	64.81	0	1	3	4	22	60	18
MASON COUNTY	TOTAL	24,858	4.02	100	24	24.00	0	0	2	4	44	23	27

		POPULATION	WEST VIRGINIA U C R CRIME INDEX REPORT	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	FEL ASHLT	BREAK AND ENTER	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER	AUTO THEFT			
			CRIME RATE	TOTAL OFFENSES	TOTAL CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED							
	RURAL	15,390	1.29	20	4	20.00	0	0	1	0	10	3	6
	SHERIFF			7	0	.00	0	0	1	0	3	0	3
	STATE POLICE			13	4	30.76	0	0	0	0	7	3	3
	MUNICIPAL	9,468	8.44	80	20	25.00	0	0	1	4	34	20	21
	POINT PLEASANT PD	7,000	10.42	73	18	24.65	0	0	0	4	31	19	19
	NEW HAVEN PD	1,149	3.48	4	2	50.00	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
	MASON PD	1,319	2.27	3	0	.00	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
MERCER COUNTY	TOTAL	63,644	11.16	711	208	29.95	6	3	15	72	297	267	51
	RURAL	37,610	6.48	244	108	45.90	4	2	1	32	110	74	21
	SHERIFF			30	10	33.33	0	0	1	0	26	3	0
	STATE POLICE			214	98	47.66	4	2	0	32	84	71	21
	MUNICIPAL	26,034	17.93	467	100	21.62	2	1	14	40	187	193	30
	ATHENS PD	967	3.10	3	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
	BLUEFIELD PD	16,031	23.82	382	65	17.27	2	1	14	20	169	150	26
	PRINCETON PD	7,303	10.95	80	39	41.25	0	0	0	20	17	40	3
	MATOAKA PD	608	3.28	2	2	100.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	BRAMWELL PD	1,125	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MINERAL COUNTY	TOTAL	23,857	5.53	132	75	57.57	1	2	1	19	54	47	8
	RURAL	14,126	6.37	90	67	75.55	1	2	0	12	34	33	8
	SHERIFF			4	1	25.00	0	0	0	0	3	0	1
	STATE POLICE			86	64	77.90	1	2	0	12	31	33	7
	MUNICIPAL	9,731	4.31	42	8	19.04	0	0	1	7	20	14	0
	KEYSER PD	6,799	5.58	38	8	21.05	0	0	1	7	16	14	0
	PIEDMONT PD	1,820	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RIDGELEY PD	1,112	3.59	4	0	.00	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
HINGO COUNTY	TOTAL	31,262	6.80	213	53	25.82	2	4	10	9	79	52	57
	RURAL	23,309	7.16	167	35	22.15	2	1	5	8	59	45	47
	SHERIFF			40	18	47.50	1	0	4	7	18	3	7
	STATE POLICE			127	17	14.17	1	1	1	1	41	42	40
	MUNICIPAL	7,973	5.76	46	18	39.13	0	3	5	1	20	7	10
	GILBERT PD	778	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WILLIAMSON PD	5,703	7.18	41	14	34.14	0	3	5	1	17	5	10
	KERMIT PD	716	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DELBARTON PD	903	5.53	5	4	80.00	0	0	0	0	3	2	0
	MATEMAN PD	651	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONONGALIA COUNTY	TOTAL	64,937	6.37	414	109	26.57	4	2	10	8	181	120	89
	RURAL	34,225	7.74	265	51	19.62	2	2	5	4	136	82	34
	SHERIFF			118	15	12.71	1	0	1	1	79	35	1
	STATE POLICE			147	36	25.17	1	2	4	3	57	47	33
	MUNICIPAL	30,712	4.85	149	58	38.92	2	0	5	4	45	38	55
	MORGANTOWN PD	29,400	4.99	147	56	38.09	2	0	4	4	45	38	54
	STAR CITY PD	1,312	1.52	2	2	100.00	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
MONROE COUNTY	TOTAL	11,073	4.69	52	20	38.46	0	1	1	3	29	13	5
	RURAL	10,507	4.94	52	20	38.46	0	1	1	3	29	13	5
	SHERIFF			9	5	55.55	0	0	0	0	3	4	2
	STATE POLICE			43	15	34.88	0	1	1	3	26	9	3
	MUNICIPAL	566	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UNION PD	566	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MORGAN COUNTY	TOTAL	9,416	14.97	141	56	39.71	0	0	1	4	97	19	20
	RURAL	6,732	20.49	138	53	38.48	0	0	1	3	95	19	20
	SHERIFF			38	3	7.89	0	0	0	0	31	4	3
	STATE POLICE			100	50	50.00	0	0	1	3	64	15	17
	MUNICIPAL	2,684	1.11	3	3	100.00	0	0	0	1	2	0	0
	BERKELEY SPRINGS PD	1,200	.83	1	1	100.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

	POPULATION	WEST VIRGINIA U C R CRIME INDEX	TOTAL OFFENSES	TOTAL CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED	REPORT MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	FEL ASSLT	BREAK AND ENTER	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER	AUTO THEFT
PAW-PAN PD	706	2.83	2	2	100.00	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
NICHOLAS COUNTY TOTAL	22,976	7.66	173	104	61.84	3	3	1	20	64	70	12
RURAL	16,423	7.79	128	75	60.93	3	3	1	5	58	51	7
SHERIFF			26	22	84.61	0	2	0	2	10	11	1
STATE POLICE			102	53	54.90	3	1	1	3	48	40	6
MUNICIPAL	6,153	7.31	45	29	64.44	0	0	0	15	6	19	5
RICHWOOD PD	3,721	4.56	17	7	41.17	0	0	0	0	3	12	2
SUMMERSVILLE PD	2,432	11.51	28	22	78.57	0	0	0	15	3	7	3
OHIO COUNTY TOTAL	65,624	12.47	619	218	26.98	2	3	33	46	231	410	94
RURAL	16,577	7.17	119	51	42.85	0	2	1	17	51	36	12
SHERIFF			85	46	54.11	0	2	0	13	42	21	7
STATE POLICE			34	5	14.70	0	0	1	4	9	15	5
MUNICIPAL	49,047	14.26	700	167	24.28	2	1	32	29	180	374	82
WHEELING PD	48,500	14.42	700	167	24.28	2	1	32	29	180	374	82
TRIADELPHIA PD	547	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENDLETON COUNTY TOTAL	7,126	3.50	25	18	72.00	0	0	0	3	13	7	2
RURAL	6,431	3.88	25	18	72.00	0	0	0	3	13	7	2
SHERIFF			3	5	166.66	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
STATE POLICE			22	13	59.09	0	0	0	3	10	7	2
MUNICIPAL	695	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRANKLIN PD	695	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PLEASANTS COUNTY TOTAL	7,280	4.12	30	22	73.33	0	0	0	0	19	8	3
RURAL	4,930	4.46	22	21	95.45	0	0	0	0	11	8	3
SHERIFF			1	0	.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
STATE POLICE			21	21	100.00	0	0	0	0	10	8	3
MUNICIPAL	2,350	3.40	8	1	12.50	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
SAINT MARYS PD	2,350	3.40	8	1	12.50	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
POCAHONTAS COUNTY TOTAL	8,641	4.05	35	8	22.85	0	0	0	0	28	2	5
RURAL	7,355	4.75	35	8	22.85	0	0	0	0	28	2	5
SHERIFF			9	0	.00	0	0	0	0	7	0	2
STATE POLICE			26	8	30.76	0	0	0	0	21	2	3
MUNICIPAL	1,286	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HARLINTON PD	1,286	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PRESTON COUNTY TOTAL	25,416	7.47	190	57	30.52	1	2	5	14	96	61	11
RURAL	18,977	8.48	161	50	31.67	1	2	4	14	80	50	10
SHERIFF			89	12	13.48	0	1	2	1	57	25	3
STATE POLICE			72	38	54.16	1	1	2	13	23	25	7
MUNICIPAL	6,439	4.50	29	7	24.13	0	0	1	0	16	11	1
KINGMOOD PD	2,546	5.89	15	2	13.33	0	0	0	0	5	10	0
TERRA ALTA PD	1,474	6.78	10	1	10.00	0	0	1	0	8	0	1
ROWLESBURG PD	725	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASONTOWN PD	868	4.60	4	4	100.00	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
NEWBURG PD	457	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TUNNELTON PD	369	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PUTNAM COUNTY TOTAL	28,167	6.07	171	40	24.46	2	0	3	9	64	73	14
RURAL	24,676	6.56	162	38	24.69	2	0	3	9	64	70	14
SHERIFF			38	6	15.78	0	0	2	0	16	14	1
STATE POLICE			124	32	27.41	2	0	1	9	48	56	13
MUNICIPAL	3,491	2.57	9	2	22.22	0	0	0	0	5	3	1
HURRICANE PD	3,491	2.57	9	2	22.22	0	0	0	0	5	3	1
RALEIGH COUNTY TOTAL	69,534	9.28	646	440	69.65	11	11	22	83	263	196	60
RURAL	47,248	6.22	294	186	65.98	8	3	5	45	136	69	28
SHERIFF			33	42	127.27	0	0	2	18	8	2	3
STATE POLICE			261	144	58.23	8	3	3	27	128	67	25

		POPULATION	WEST CRIME RATE	VIRGINIA TOTAL OFFENSES	U C R TOTAL CLEARED	CRIME INDEX PERCENT CLEARED	REPORT MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	FEL ASSLT	BREAK AND ENTER	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER	AUTO THEFT
	MUNICIPAL	22,286	15.79	352	254	72.72	3	8	17	38	127	127	32
BECKLEY PD		19,729	16.97	335	251	75.52	3	8	17	38	119	119	31
NABSCOTT PD		1,254	3.18	4	3	75.00	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
SOPHIA PD		1,303	9.97	13	0	.00	0	0	0	0	6	6	1
RANDOLPH COUNTY	TOTAL	24,422	7.86	192	99	51.56	0	0	3	14	70	74	31
	RURAL	16,194	6.79	110	73	66.36	0	0	1	11	52	37	9
	SHERIFF			0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE			110	73	66.36	0	0	1	11	52	37	9
	MUNICIPAL	8,228	9.96	82	26	31.70	0	0	2	3	18	37	22
ELKINS PD		8,228	9.96	82	26	31.70	0	0	2	3	18	37	22
RITCHIE COUNTY	TOTAL	10,352	5.40	56	37	66.07	0	1	0	1	40	11	3
	RURAL	8,738	6.29	55	37	67.27	0	1	0	1	39	11	3
	SHERIFF			4	2	50.00	0	0	0	0	3	1	0
	STATE POLICE			51	35	68.62	0	1	0	1	36	10	3
	MUNICIPAL	1,614	.61	1	0	.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
PENNSBORO PD		1,614	.61	1	0	.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ROANE COUNTY	TOTAL	14,148	6.36	90	41	45.55	0	0	1	16	51	19	3
	RURAL	11,877	6.31	75	32	42.66	0	0	1	7	49	16	2
	SHERIFF			1	1	100.00	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE			74	31	41.89	0	0	1	6	49	16	2
	MUNICIPAL	2,271	6.60	15	9	60.00	0	0	0	9	2	3	1
SPENCER PD		2,271	6.60	15	9	60.00	0	0	0	9	2	3	1
SUMMERS COUNTY	TOTAL	13,188	2.65	35	13	37.14	0	0	0	7	15	12	1
	RURAL	8,694	2.30	20	2	10.00	0	0	0	0	10	10	0
	SHERIFF			0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE			20	2	10.00	0	0	0	0	10	10	0
	MUNICIPAL	4,494	3.33	15	11	73.33	0	0	0	7	5	2	1
HINTON PD		4,494	3.33	15	11	73.33	0	0	0	7	5	2	1
TAYLOR COUNTY	TOTAL	13,734	4.80	66	53	80.30	0	0	0	9	36	12	9
	RURAL	7,368	8.41	62	50	80.64	0	0	0	9	34	11	8
	SHERIFF			49	44	89.79	0	0	0	8	28	7	6
	STATE POLICE			13	6	46.15	0	0	0	1	6	4	2
	MUNICIPAL	6,366	.62	4	3	75.00	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
GRAFTON PD		6,366	.62	4	3	75.00	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
TUCKER COUNTY	TOTAL	7,456	7.10	53	34	64.15	0	0	0	27	14	8	4
	RURAL	4,959	9.47	47	30	63.82	0	0	0	23	13	8	3
	SHERIFF			0	3	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE			47	27	57.44	0	0	0	23	13	8	3
	MUNICIPAL	2,497	2.40	6	4	66.66	0	0	0	4	1	0	1
PARSONS PD		1,784	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THOMAS PD		713	8.41	6	4	66.66	0	0	0	4	1	0	1
TYLER COUNTY	TOTAL	9,942	4.12	41	18	43.90	0	0	0	0	19	19	3
	RURAL	5,753	2.43	14	16	114.28	0	0	0	0	8	3	3
	SHERIFF			0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE			14	16	114.28	0	0	0	0	8	3	3
	MUNICIPAL	4,189	6.44	27	2	7.40	0	0	0	0	11	16	0
PADEN CITY PD		1,126	7.10	8	0	.00	0	0	0	0	3	5	0
SISTERSVILLE PD		2,249	8.44	19	2	10.52	0	0	0	0	8	11	0
MIDDLEBOURNE PD		614	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UPSHUR COUNTY	TOTAL	19,098	6.54	125	48	39.20	1	2	0	36	53	27	6
	RURAL	11,835	9.71	115	45	40.00	1	2	0	35	45	26	6
	SHERIFF			9	3	33.33	0	0	0	0	5	2	2
	STATE POLICE			106	42	40.56	1	2	0	35	40	24	4
	MUNICIPAL	7,263	1.37	10	3	30.00	0	0	0	1	8	1	0

	POPULATION	WEST VIRGINIA U C R CRIME INDEX REPORT	RAPE	ROBBERY	FEL ASHLT	BREAK AND ENTER	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER	AUTO THEFT				
	CRIME RATE	TOTAL OFFENSES	TOTAL CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED	MURDER							
BUCKHANNON PD	7,263	1.37	10	3	30.00	0	0	0	1	8	1	0
WAYNE COUNTY TOTAL	38,052	7.85	299	72	24.74	2	3	5	7	145	103	34
RURAL	29,371	6.77	199	65	33.66	2	3	4	5	110	50	25
SHERIFF			27	18	66.66	0	1	0	1	22	1	2
STATE POLICE			172	47	28.48	2	2	4	4	88	49	23
MUNICIPAL	8,681	11.51	100	7	7.00	0	0	1	2	35	53	9
CEREDO PD	1,583	9.47	15	2	13.33	0	0	0	1	6	7	1
KENOVA PD	4,921	17.27	85	5	5.88	0	0	1	1	29	46	8
WAYNE PD	1,385	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PORT GAY PD	792	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEBSTER COUNTY TOTAL	9,329	6.21	58	32	55.17	0	0	1	11	34	7	5
RURAL	7,562	7.66	58	32	55.17	0	0	1	11	34	7	5
SHERIFF			0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATE POLICE			58	32	55.17	0	0	1	11	34	7	5
MUNICIPAL	1,767	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEBSTER SPRINGS PD	1,300	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COMEN PD	467	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WETZEL COUNTY TOTAL	20,856	4.60	96	31	32.29	0	1	3	4	53	29	6
RURAL	13,049	2.98	39	15	38.46	0	1	1	3	19	13	2
SHERIFF			5	3	60.00	0	1	0	1	2	1	0
STATE POLICE			34	12	35.29	0	0	1	2	17	12	2
MUNICIPAL	7,807	7.30	57	16	28.07	0	0	2	1	34	16	4
HUNDRED PD	475	.00	0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MARTINSVILLE PD	6,702	8.35	56	16	28.57	0	0	2	1	33	16	4
PINE GROVE PD	630	1.58	1	0	.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
WIRT COUNTY TOTAL	4,199	9.28	39	3	7.69	0	0	0	2	31	6	0
RURAL	4,199	9.28	39	3	7.69	0	0	0	2	31	6	0
SHERIFF			0	0	.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATE POLICE			39	3	7.69	0	0	0	2	31	6	0
WOOD COUNTY TOTAL	88,307	15.23	1346	467	34.84	2	5	28	36	537	550	188
RURAL	29,595	8.00	237	41	17.72	1	2	6	16	96	88	28
SHERIFF			164	30	18.29	0	2	5	13	65	67	12
STATE POLICE			73	11	16.43	1	0	1	3	31	21	16
MUNICIPAL	58,712	18.88	1109	426	38.50	1	3	22	20	441	462	160
PARKERSBURG PD	44,200	23.68	1047	409	39.15	1	3	20	18	420	431	154
VIENNA PD	11,747	4.76	56	11	19.64	0	0	1	2	18	30	5
WILLIAMSTOWN PD	2,765	2.16	6	6	100.00	0	0	1	0	3	1	1
WYOMING COUNTY TOTAL	29,494	6.06	179	73	41.89	2	2	1	39	81	35	19
RURAL	23,819	6.80	162	70	44.44	2	1	1	39	69	31	19
SHERIFF			2	1	50.00	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
STATE POLICE			160	69	44.37	2	1	1	39	68	31	18
MUNICIPAL	5,675	2.99	17	3	17.64	0	1	0	0	12	4	0
MULLENS PD	2,908	.34	1	1	100.00	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
PINEVILLE PD	1,187	4.21	5	0	.00	0	0	0	0	4	1	0
OCEANA PD	1,580	6.96	11	2	18.18	0	1	0	0	8	2	0

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED PART I OFFENSES

The report contained in this section relates the dollar evaluation of property stolen and recovered in connection with the commission of Part I Offenses.

Although larceny under \$50 in value is not an index offense, the number and value of actual offenses and value of property stolen in this category have been incorporated into this report for your information.

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 & STOLEN	NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
WEST VIRGINIA	TOTAL	318,414	2,209,809	1,827,736	142,518	6,650	2,348,394	6,846,871	2,055,839
	RURAL	118,476	1,275,823	978,158	33,477	1,311	1,025,993	3,431,927	898,357
	SHERIFF'S	37,531	297,385	200,629	9,243	465	229,010	773,798	174,187
	STATE POLICE	80,945	978,438	777,529	24,234	846	796,983	2,658,129	724,170
	MUNICIPAL	199,938	933,986	849,578	109,041	5,339	1,322,401	3,414,944	1,155,482
BARBOUR COUNTY	TOTAL	70	13,867	5,448	135	7	5,500	25,020	7,713
	RURAL	70	12,923	5,448	135	7	5,500	24,076	6,769
	SHERIFF	0	838	1,176	43	3	0	2,057	1,154
	STATE POLICE	70	12,085	4,272	92	4	5,500	22,019	5,615
	MUNICIPAL	0	944	0	0	0	0	944	944
	BELINGTON PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PHILIPPI PD	0	944	0	0	0	0	944	944
BERKELEY COUNTY	TOTAL	145	58,107	57,079	4,932	302	32,150	158,013	22,449
	RURAL	50	47,874	39,727	2,866	236	19,150	109,667	14,568
	SHERIFF	0	34,623	29,544	2,562	225	11,725	78,454	9,831
	STATE POLICE	50	13,251	10,183	304	11	7,425	31,213	4,737
	MUNICIPAL	95	8,233	17,352	1,666	66	13,000	40,346	8,081
	MARTINSBURG PD	95	8,233	17,352	1,666	66	13,000	40,346	8,081
BOONE COUNTY	TOTAL	30,003	29,426	14,927	279	11	58,884	126,119	44,399
	RURAL	1	21,505	14,269	261	9	49,704	85,980	42,883
	SHERIFF	0	100	400	0	0	0	500	400
	STATE POLICE	1	21,485	13,869	261	9	49,704	85,480	42,483
	MUNICIPAL	30,002	3,841	258	18	2	6,180	40,219	1,916
	MADISON PD	300	3,555	258	18	2	6,180	10,231	1,495
	WHITESVILLE PD	29,702	286	0	0	0	0	29,988	21
BRAXTON COUNTY	TOTAL	0	4,734	9,427	430	21	1,653	16,244	4,436

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 & STOLEN	NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
	RURAL	0	4,519	8,982	422	19	1,653	15,576	4,367
	SHERIFF	0	1,670	2,929	83	3	0	4,682	806
	STATE POLICE	0	2,849	6,053	339	16	1,653	10,894	3,561
	MUNICIPAL	0	215	445	8	2	0	668	69
	GASSAWAY PD	0	215	0	0	0	0	215	15
	SUTTON PD	0	0	445	8	2	0	453	54
BROOKE COUNTY	TOTAL	21,201	32,252	12,654	1,391	58	80,027	147,525	14,960
	RURAL	6,581	21,674	7,547	442	19	73,480	109,724	13,409
	SHERIFF	6,581	18,637	7,547	414	18	71,880	105,059	12,634
	STATE POLICE	0	3,037	0	28	1	1,600	4,665	775
	MUNICIPAL	14,620	10,578	5,107	949	39	6,547	37,801	1,151
	FOLLANSBEE PD	80	6,287	1,842	290	9	0	8,499	120
	WELLSBURG PD	14,540	4,291	3,265	659	30	6,547	29,302	1,031
CABELL COUNTY	TOTAL	103,432	264,316	177,110	28,650	1,583	187,082	760,590	243,829
	RURAL	4,101	69,227	36,705	2,096	67	24,082	136,211	6,586
	SHERIFF	1	783	5,635	187	5	0	6,604	32
	STATE POLICE	4,100	68,444	31,070	1,909	62	24,082	129,605	6,554
	MUNICIPAL	99,331	195,089	140,405	26,554	1,516	163,000	624,379	237,243
	BARBOURVILLE PD	0	375	474	0	0	0	849	0
	HUNTINGTON PD	99,331	194,714	139,751	26,464	1,514	160,000	620,260	233,973
	MILTON PD	0	0	180	90	2	3,000	3,270	3,270
CALHOUN COUNTY	TOTAL	0	374	3,411	120	4	0	3,905	541
	RURAL	0	374	3,260	120	4	0	3,754	541
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	0	374	3,260	120	4	0	3,754	541
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	151	0	0	0	151	0

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

	ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- & STOLEN	UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED	
GRANTSVILLE PD	0	0	151	0	0	0	151	0	
CLAY COUNTY	TOTAL	0	13,880	5,143	266	10	3,450	22,789	4,628
	RURAL	0	13,880	5,143	266	10	3,450	22,789	4,628
	SHERIFF	0	4,503	0	0	0	0	4,503	0
	STATE POLICE	0	9,377	5,143	266	10	3,450	18,286	4,628
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLAY PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
DODDRIDGE COUNTY	TOTAL	0	3,951	1,960	0	0	1,000	6,911	2,011
	RURAL	0	3,951	1,960	0	0	1,000	6,911	2,011
	SHERIFF	0	0	970	0	0	0	970	0
	STATE POLICE	0	3,951	990	0	0	1,000	5,941	2,011
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST UNION PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
FAYETTE COUNTY	TOTAL	1,521	48,047	31,298	1,394	52	38,150	120,410	25,913
	RURAL	1,287	43,556	23,260	874	28	17,850	86,827	14,835
	SHERIFF	14	8,673	6,641	74	2	8,900	24,302	625
	STATE POLICE	1,273	34,883	16,619	800	26	8,950	62,525	14,210
	MUNICIPAL	234	4,491	8,038	520	24	20,300	33,583	11,078
ANSTED PD	0	135	150	0	0	0	0	285	13
FAYETTEVILLE PD	0	260	0	3	1	0	0	263	0
MONTGOMERY PD	234	2,382	6,888	511	22	16,650	26,665	10,029	
MOUNT HOPE PD	0	814	0	0	0	3,350	4,164	730	
OAK HILL PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SMITHERS PD	0	900	1,000	6	1	300	2,206	306	
GILMER COUNTY	TOTAL	0	4,250	3,061	170	8	0	7,481	3,487
	RURAL	0	1,599	2,583	120	5	0	4,302	838

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

	ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- & STOLEN	UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED	
	SHERIFF	0	0	70	0	0	70	70	
	STATE POLICE	0	1,599	2,513	120	5	4,232	768	
	MUNICIPAL	0	2,651	478	50	3	3,179	2,649	
GLENVILLE PD	0	2,651	478	50	3	0	3,179	2,649	
GRANT COUNTY	TOTAL	0	2,583	575	38	4	44,300	47,496	2,185
	RURAL	0	2,447	500	10	1	44,300	47,257	2,050
	SHERIFF	0	115	200	10	1	0	325	275
	STATE POLICE	0	2,332	300	0	0	44,300	46,932	1,775
	MUNICIPAL	0	136	75	28	3	0	239	135
PETERSBURG PD	0	136	75	28	3	0	239	135	
GREENBRIER COUNTY	TOTAL	151	49,569	63,087	478	28	18,773	132,058	21,417
	RURAL	151	43,818	61,775	357	20	17,073	123,174	18,266
	SHERIFF	0	5,304	390	43	4	1,350	7,087	1,579
	STATE POLICE	151	38,514	61,385	314	16	15,723	116,087	16,687
	MUNICIPAL	0	5,751	1,312	121	8	1,700	8,884	3,151
LEWISBURG PD	0	0	235	0	0	0	235	235	
RAINELLE PD	0	0	900	66	4	500	1,466	866	
RONCEVERTE PD	0	1,295	0	0	0	0	1,295	0	
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS PD	0	4,456	177	55	4	1,200	5,888	2,050	
HAMPSHIRE COUNTY	TOTAL	4,000	17,241	5,351	493	23	250	27,335	2,478
	RURAL	4,000	16,305	5,151	429	20	250	26,135	2,478
	SHERIFF	0	4,606	750	103	6	0	5,459	0
	STATE POLICE	4,000	11,699	4,401	326	14	250	20,676	2,478
	MUNICIPAL	0	936	200	64	3	0	1,200	0
ROMNEY PD	0	936	200	64	3	0	1,200	0	
HANCOCK COUNTY	33,188	102,900	50,884	4,217	161	87,150	278,339	61,013	

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

	ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER \$ STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 \$ STOLEN	UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
RURAL	30,028	43,394	29,604	758	29	33,190	136,934	14,485
SHERIFF	25,765	28,142	17,261	750	25	19,950	91,868	8,729
STATE POLICE	4,263	15,252	12,343	8	4	19,200	49,066	5,756
MUNICIPAL	3,160	59,506	21,280	3,459	132	54,000	141,405	46,528
CHESTER PD	0	1,395	175	80	3	0	1,650	0
WEIRTON PD	3,160	57,205	20,335	3,213	123	52,200	136,113	44,503
NEW CUMBERLAND PD	0	906	770	166	6	1,800	3,642	2,025
HARDY COUNTY TOTAL	0	5,377	2,131	70	3	1,300	8,878	5,107
RURAL	0	5,377	2,131	70	3	1,300	8,878	5,107
SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATE POLICE	0	5,377	2,131	70	3	1,300	8,878	5,107
MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOOREFIELD PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HARRISON COUNTY TOTAL	4,650	114,876	78,959	4,539	182	65,135	268,159	53,288
RURAL	1,500	58,299	55,698	1,504	57	45,635	162,636	30,368
SHERIFF	0	19,159	7,962	672	20	16,700	44,493	5,500
STATE POLICE	1,500	39,140	47,736	832	37	28,935	118,143	24,868
MUNICIPAL	3,150	56,577	23,261	3,035	125	19,500	105,523	22,920
BRIDGEPORT PD	0	8,125	1,391	343	11	1,500	11,359	165
CLARKSBURG PD	2,980	46,036	20,678	2,534	106	11,100	83,328	15,620
SALEM PD	170	925	800	15	2	0	1,910	158
SHINNSTON PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STONEMOOD PD	0	35	0	0	0	0	35	0
ANMOORE PD	0	664	50	20	1	2,000	2,724	2,050
NUTTER FORT PD	0	792	342	123	5	4,900	6,157	4,927
LUMBERPORT PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

	ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER \$ STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 \$ STOLEN	UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
JACKSON COUNTY TOTAL	2,090	13,495	13,434	1,334	45	1,800	32,133	2,354
RURAL	2,090	12,891	10,700	521	17	1,800	28,002	1,670
SHERIFF	0	5,109	1,873	274	9	700	7,958	52
STATE POLICE	2,090	7,782	8,827	245	8	1,100	20,044	1,618
MUNICIPAL	0	604	2,734	813	28	0	4,151	684
RAVENSWOOD PD	0	550	1,593	468	15	0	2,611	616
RIPLEY PD	0	54	1,141	345	13	0	1,540	68
JEFFERSON COUNTY TOTAL	2,420	47,484	41,934	900	46	33,625	126,363	28,885
RURAL	1,413	44,367	41,709	794	30	30,950	119,233	27,592
SHERIFF	0	15,814	10,463	233	16	2,000	28,510	2,163
STATE POLICE	1,413	28,558	31,246	561	20	28,950	90,723	25,429
MUNICIPAL	1,007	3,117	225	106	16	2,675	7,130	1,293
CHARLES TOWN PD	1,000	450	225	96	11	900	2,671	61
SHEPERDSTOWN PD	0	2,590	0	0	0	1,025	3,615	615
RANSON PD	7	77	0	10	5	750	844	617
KANAWHA COUNTY TOTAL	50,535	332,975	449,882	34,006	1,462	604,572	1,471,971	428,025
RURAL	28,586	111,950	120,340	7,314	293	114,586	382,774	128,989
SHERIFF	0	22,893	29,496	563	17	39,095	92,047	57,311
STATE POLICE	28,586	89,057	90,844	6,751	216	75,489	290,727	71,678
MUNICIPAL	21,949	221,025	329,543	26,692	1,229	489,988	1,089,197	299,036
BELLE PD	0	0	57	0	0	0	57	57
CHARLESTON PD	21,653	173,475	263,692	19,078	863	428,038	905,936	229,962
DUNBAR PD	0	11,115	8,501	655	23	24,250	44,521	23,375
NITRO PD	20	12,697	13,922	1,409	60	3,500	31,548	1,428
SAINT ALBANS PD	48	3,545	23,022	2,709	147	17,900	47,224	21,919
SOUTH CHARLESTON PD	164	14,238	20,034	2,702	129	14,100	51,238	21,319

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- & STOLEN	UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
CHESAPEAKE PD		64	2,153	120	65	3	1,500	3,902	141
MARMET PD		0	302	0	0	1	0	302	0
EAST BANK PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLASGOW PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLENDENIN PD		0	2,540	0	70	2	700	3,310	770
CEDAR GROVE PD		0	960	195	4	1	0	1,159	65
LEWIS COUNTY	TOTAL	500	31,062	1,730	107	13	7,400	40,799	6,225
	RURAL	500	9,202	820	26	3	3,700	14,248	3,233
	SHERIFF	0	0	150	26	3	0	176	176
	STATE POLICE	500	9,202	670	0	0	3,700	14,072	3,057
	MUNICIPAL	0	21,860	910	81	10	3,700	26,551	2,992
WESTON PD		0	21,860	910	81	10	3,700	26,551	2,992
LINCOLN COUNTY	TOTAL	1,505	13,434	9,305	458	14	17,600	42,302	17,707
	RURAL	1,505	13,434	9,305	458	14	17,600	42,302	17,707
	SHERIFF	0	1,625	378	0	0	2,750	4,753	4,753
	STATE POLICE	1,505	11,809	8,927	458	14	14,850	37,549	12,954
LOGAN COUNTY	TOTAL	58	35,105	22,248	732	28	44,795	102,938	34,213
	RURAL	58	34,933	22,188	618	21	44,795	102,592	34,130
	SHERIFF	0	7,898	0	36	1	0	7,934	850
	STATE POLICE	58	27,035	22,188	582	20	44,795	94,658	33,280
	MUNICIPAL	0	172	60	114	7	0	346	83
LOGAN PD		0	172	60	114	7	0	346	83
HAN PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MCDOWELL COUNTY	TOTAL	940	94,315	21,700	590	20	28,350	145,895	38,731
	RURAL	940	82,143	19,200	418	10	25,700	128,401	33,500
	SHERIFF	0	1,100	1,000	72	2	1,700	3,872	3,835

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- & STOLEN	UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
	STATE POLICE	940	81,043	18,200	346	8	24,000	124,529	29,665
	MUNICIPAL	0	12,172	2,500	172	10	2,650	17,494	5,231
KEYSTONE PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAR PD		0	250	250	100	5	750	1,350	1,000
WELCH PD		0	0	2,250	0	0	0	2,250	2,250
ANAWALT PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GARY PD		0	0	0	35	1	0	35	0
NORTH FORK PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAVY PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KIMBALL PD		0	10,922	0	10	1	0	10,932	68
IEAGER PD		0	1,000	0	27	3	1,900	2,927	1,913
MARION COUNTY	TOTAL	2,781	33,184	40,297	2,445	95	30,350	109,057	26,368
	RURAL	636	12,861	19,187	184	5	9,750	42,618	8,825
	SHERIFF	636	2,787	1,365	20	1	2,800	7,608	4,040
	STATE POLICE	0	10,074	17,822	164	4	6,950	35,010	4,785
	MUNICIPAL	2,145	20,323	21,110	2,261	90	20,600	66,439	17,543
FAIRMONT PD		2,145	18,650	18,027	1,997	81	12,400	53,219	6,754
MANNINGTON PD		0	803	3,083	264	9	8,200	12,350	10,789
RIVESVILLE PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONONGAH PD		0	450	0	0	0	0	450	0
FAIRVIEW PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FARMINGTON PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRANT TOWN PD		0	420	0	0	0	0	420	0
MARSHALL COUNTY	TOTAL	4,510	21,913	16,583	3,366	214	32,650	79,022	32,060
	RURAL	3,930	11,572	5,513	469	14	10,950	32,434	11,493
	SHERIFF	0	4,330	160	40	1	0	4,530	300

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 & STOLEN	NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
	STATE POLICE	3,930	7,242	5,353	429	13	10,950	27,904	11,193
	MUNICIPAL	580	10,341	11,070	2,897	200	21,700	46,588	20,567
	BENWOOD PD	0	535	914	501	56	700	2,650	1,247
	CAMERON PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GLEN DALE PD	0	7,204	784	30	1	1,500	9,518	3,839
	MCMECHEN PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MOUNDSVILLE PD	580	2,602	9,372	2,366	143	19,500	34,420	15,481
MASON COUNTY	TOTAL	2,740	6,891	3,146	568	23	61,350	74,695	55,318
	RURAL	40	2,093	1,230	65	2	6,200	9,628	4,096
	SHERIFF	40	110	0	0	0	2,300	2,450	1,000
	STATE POLICE	0	1,983	1,230	65	2	3,900	7,178	3,096
	MUNICIPAL	2,700	4,798	1,916	503	21	55,150	65,067	51,222
	POINT PLEASANT PD	0	4,085	1,844	447	19	52,550	58,928	47,997
	NEW HAVEN PD	0	688	70	56	2	2,000	2,814	2,625
	MASON PD	2,700	25	0	0	0	600	3,325	600
MERCER COUNTY	TOTAL	8,363	67,356	47,350	6,644	288	52,416	182,131	53,552
	RURAL	46	32,637	18,020	1,361	33	25,980	78,044	23,884
	SHERIFF	46	7,381	851	0	0	0	8,278	2,945
	STATE POLICE	0	25,256	17,169	1,361	33	25,980	69,766	20,939
	MUNICIPAL	8,317	34,721	29,330	5,283	255	26,436	104,087	29,668
	ATHENS PD	0	0	205	75	2	0	280	220
	BLUEFIELD PD	8,317	30,853	24,541	3,820	195	19,536	87,067	20,857
	PRINCETON PD	0	3,868	4,584	1,388	58	2,400	12,240	4,091
	MATOAKA PD	0	0	0	0	0	4,500	4,500	4,500
	BRANWELL PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MINERAL COUNTY	TOTAL	150	16,500	30,474	836	31	8,100	56,060	18,595

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 & STOLEN	NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
	RURAL	0	13,751	20,880	618	24	8,100	51,349	18,144
	SHERIFF	0	89	0	0	0	1,200	1,289	79
	STATE POLICE	0	13,662	20,880	618	24	6,900	50,060	18,065
	MUNICIPAL	150	2,749	1,594	218	7	0	4,711	451
KEYSER PD		150	2,601	1,594	188	6	0	4,533	451
PIEDMONT PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RIDGELEY PD		0	148	0	30	1	0	178	0
MINGO COUNTY	TOTAL	7,260	31,774	22,284	370	14	58,200	119,888	26,367
	RURAL	7,000	30,006	21,504	280	9	55,800	114,672	25,052
	SHERIFF	60	795	342	5	1	9,000	10,222	5,152
	STATE POLICE	7,000	29,211	21,162	275	8	46,800	104,450	19,900
	MUNICIPAL	160	1,768	780	90	5	2,400	5,216	1,315
GILBERT PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WILLIAMSON PD		160	1,071	650	90	5	2,400	4,391	1,070
KERMIT PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DELBARTON PD		0	655	130	0	0	0	825	245
MATEWAN PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONONGALIA COUNTY	TOTAL	5,766	66,706	38,361	1,386	56	108,930	241,149	57,572
	RURAL	5,332	36,337	31,200	829	27	41,555	115,353	19,173
	SHERIFF	225	22,338	16,602	447	12	500	40,112	1,463
	STATE POLICE	5,107	14,099	14,598	382	15	41,055	75,241	17,710
	MUNICIPAL	434	50,269	7,161	557	29	67,375	125,796	38,399
MORGANTOWN PD		352	50,269	7,161	550	27	67,275	125,607	38,292
STAR CITY PD		82	0	0	7	2	100	189	107
MONROE COUNTY	TOTAL	0	14,127	9,350	172	7	9,975	33,624	9,624
	RURAL	0	14,127	9,350	172	7	9,975	33,624	9,624

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

	ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER \$ STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 \$ STOLEN	NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
SHERIFF	0	976	4,600	74	2	2,275	7,925	2,218
STATE POLICE	0	13,151	4,750	98	5	7,700	25,699	7,406
MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UNION PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MORGAN COUNTY TOTAL	35	27,059	7,294	521	21	17,114	52,023	13,945
RURAL	35	27,059	7,294	506	20	17,114	52,003	13,930
SHERIFF	0	6,640	4,450	104	3	1,500	12,694	1,630
STATE POLICE	35	20,414	2,844	402	17	15,614	39,309	12,300
MUNICIPAL	0	5	0	15	1	0	20	15
BERKELEY SPRINGS PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PAW-PAW PD	0	5	0	15	1	0	20	15
NICHOLAS COUNTY TOTAL	45	22,284	34,607	923	33	24,425	81,724	24,039
RURAL	45	20,040	31,782	589	20	15,200	67,696	17,798
SHERIFF	0	2,166	5,935	215	7	250	8,568	2,537
STATE POLICE	45	17,872	25,847	374	13	14,950	59,128	15,261
MUNICIPAL	0	2,244	2,225	334	13	9,225	14,028	6,241
RICHWOOD PD	0	335	1,478	0	0	5,100	6,913	5,310
SUMMERSVILLE PD	0	1,909	747	334	13	4,125	7,115	931
OHIO COUNTY TOTAL	7,240	62,664	88,129	7,406	301	120,360	285,799	113,918
RURAL	3,967	17,965	12,480	316	12	26,335	61,103	25,575
SHERIFF	0	13,260	3,670	205	8	4,035	21,170	4,750
STATE POLICE	3,967	4,725	6,810	111	4	22,300	39,933	20,825
MUNICIPAL	3,253	44,679	75,649	7,090	289	94,025	224,696	88,343
WHEELING PD	3,253	44,679	75,649	7,090	289	94,025	224,696	88,343
TRIADELPHIA PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENDLETON COUNTY TOTAL	0	4,832	3,366	100	4	1,150	9,448	1,833

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

	ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER \$ STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 \$ STOLEN	NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
RURAL	0	4,832	3,366	80	3	1,150	9,428	1,833
SHERIFF	0	666	0	0	0	0	666	666
STATE POLICE	0	4,166	3,366	80	3	1,150	8,762	1,167
MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	20	1	0	20	0
FRANKLIN PD	0	0	0	20	1	0	20	0
PLEASANTS COUNTY TOTAL	0	3,490	3,917	99	4	3,600	11,106	3,778
RURAL	0	3,184	3,917	99	4	3,600	10,800	3,700
SHERIFF	0	70	0	0	0	0	70	0
STATE POLICE	0	3,114	3,917	99	4	3,600	10,730	3,700
MUNICIPAL	0	306	0	0	0	0	306	78
SAINT MARYS PD	0	306	0	0	0	0	306	78
POCAHONTAS COUNTY TOTAL	0	6,803	128	0	0	7,945	14,876	8,393
RURAL	0	6,803	128	0	0	7,945	14,876	8,393
SHERIFF	0	962	0	0	0	950	1,912	372
STATE POLICE	0	5,841	128	0	0	6,995	12,964	8,021
MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARLINTON PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PRESTON COUNTY TOTAL	5,954	81,416	23,731	1,091	45	16,100	128,292	21,193
RURAL	3,217	78,711	22,095	861	35	12,100	116,984	13,683
SHERIFF	2,864	21,490	15,448	465	17	4,900	45,167	8,013
STATE POLICE	353	57,221	6,647	396	18	7,200	71,817	5,670
MUNICIPAL	2,737	2,705	1,636	230	10	4,000	11,308	7,510
KINGWOOD PD	0	670	1,386	230	10	0	2,286	168
TERRA ALTA PD	2,737	1,460	0	0	0	4,000	8,197	6,737
ROMLESBURG PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASONTOWN PD	0	575	250	0	0	0	825	605

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER \$ STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 \$ STOLEN	NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
NEWBURG PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TUNNELTON PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PUTNAM COUNTY	TOTAL	465	19,454	14,568	884	31	22,568	57,939	19,982
	RURAL	465	18,718	14,128	779	27	22,368	56,458	19,782
	SHERIFF	435	4,212	3,248	144	5	2,000	10,039	2,864
	STATE POLICE	30	14,506	10,880	635	22	20,368	46,419	16,918
	MUNICIPAL	0	736	440	105	4	200	1,481	200
HURRICANE PD		0	736	440	105	4	200	1,481	200
RALEIGH COUNTY	TOTAL	1,850	91,297	136,106	5,545	339	95,050	329,848	167,929
	RURAL	146	58,699	109,403	792	28	47,550	214,990	116,732
	SHERIFF	35	944	361	112	5	5,250	6,702	5,664
	STATE POLICE	111	55,755	109,042	680	23	42,300	207,888	111,068
	MUNICIPAL	1,704	34,598	26,703	4,753	311	47,500	115,258	51,197
BECKLEY PD		1,704	33,017	21,070	4,693	309	44,000	104,484	50,987
MABSCOTT PD		0	1,281	175	35	1	0	1,491	110
SOPHIA PD		0	300	5,456	25	1	3,500	9,283	100
RANDOLPH COUNTY	TOTAL	205	20,637	14,315	1,751	62	29,925	67,033	29,284
	RURAL	150	11,957	9,445	352	17	7,325	29,229	5,905
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	150	11,957	9,445	352	17	7,325	29,229	5,905
	MUNICIPAL	55	8,880	4,670	1,399	65	22,600	37,804	23,379
ELKINS PD		55	8,880	4,870	1,399	65	22,600	37,804	23,379
RITCHIE COUNTY	TOTAL	0	5,360	3,147	95	4	2,700	11,322	2,632
	RURAL	0	5,358	3,147	95	4	2,700	11,300	2,632
	SHERIFF	0	169	148	0	0	0	317	0
	STATE POLICE	0	5,189	2,999	95	4	2,700	10,983	2,632

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER \$ STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 \$ STOLEN	NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
	MUNICIPAL	0	22	0	0	0	0	22	0
PENNSBORO PD		0	22	0	0	0	0	22	0
ROANE COUNTY	TOTAL	8	5,587	5,930	753	29	5,350	17,228	6,231
	RURAL	8	5,437	5,110	753	29	1,350	12,658	2,101
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	8	5,437	5,110	753	29	1,350	12,658	2,101
	MUNICIPAL	0	150	420	0	0	4,000	4,570	4,130
SPENCER PD		0	150	420	0	0	4,000	4,570	4,130
SUMMERS COUNTY	TOTAL	0	3,661	2,829	96	3	1,300	7,886	2,740
	RURAL	0	1,437	2,625	96	3	0	4,158	1,236
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	0	1,437	2,625	96	3	0	4,158	1,236
	MUNICIPAL	0	2,224	204	0	0	1,300	3,728	1,504
HINTON PD		0	2,224	204	0	0	1,300	3,728	1,504
TAYLOR COUNTY	TOTAL	0	7,806	2,120	254	10	6,580	16,740	3,590
	RURAL	0	4,806	2,067	219	9	5,880	12,972	2,802
	SHERIFF	0	3,896	818	218	8	2,200	7,132	2,552
	STATE POLICE	0	910	1,249	1	1	3,680	5,840	250
	MUNICIPAL	0	3,000	53	35	1	700	3,788	788
GRAFTON PD		0	3,000	53	35	1	700	3,788	788
TUCKER COUNTY	TOTAL	0	1,403	18,729	514	15	13,150	34,071	13,907
	RURAL	0	1,403	18,729	371	10	12,550	33,053	12,944
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	30	1	0	30	20
	STATE POLICE	0	1,403	18,729	341	9	12,550	33,023	12,924
	MUNICIPAL	0	275	0	143	5	600	1,018	963
PARSONS PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER \$ STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED	
THOMAS PD		0	275	0	143	5	600	1,018	963
TYLER COUNTY	TOTAL	0	2,220	7,185	648	20	1,000	11,053	7,436
	RURAL	0	1,129	6,200	30	1	1,000	8,359	7,346
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	0	1,129	6,200	30	1	1,000	8,359	7,346
	MUNICIPAL	0	1,091	985	18	19	0	2,694	90
PADEN CITY PD		0	513	250	0	0	0	763	0
SISTERSVILLE PD		0	578	735	578	18	0	1,891	90
MIDDLEBOURNE PD		0	0	0	40	1	0	40	0
UPSHUR COUNTY	TOTAL	0	12,857	6,312	491	21	7,640	27,300	7,113
	RURAL	0	7,915	6,217	376	13	7,640	22,168	5,551
	SHERIFF	0	1,205	242	55	2	1,000	2,502	1,154
	STATE POLICE	0	6,710	5,995	321	11	6,640	19,666	4,397
	MUNICIPAL	0	4,942	75	115	8	0	5,132	1,562
BUCKHANNON PD		0	4,942	75	115	8	0	5,132	1,562
HAYNE COUNTY	TOTAL	8,924	41,531	20,607	2,022	77	47,480	120,364	36,000
	RURAL	8,204	39,648	13,626	464	19	35,180	97,122	32,015
	SHERIFF	0	5,380	75	30	1	500	5,985	2,230
	STATE POLICE	8,204	34,268	13,551	434	18	34,680	91,137	29,785
	MUNICIPAL	720	1,883	6,981	1,558	58	12,100	23,242	4,065
CEREDO PD		0	170	1,038	333	11	500	2,041	859
KENOVA PD		720	1,713	5,943	1,225	47	11,600	21,201	3,206
WAYNE PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FORT GAY PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEBSTER COUNTY	TOTAL	250	1,619	776	135	4	8,000	10,780	8,500
	RURAL	250	1,619	776	135	4	8,000	10,780	8,500

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

		ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER \$ STOLEN	LARCENY- UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED	
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	STATE POLICE	250	1,619	776	135	4	8,000	10,780	8,500
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
WEBSTER SPRINGS PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
COWEN PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
WETZEL COUNTY	TOTAL	2,105	22,505	12,250	392	24	8,135	45,387	10,234
	RURAL	700	9,917	6,670	65	3	1,500	18,852	2,744
	SHERIFF	0	1,200	70	0	0	0	1,270	4
	STATE POLICE	700	8,717	6,600	65	3	1,500	17,582	2,740
	MUNICIPAL	1,405	12,588	5,580	327	21	6,635	26,535	7,490
HUNDRED PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MARTINSVILLE PD		1,405	12,488	5,580	327	21	6,635	26,435	7,490
PINE GROVE PD		0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0
WIRT COUNTY	TOTAL	0	7,570	1,343	142	6	0	9,055	2,566
	RURAL	0	7,570	1,343	142	6	0	9,055	2,566
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	0	7,570	1,343	142	6	0	9,055	2,566
WOOD COUNTY	TOTAL	3,214	96,230	122,779	17,177	746	161,205	400,605	168,287
	RURAL	1,204	19,453	28,231	1,177	44	18,510	48,575	15,509
	SHERIFF	809	14,325	17,409	932	37	8,100	41,575	9,909
	STATE POLICE	395	5,128	10,822	245	7	10,410	27,000	5,600
	MUNICIPAL	2,010	76,777	94,548	16,000	702	142,695	332,030	152,778
PARKERSBURG PD		1,701	64,401	89,363	14,554	642	135,720	305,719	146,063
VIENNA PD		293	11,401	5,110	1,294	54	6,375	24,473	6,032
WILLIAMSTOWN PD		16	975	95	152	6	600	1,838	683
WYOMING COUNTY	TOTAL	100	54,956	8,334	363	18	25,900	89,653	24,979

VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
PART I OFFENSES

	ROBBERY	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY \$50 AND OVER & STOLEN	LARCENY- & STOLEN	UNDER \$50 NUM OF OFFENSES	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL VALUE STOLEN	TOTAL VALUE RECOVERED
RURAL	100	50,940	6,420	323	17	25,900	83,683	23,779
SHERIFF	0	400	0	0	0	3,500	3,900	3,850
STATE POLICE	100	50,540	6,420	323	17	22,400	79,783	19,929
MUNICIPAL	0	4,016	1,914	40	1	0	5,970	1,200
MULLENS PD	0	0	1,200	0	0	0	1,200	1,200
PINEVILLE PD	0	2,245	500	0	0	0	2,745	0
OCEANA PD	0	1,771	214	40	1	0	2,025	0

PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE

The report in this section details the number of persons arrested for Part I Offenses.

Note - Agencies who have made no arrests for Part I Offenses during the annual reporting period of 1972 will not be listed in this report.

		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE							
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
WEST VIRGINIA	TOTAL	2722	4130	6852	106	88	102	262	754	1786	3231	523
	RURAL	1171	2230	3401	73	77	87	118	420	1168	1136	322
	SHERIFF'S	316	740	1056	7	10	24	44	144	337	610	80
	STATE POLICE	855	1490	2345	66	67	63	74	276	831	726	242
	MUNICIPAL	1551	1900	3451	33	11	15	144	334	618	2095	201
BARBOUR COUNTY	TOTAL	14	29	43	0	1	1	2	0	10	24	5
	RURAL	13	26	39	0	1	1	2	0	6	24	5
	SHERIFF	0	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	0
	STATE POLICE	13	16	29	0	1	1	2	0	4	16	5
	MUNICIPAL	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
	BELINGTON PD	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	PHILIPPI PD	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
BERKELEY COUNTY	TOTAL	77	153	230	0	3	0	3	9	19	185	11
	RURAL	52	145	197	0	3	0	0	8	15	166	5
	SHERIFF	50	127	177	0	0	0	0	8	11	157	1
	STATE POLICE	2	18	20	0	3	0	0	0	4	9	4
	MUNICIPAL	25	8	33	0	0	0	3	1	4	19	6
	MARTINSBURG PD	25	8	33	0	0	0	3	1	4	19	6
BOONE COUNTY	TOTAL	51	39	90	0	0	0	2	16	45	19	8
	RURAL	47	35	82	0	0	0	2	15	40	18	7
	SHERIFF	7	8	15	0	0	0	0	4	5	6	0
	STATE POLICE	40	27	67	0	0	0	2	11	35	12	7
	MUNICIPAL	4	4	8	0	0	0	0	1	5	1	1
	MADISON PD	3	4	7	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	1
	WHITESVILLE PD	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
BRAXTON COUNTY	TOTAL	18	14	32	0	0	1	0	3	7	17	4
	RURAL	16	14	30	0	0	1	0	3	5	17	4
	SHERIFF	6	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	1
	STATE POLICE	10	13	23	0	0	1	0	3	1	15	3
	MUNICIPAL	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
	GASSAWAY PD	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
	SUTTON PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BROOKE COUNTY	TOTAL	26	40	66	0	0	2	4	5	21	24	10
	RURAL	18	35	53	0	0	2	4	5	19	13	10
	SHERIFF	16	33	49	0	0	2	4	5	15	13	10
	STATE POLICE	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	8	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	0

		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE			CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG HANDL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL								
FOLLANSBEE PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WELLSBURG PD		0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	0
CABELL COUNTY	TOTAL	391	529	920	11	2	6	33	90	143	391	36
	RURAL	32	41	73	3	1	0	2	6	42	17	2
	SHERIFF	2	6	8	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	1
	STATE POLICE	30	35	65	3	1	0	1	5	40	14	1
	MUNICIPAL	359	488	847	0	1	6	31	92	101	574	34
BARBOURSVILLE PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HUNTINGTON PD		359	485	844	0	1	6	31	92	101	572	33
MILTON PD		0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
CALHOUN COUNTY	TOTAL	1	18	19	0	2	1	0	0	2	14	0
	RURAL	1	16	17	0	2	1	0	0	2	12	0
	STATE POLICE	1	16	17	0	2	1	0	0	2	12	0
	MUNICIPAL	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
GRANTSVILLE PD		0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
CLAY COUNTY	TOTAL	36	20	64	2	1	2	1	3	34	17	4
	RURAL	36	20	64	2	1	2	1	3	34	17	4
	STATE POLICE	36	20	64	2	1	2	1	3	34	17	4
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLAY PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DODDRIDGE COUNTY	TOTAL	0	11	11	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
	RURAL	0	11	11	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	0	11	11	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST UNION PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FAYETTE COUNTY	TOTAL	96	127	223	4	0	5	22	24	110	42	16
	RURAL	66	120	200	4	0	5	20	22	103	39	15
	SHERIFF	37	71	100	3	0	4	14	9	50	20	8
	STATE POLICE	51	49	100	1	0	1	6	13	53	19	7
	MUNICIPAL	0	7	15	0	0	0	2	2	7	3	1
ANSTED PD		2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
FAYETTEVILLE PD		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
MONTGOMERY PD		3	6	11	0	0	0	2	2	3	3	1
MOUNT HOPE PD		0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
OAK HILL PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE
 JUVENILE ADULTS GRAND CRIMINAL HOMICIDE FORCIBLE ROBBERY AGGRAV BURGLARY LARCENY AUTO
 TOTAL MURDER NEG MANSL RAPE ASSAULT THEFT

		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
SMITHERS PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GILNER COUNTY	TOTAL	4	9	13	0	0	0	1	0	1	11	0
	RURAL	2	8	10	0	0	0	1	0	1	8	0
	SHERIFF	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	STATE POLICE	2	7	9	0	0	0	1	0	1	7	0
	MUNICIPAL	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
GLENVILLE PD		2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
GRANT COUNTY	TOTAL	23	11	34	0	0	3	0	2	18	9	2
	RURAL	12	10	22	0	0	3	0	2	13	2	2
	SHERIFF	1	5	6	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0
	STATE POLICE	11	5	16	0	0	3	0	0	11	0	2
	MUNICIPAL	11	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	0
PETERSBURG PD		11	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	0
GREENBRIER COUNTY	TOTAL	41	52	93	2	5	3	2	10	27	34	10
	RURAL	34	46	80	2	5	3	2	10	24	24	10
	SHERIFF	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1
	STATE POLICE	34	41	75	2	5	3	2	10	23	21	9
	MUNICIPAL	7	6	13	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	0
PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE												
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
LEWISBURG PD		5	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
RAINELLE PD		0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
RONCEVERTE PD		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS PD		1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0
HAMPSHIRE COUNTY	TOTAL	8	31	39	0	0	2	1	5	10	14	7
	RURAL	8	31	39	0	0	2	1	5	10	14	7
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	8	31	39	0	0	2	1	5	10	14	7
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROMNEY PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HANCOCK COUNTY	TOTAL	37	38	75	1	1	1	7	5	29	17	14
	RURAL	3	23	26	0	0	1	2	3	10	6	4
	SHERIFF	3	19	22	0	0	1	2	3	7	5	4
	STATE POLICE	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0
	MUNICIPAL	34	15	49	1	1	0	5	2	19	11	10
WEIRTON PD		33	14	47	1	1	0	5	2	19	9	10
NEW CUMBERLAND PD		1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
HARDY COUNTY	TOTAL	6	9	15	0	1	0	0	5	5	3	1

			PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE							
			JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
RURAL			6	8	14	0	1	0	0	4	5	3	1
SHERIFF			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATE POLICE			6	8	14	0	1	0	0	4	5	3	1
MUNICIPAL			0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
MOOREFIELD PD			0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
HARRISON COUNTY	TOTAL		29	102	131	4	3	1	7	9	16	79	12
RURAL			12	60	72	1	3	1	4	7	4	47	5
SHERIFF			0	4	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
STATE POLICE			12	56	68	1	3	0	4	7	4	47	2
MUNICIPAL			17	42	59	3	0	0	3	2	12	32	7
BRIDGEPORT PD			0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
CLARKSBURG PD			9	36	45	0	0	0	2	2	10	28	3
SALEM PD			2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
STONEWOOD PD			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANMOORE PD			1	3	4	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MUTTER FORT PD			5	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
JACKSON COUNTY	TOTAL		34	28	62	0	1	2	4	6	11	29	9
RURAL			9	21	30	0	1	2	4	5	3	10	5
			PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE							
			JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
SHERIFF			1	3	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
STATE POLICE			8	18	26	0	1	1	4	5	2	10	3
MUNICIPAL			25	7	32	0	0	0	0	1	8	19	4
RAVENSWOOD PD			16	4	20	0	0	0	0	0	5	11	4
RIPLEY PD			9	3	12	0	0	0	0	1	3	8	0
JEFFERSON COUNTY	TOTAL		36	68	104	3	1	1	9	10	30	33	17
RURAL			25	53	78	2	1	1	6	10	26	15	17
SHERIFF			9	10	19	0	0	0	0	4	9	5	1
STATE POLICE			16	43	59	2	1	1	6	6	17	10	16
MUNICIPAL			11	15	26	1	0	0	3	0	4	18	0
CHARLES TOWN PD			7	9	16	0	0	0	1	0	2	13	0
SHEPHERDSTOWN PD			2	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0
RANSON PD			2	5	7	1	0	0	1	0	0	5	0
KANAWHA COUNTY	TOTAL		751	711	1462	17	5	9	55	158	323	784	111
RURAL			186	249	435	5	4	8	18	39	165	136	60
SHERIFF			43	95	138	1	0	4	10	16	48	41	18
STATE POLICE			143	156	297	4	4	4	8	23	117	95	42
MUNICIPAL			565	462	1027	12	1	1	37	119	158	648	51

PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE									
JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT		
BELLE PD	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
CHARLESTON PD	490	417	907	12	1	1	36	112	116	591	38	
DUNBAR PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NITRO PD	2	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	
SAINT ALBANS PD	15	14	29	0	0	0	0	2	2	21	4	
SOUTH CHARLESTON PD	42	25	67	0	0	0	1	4	28	26	8	
CHESAPEAKE PD	4	1	7	0	0	0	0	1	5	1	0	
HARMET PD	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	
EAST BANK PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GLASGOW PD	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	
CLENDENIN PD	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
CEDAR GROVE PD	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
LEWIS COUNTY	TOTAL	7	22	29	1	0	0	5	5	8	9	1
	RURAL	3	13	16	1	0	0	5	4	3	3	0
	SHERIFF	1	5	6	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	0
	STATE POLICE	2	8	10	1	0	0	5	1	2	1	0
	MUNICIPAL	4	9	13	0	0	0	0	1	5	6	1
	WESTON PD	4	9	13	0	0	0	0	1	5	6	1

PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE									
JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT		
LINCOLN COUNTY	TOTAL	31	68	99	0	4	3	4	19	38	25	6
	RURAL	31	68	99	0	4	3	4	19	38	25	6
	SHERIFF	7	19	26	0	1	0	0	2	13	8	2
	STATE POLICE	24	49	73	0	3	3	4	17	25	17	4
LOGAN COUNTY	TOTAL	18	47	65	4	3	0	5	18	11	21	3
	RURAL	13	33	46	4	3	0	5	6	11	14	3
	SHERIFF	6	0	6	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0
	STATE POLICE	7	33	40	4	3	0	3	6	7	14	3
	MUNICIPAL	5	14	19	0	0	0	0	12	0	7	0
	LOGAN PD	5	12	17	0	0	0	0	10	0	7	0
	MAN PD	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
MCDOWELL COUNTY	TOTAL	26	122	148	17	2	12	1	31	51	30	4
	RURAL	18	110	128	17	2	12	1	31	38	23	4
	SHERIFF	5	16	21	1	0	4	0	8	5	0	3
	STATE POLICE	13	94	107	16	2	8	1	23	33	23	1
	MUNICIPAL	8	12	20	0	0	0	0	0	13	7	0
	KEYSTONE PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WAR PD	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0

PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND				AGENCY TYPE								
JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG	FORCIBLE MANSL RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT		
WELCH PD	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
ANAWALT PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GARY PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
DAVY PD	1	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	
KIMBALL PD	7	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	0	
IEAGER PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MARION COUNTY	TOTAL	26	76	102	0	0	4	5	21	35	30	7
	RURAL	20	47	67	0	0	3	0	18	17	24	5
	SHERIFF	2	24	26	0	0	0	0	17	2	7	0
	STATE POLICE	18	23	41	0	0	3	0	1	15	17	5
	MUNICIPAL	6	29	35	0	0	1	5	3	18	6	2
FAIRMONT PD	6	24	30	0	0	1	5	1	18	4	1	
MONNINGTON PD	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	
RIVESVILLE PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MONONGAH PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GRANT TOWN PD	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
MARSHALL COUNTY	TOTAL	66	140	206	6	2	7	4	9	43	129	6
	RURAL	12	38	50	6	2	6	4	4	13	12	3
	SHERIFF	1	10	11	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	2
	STATE POLICE	11	28	39	6	2	6	4	4	11	5	1
	MUNICIPAL	54	102	156	0	0	1	0	5	30	117	3
BENWOOD PD	3	61	64	0	0	0	0	0	3	60	1	
GLEN DALE PD	10	8	18	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	
MOUNDSVILLE PD	41	33	74	0	0	1	0	5	9	57	2	
MASON COUNTY	TOTAL	30	28	58	0	3	0	4	1	26	14	10
	RURAL	9	11	20	0	2	0	0	0	11	5	2
	SHERIFF	2	3	5	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1
	STATE POLICE	7	8	15	0	1	0	0	0	10	3	1
	MUNICIPAL	21	17	38	0	1	0	4	1	15	9	8
POINT PLEASANT PD	16	11	27	0	1	0	0	1	11	9	5	
NEW HAVEN PD	1	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	
MASON PD	4	2	6	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	
MERCER COUNTY	TOTAL	89	154	243	5	4	0	4	37	55	128	10
	RURAL	30	64	94	4	4	0	0	23	39	19	5
	SHERIFF	9	16	25	0	0	0	0	0	20	5	0
	STATE POLICE	21	48	69	4	4	0	0	23	19	14	5

		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE							
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
	MUNICIPAL	59	90	149	1	0	0	4	14	16	109	5
BLUEFIELD PD		31	49	80	1	0	0	4	4	9	60	2
PRINCETON PD		27	40	67	0	0	0	0	10	6	49	2
MATOAKA PD		1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
MINERAL COUNTY	TOTAL	61	55	116	1	1	2	1	9	35	61	6
	RURAL	54	41	95	1	1	2	1	2	30	52	6
	SHERIFF	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	STATE POLICE	54	40	94	1	1	2	1	2	29	52	6
	MUNICIPAL	7	14	21	0	0	0	0	7	5	9	0
KEYSER PD		7	10	17	0	0	0	0	7	3	7	0
RIDGELEY PD		0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
MINGO COUNTY	TOTAL	36	24	60	3	1	3	6	8	31	7	1
	RURAL	28	16	44	3	1	2	2	6	22	7	1
	SHERIFF	15	9	24	1	0	0	2	6	11	4	0
	STATE POLICE	13	7	20	2	1	2	0	0	11	3	1
	MUNICIPAL	8	8	16	0	0	1	4	2	9	0	0
WILLIAMSON PD		0	7	7	0	0	1	4	1	1	0	0
KERMIT PD		0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE							
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
	DELBARTON PD	8	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
MONONGALIA COUNTY	TOTAL	26	128	154	3	1	4	2	15	42	70	17
	RURAL	16	57	73	2	0	4	1	8	32	17	9
	SHERIFF	11	17	28	1	0	0	0	2	20	5	0
	STATE POLICE	5	40	45	1	0	4	1	6	12	12	9
	MUNICIPAL	10	71	81	1	1	0	1	7	10	53	8
MORGANTOWN PD		10	68	78	1	1	0	1	7	10	51	7
STAR CITY PD		0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
MONROE COUNTY	TOTAL	6	9	15	0	3	0	0	3	7	2	0
	RURAL	6	9	15	0	3	0	0	3	7	2	0
	SHERIFF	1	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
	STATE POLICE	5	7	12	0	2	0	0	3	6	1	0
MORGAN COUNTY	TOTAL	20	22	42	0	1	0	0	4	27	9	1
	RURAL	14	21	35	0	1	0	0	3	22	8	1
	SHERIFF	3	3	6	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	0
	STATE POLICE	11	18	29	0	0	0	0	3	19	6	1
	MUNICIPAL	6	1	7	0	0	0	0	1	5	1	0
BERKELEY SPRINGS PD		1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0

		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE							
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
PAN-PAN PD		5	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0
NICHOLAS COUNTY	TOTAL	65	87	152	3	7	5	0	12	49	59	17
	RURAL	49	65	114	3	7	5	0	3	41	42	13
	SHERIFF	13	25	38	0	2	3	0	2	6	24	1
	STATE POLICE	36	40	76	3	5	2	0	1	35	18	12
	MUNICIPAL	16	22	38	0	0	0	0	9	8	17	4
RICHMOOD PD		2	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1
SUMMERSVILLE PD		14	19	33	0	0	0	0	9	5	16	3
OHIO COUNTY	TOTAL	74	126	200	3	0	0	24	25	48	78	22
	RURAL	0	21	21	0	0	0	2	7	11	0	1
	SHERIFF	0	18	18	0	0	0	2	5	11	0	0
	STATE POLICE	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1
	MUNICIPAL	74	105	179	3	0	0	22	18	37	78	21
WHEELING PD		74	105	179	3	0	0	22	18	37	78	21
PENDLETON COUNTY	TOTAL	6	18	24	0	1	0	0	3	11	8	1
	RURAL	6	18	24	0	1	0	0	3	11	8	1
	SHERIFF	3	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0
	STATE POLICE	3	15	18	0	1	0	0	3	5	8	1
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRANKLIN PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PLEASANTS COUNTY	TOTAL	1	5	6	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	2
	RURAL	0	5	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	2
	STATE POLICE	0	5	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	2
	MUNICIPAL	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
SAINT MARYS PD		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
POCAHONTAS COUNTY	TOTAL	16	8	24	0	4	0	0	1	18	0	1
	RURAL	16	8	24	0	4	0	0	1	18	0	1
	SHERIFF	2	3	5	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	1
	STATE POLICE	14	5	19	0	2	0	0	1	16	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARLINTON PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PRESTON COUNTY	TOTAL	17	34	51	0	2	0	0	5	14	25	5
	RURAL	14	32	46	0	2	0	0	5	12	24	3
	SHERIFF	3	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2
	STATE POLICE	11	28	39	0	2	0	0	5	7	24	1
	MUNICIPAL	3	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2

		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE				ROBBERY	AGGRAV	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND	CRIMINAL	HOMICIDE	FORCIBLE		ASSAULT			THEFT	
				TOTAL	MURDER	NEG	MANSL	RAPE					
KINGWOOD PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TERRA ALTA PD		0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
MASONTOWN PD		3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	
TUNNELTON PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
PUTNAM COUNTY	TOTAL	39	67	106	1	0	4	0	2	33	58	8	
	RURAL	39	67	106	1	0	4	0	2	33	58	8	
	SHERIFF	17	27	44	0	0	0	0	1	12	31	0	
	STATE POLICE	22	40	62	1	0	4	0	1	21	27	8	
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MURRICANE PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RALEIGH COUNTY	TOTAL	179	335	514	9	12	6	17	78	104	264	24	
	RURAL	41	148	189	7	9	3	10	53	50	41	16	
	SHERIFF	7	35	42	0	0	0	2	20	9	8	3	
	STATE POLICE	34	113	147	7	9	3	8	33	41	33	13	
	MUNICIPAL	138	187	325	2	3	3	7	25	54	223	8	
BECKLEY PD		132	185	317	2	3	3	7	24	50	220	8	
MABSCOTT PD		5	2	7	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	0	
SOPHIA PD		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE				ROBBERY	AGGRAV	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND	CRIMINAL	HOMICIDE	FORCIBLE		ASSAULT			THEFT	
				TOTAL	MURDER	NEG	MANSL	RAPE					
RANDOLPH COUNTY	TOTAL	27	49	76	0	1	0	0	9	18	36	12	
	RURAL	21	46	67	0	0	0	0	7	12	36	12	
	STATE POLICE	21	46	67	0	0	0	0	7	12	36	12	
	MUNICIPAL	6	3	9	0	1	0	0	2	6	0	0	
ELKINS PD		6	3	9	0	1	0	0	2	6	0	0	
RITCHIE COUNTY	TOTAL	1	14	15	0	1	2	0	1	1	6	4	
	RURAL	1	14	15	0	1	2	0	1	1	6	4	
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	STATE POLICE	1	14	15	0	1	2	0	1	1	6	4	
ROANE COUNTY	TOTAL	15	40	55	0	1	0	1	7	22	23	1	
	RURAL	14	35	49	0	1	0	1	7	21	19	0	
	SHERIFF	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
	STATE POLICE	14	34	48	0	1	0	1	6	21	19	0	
	MUNICIPAL	1	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	
SPENCER PD		1	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	
SUMMERS COUNTY	TOTAL	7	6	13	0	0	0	0	1	2	7	3	
	RURAL	3	6	9	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	2	
	STATE POLICE	3	6	9	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	2	

		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE								
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG MANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	
	MUNICIPAL	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	
HINTON PD		4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	
TAYLOR COUNTY	TOTAL	12	35	47	0	1	0	0	18	13	7	8	
	RURAL	12	35	47	0	1	0	0	18	13	7	8	
	SHERIFF	12	33	45	0	1	0	0	17	13	6	8	
	STATE POLICE	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GRAFTON PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TUCKER COUNTY	TOTAL	8	14	22	0	0	0	0	2	7	6	7	
	RURAL	6	7	13	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	7	
	SHERIFF	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
	STATE POLICE	6	6	12	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	7	
	MUNICIPAL	2	7	9	0	0	0	0	2	3	4	0	
PARSONS PD		0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
THOMAS PD		2	5	7	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	
TYLER COUNTY	TOTAL	8	10	18	0	0	0	0	0	9	3	6	
	RURAL	6	10	16	0	0	0	0	0	8	2	6	
	STATE POLICE	6	10	16	0	0	0	0	0	8	2	6	
	MUNICIPAL	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
PADEN CITY PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SISTERSVILLE PD		2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
MIDDLEBOURNE PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
UPSHUR COUNTY	TOTAL	15	26	41	1	0	3	0	2	7	27	1	
	RURAL	7	24	31	1	0	3	0	2	7	17	1	
	SHERIFF	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	
	STATE POLICE	6	21	27	1	0	3	0	2	7	14	0	
	MUNICIPAL	8	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	
BUCKHANNON PD		8	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	
WAYNE COUNTY	TOTAL	40	38	78	2	0	2	3	2	56	9	4	
	RURAL	38	37	75	2	0	2	3	2	55	7	4	
	SHERIFF	13	12	25	0	0	2	0	1	19	3	0	
	STATE POLICE	25	25	50	2	0	0	3	1	36	4	4	
	MUNICIPAL	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	
CEREDO PD		2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
KENDVA PD		0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
FORT GAY PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

		PART I ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE								
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	CRIMINAL MURDER	HOMICIDE NEG HANSL	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	
WEBSTER COUNTY	TOTAL	11	26	37	0	0	0	1	10	16	3	7	
	RURAL	11	26	37	0	0	0	1	10	16	3	7	
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	STATE POLICE	11	26	37	0	0	0	1	10	16	3	7	
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	WEBSTER SPRINGS PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
WETZEL COUNTY	TOTAL	12	21	33	0	0	1	3	3	15	10	1	
	RURAL	5	14	19	0	0	1	3	2	9	3	1	
	SHERIFF	0	6	6	0	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	
	STATE POLICE	5	8	13	0	0	0	3	1	5	3	1	
	MUNICIPAL	7	7	14	0	0	0	0	1	6	7	0	
	HUNDRED PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	NEW MARTINSVILLE PD	7	7	14	0	0	0	0	1	6	7	0	
WIRT COUNTY	TOTAL	3	4	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	
	RURAL	3	4	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	
	STATE POLICE	3	4	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	
WOOD COUNTY	TOTAL	32	179	211	1	3	2	18	12	44	97	34	
	RURAL	12	58	70	0	1	1	5	9	8	34	12	
	SHERIFF	3	44	47	0	1	1	5	6	4	25	5	
	STATE POLICE	9	14	23	0	0	0	0	3	4	9	7	
	MUNICIPAL	20	121	141	1	2	1	13	3	36	63	22	
	PARKERSBURG PD	17	116	133	1	2	1	13	2	34	59	21	
	VIENNA PD	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
	WILLIAMSTOWN PD	3	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	
WYOMING COUNTY	TOTAL	13	46	59	2	2	2	1	11	20	15	6	
	RURAL	13	42	55	2	2	1	1	11	19	14	5	
	SHERIFF	4	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	1	
	STATE POLICE	9	40	49	2	2	1	1	11	14	14	4	
	MUNICIPAL	0	4	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	
	MULLENS PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	PINEVILLE PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	OCEANA PD	0	4	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	

PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE

The report in this section details the number of persons arrested for Part II Offenses.

Note - Agencies who have made no arrests for Part II Offenses during the annual reporting period of 1972 will not be listed in this report.

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE				ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	OTHER ASSAULTS							
WEST VIRGINIA	TOTAL	4618	51626	56244	2621	47	357	1107	36	279	585	701
	RURAL	1787	24557	26344	1528	33	249	1033	30	141	309	449
	SHERIFF'S	718	7780	8498	470	6	113	219	20	37	108	80
	STATE POLICE	1069	16777	17846	1058	27	136	814	10	104	201	369
	MUNICIPAL	2831	27069	29900	1093	14	108	74	6	138	276	332
BARBOUR COUNTY	TOTAL	25	440	465	16	1	2	33	0	2	25	6
	RURAL	22	196	218	16	1	2	33	0	2	23	5
	SHERIFF	5	17	22	0	0	0	1	0	0	7	0
	STATE POLICE	17	179	196	16	1	2	32	0	2	16	5
	MUNICIPAL	3	244	247	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
	BELINGTON PD	0	77	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PHILIPPI PD	3	167	170	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
BERKELEY COUNTY	TOTAL	100	955	1055	87	0	4	28	3	1	20	8
	RURAL	49	467	516	74	0	4	28	0	1	12	8
	SHERIFF	44	246	290	64	0	4	28	0	0	12	6
	STATE POLICE	5	221	226	10	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
	MUNICIPAL	51	488	539	13	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
	MARTINSBURG PD	51	488	539	13	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
BOONE COUNTY	TOTAL	61	752	813	40	0	4	15	0	0	20	13
	RURAL	29	480	509	38	0	3	15	0	0	16	12
	SHERIFF	7	71	78	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
	STATE POLICE	22	409	431	33	0	3	15	0	0	14	12
	MUNICIPAL	32	272	304	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	1
	MADISON PD	28	192	220	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITESVILLE PD	4	80	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1
BRAXTON COUNTY	TOTAL	29	383	412	29	0	1	57	0	3	7	4
	RURAL	22	245	267	19	0	1	57	0	3	5	4
	SHERIFF	15	58	73	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	1
	STATE POLICE	7	187	194	17	0	1	56	0	3	2	3
	MUNICIPAL	7	138	145	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
	GASSAWAY PD	5	107	112	9	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
	SUTTON PD	2	31	33	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BROOKE COUNTY	TOTAL	38	209	247	43	1	0	4	1	0	5	7
	RURAL	34	118	152	35	1	0	4	1	0	5	5
	SHERIFF	34	109	143	35	1	0	4	1	0	5	5
	STATE POLICE	0	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	4	91	95	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	FOLLANSBEE PD	2	30	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WELLSBURG PD	2	61	63	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
CABELL COUNTY	TOTAL	641	3958	4599	206	3	28	27	2	40	74	75
	RURAL	127	750	877	34	2	5	6	1	5	3	8
	SHERIFF	39	419	458	13	0	1	0	1	0	2	1
	STATE POLICE	88	331	419	21	2	4	6	0	5	1	7
	MUNICIPAL	514	3208	3722	172	1	23	21	1	35	71	67
	BARBOURSVILLE PD	7	16	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
	HUNTINGTON PD	507	3187	3694	172	1	23	21	1	34	65	67
	MILTON PD	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
CALHOUN COUNTY	TOTAL	6	259	265	5	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
	RURAL	6	259	265	5	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
	STATE POLICE	6	259	265	5	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GRANTSVILLE PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLAY COUNTY	TOTAL	16	291	307	10	0	2	0	0	4	1	7
	RURAL	14	222	236	10	0	2	0	0	4	1	7
	STATE POLICE	14	222	236	10	0	2	0	0	4	1	7

CGML VICE	SEX OFFENSES	NARCOTIC AND DRUG	PART II GAMBLING	ARRESTS BY FAMILY OFFENSES	CHARGE DRIVING UND INFL	AND LIQUOR LAWS	AGENCY TYPE DRUNK-ENNESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
107	181	783	497	769	4442	617	31690	2038	115	7477	0	625	890
32	84	372	257	678	2677	396	12057	431	63	4969	0	19	537
18	32	136	61	268	449	106	3910	175	12	2002	0	13	263
14	52	236	196	410	2228	290	8147	254	51	2967	0	6	274
75	97	411	240	91	1965	221	19633	1607	52	2508	0	606	353
0	2	2	3	1	38	23	254	7	1	45	0	0	4
0	1	2	3	1	15	0	68	1	0	41	0	0	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	2	3	1	15	0	54	1	0	41	0	0	4
0	1	0	0	0	23	23	186	6	1	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	69	3	0	3	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	21	23	117	3	1	1	0	0	0
2	4	26	0	21	100	14	590	45	0	57	0	10	38
2	4	16	0	20	81	2	186	1	0	49	0	2	26
0	4	4	0	15	0	0	98	0	0	27	0	2	26
2	0	12	0	5	81	2	88	1	0	22	0	0	0
0	0	10	0	1	19	12	404	44	0	8	0	8	12
0	0	10	0	1	19	12	404	44	0	8	0	8	12
0	1	3	1	11	62	7	564	8	1	40	0	22	1
0	1	1	1	11	51	3	316	0	0	39	0	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	7	0	62	0	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	1	11	44	3	254	0	0	38	0	0	1
0	0	2	0	0	11	4	248	8	1	1	0	21	0
0	0	2	0	0	3	4	184	1	1	1	0	21	0
0	0	0	0	0	8	0	64	7	0	0	0	0	0
0	2	6	0	10	45	2	181	23	0	34	0	1	7
0	2	6	0	10	42	2	75	2	0	32	0	0	7
0	2	3	0	0	16	0	25	2	0	12	0	0	6
0	0	3	0	10	26	2	50	0	0	20	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	106	21	0	2	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	77	18	0	2	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	3	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	8	0	0	20	0	72	44	1	21	0	0	19
0	1	8	0	0	7	0	34	14	1	17	0	0	19
0	1	0	0	0	6	0	34	14	1	17	0	0	19
0	0	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	13	0	38	30	0	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	9	0	4	12	0	3	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	4	0	30	18	0	1	0	0	0
10	51	190	47	37	201	60	2775	147	1	514	0	19	112
0	5	26	3	22	74	29	380	8	1	246	0	0	19
0	3	20	0	20	28	0	255	2	0	108	0	0	4
0	2	6	3	2	46	29	125	6	1	138	0	0	15
10	26	164	44	15	127	31	2395	139	0	268	0	19	93
0	0	3	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	4	0	0	0
10	26	161	44	15	127	31	2383	137	0	264	0	19	93
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	11	23	0	142	0	0	75	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	11	23	0	142	0	0	75	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	11	23	0	142	0	0	75	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	4	0	0	27	4	227	1	0	20	0	0	1
0	0	4	0	0	25	2	162	0	0	19	0	0	0
0	0	4	0	0	25	2	162	0	0	19	0	0	0

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND GRAND AGENCY TYPE			ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	AND GRAND TOTAL	OTHER ASSAULTS						
	MUNICIPAL	2	69	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLAY PD		2	69	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DODDRIDGE COUNTY	TOTAL	6	84	90	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
	RURAL	5	65	70	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SHERIFF	0	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	5	59	64	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	1	19	20	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
WEST UNION PD		1	19	20	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
FAYETTE COUNTY	TOTAL	99	1232	1331	59	1	6	1	0	11	7
	RURAL	84	866	950	55	1	6	1	0	11	7
	SHERIFF	58	462	520	36	0	4	1	0	7	6
	STATE POLICE	26	404	430	19	1	2	0	0	4	1
	MUNICIPAL	15	366	381	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANSTED PD		5	8	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FAYETTEVILLE PD		3	25	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTGOMERY PD		2	158	160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOUNT HOPE PD		2	33	35	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
OAK HILL PD		0	50	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SMITHERS PD		3	92	95	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GILMER COUNTY	TOTAL	5	293	298	18	0	4	72	0	0	0
	RURAL	4	215	219	18	0	4	72	0	0	0
	SHERIFF	0	49	49	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	4	166	170	17	0	4	71	0	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	1	78	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLENVILLE PD		1	78	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRANT COUNTY	TOTAL	2	195	197	21	0	0	0	0	0	1
	RURAL	2	174	176	21	0	0	0	0	0	0

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND GRAND AGENCY TYPE			ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	AND GRAND TOTAL	OTHER ASSAULTS						
	SHERIFF	2	33	35	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	0	141	141	19	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	0	21	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
PETERSBURG PD		0	21	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
GREENBRIER COUNTY	TOTAL	62	1021	1083	12	2	7	2	0	6	10
	RURAL	44	709	753	12	2	7	2	0	5	7
	SHERIFF	20	45	65	0	0	1	0	0	2	0
	STATE POLICE	24	664	688	12	2	6	2	0	3	7
	MUNICIPAL	18	312	330	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
LEWISBURG PD		8	92	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
RAINELLE PD		0	91	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
RONCEVERTE PD		4	100	104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS PD		6	29	35	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
HAMPSHIRE COUNTY	TOTAL	20	154	174	12	0	0	1	0	6	11
	RURAL	20	121	141	12	0	0	1	0	6	11
	SHERIFF	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	19	119	138	12	0	0	1	0	6	11
	MUNICIPAL	0	33	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RONNEY PD		0	33	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HANCOCK COUNTY	TOTAL	98	463	561	56	1	2	3	1	7	10
	RURAL	20	119	139	13	1	1	2	1	5	1
	SHERIFF	20	92	112	13	0	1	1	1	4	1
	STATE POLICE	0	27	27	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	78	344	422	43	0	1	1	0	2	9
WEIRTON PD		78	326	404	40	0	0	1	0	2	9
NEW CUMBERLAND PD		0	18	18	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
HARDY COUNTY	TOTAL	10	164	174	13	1	0	11	0	2	4

CUMULATIVE	SEX OFFENSES	PART I		ARRESTS BY CHARGE		AND LIQUOR LAWS	AGENCY TYPE DRUNKENNESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
		NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	FAMILY OFFENSES	DRIVING UNL INFL								
0	0	0	0	0	2	2	65	1	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	2	2	65	1	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	19	0	60	3	0	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	19	0	45	0	0	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	19	0	41	0	0	2	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	3	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	3	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	21	6	5	119	10	728	24	0	290	0	5	13
0	0	19	6	4	104	6	411	4	0	278	0	0	12
0	0	10	0	2	29	6	210	0	0	197	0	0	4
0	0	9	6	2	75	0	201	4	0	81	0	0	8
0	0	2	0	1	15	4	317	20	0	12	0	5	1
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	0	0	0	0	5	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	24	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	136	9	0	12	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	21	9	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	9	0	39	2	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	2	0	1	0	0	90	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	1	30	0	153	0	1	16	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	1	23	0	83	0	0	16	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	1	3	0	38	0	0	5	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	20	0	45	0	0	11	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	7	0	70	0	1	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	7	0	70	0	1	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	1	38	0	54	14	0	68	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	28	0	44	14	0	68	0	0	0

CUMULATIVE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II		ARRESTS BY CHARGE		AND LIQUOR LAWS	AGENCY TYPE DRUNKENNESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
		NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	FAMILY OFFENSES	DRIVING UNL INFL								
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	29	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	28	0	44	10	0	39	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	5	14	2	4	92	5	595	41	11	252	0	0	23
0	4	5	2	4	75	3	347	19	1	236	0	0	22
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	30	0	1	16	0	0	13
0	4	5	2	4	73	3	317	19	0	220	0	0	9
0	1	9	0	0	17	2	248	22	10	16	0	0	1
0	0	9	0	0	5	0	60	4	8	12	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	7	0	78	0	0	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	2	1	93	8	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	3	1	17	10	2	0	0	0	0
0	2	1	0	0	26	6	69	2	0	32	0	0	5
0	2	1	0	0	23	6	39	2	0	32	0	0	5
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	2	1	0	0	21	6	38	2	0	32	0	0	5
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	4	44	14	24	47	25	138	44	2	105	0	7	15
0	2	27	2	9	7	0	9	5	2	45	0	0	7
0	2	6	2	9	4	0	9	5	2	45	0	0	7
0	0	21	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	2	17	12	15	40	25	129	39	0	60	0	7	8
0	2	17	12	13	38	25	124	36	0	58	0	7	8
0	0	0	0	2	2	0	5	3	0	2	0	0	0
0	0	6	0	5	32	3	57	19	0	20	0	0	1

PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND GRAND TOTAL				AGENCY TYPE OTHER ASSAULTS	ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL									
RURAL	8	131	139	11	1	0	11	0	0	2	4
SHERIFF	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATE POLICE	8	127	135	11	1	0	11	0	0	2	4
MUNICIPAL	2	33	35	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOOREFIELD PD	2	33	35	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HARRISON COUNTY	TOTAL	94	1532	1626	61	1	10	23	0	6	23
RURAL	61	622	683	37	1	3	23	0	5	13	15
SHERIFF	47	177	224	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1
STATE POLICE	14	445	459	37	1	3	23	0	2	10	14
MUNICIPAL	33	910	943	24	0	7	0	0	1	17	8
BRIDGEPORT PD	0	44	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLARKSBURG PD	32	626	658	20	0	7	0	0	1	10	6
SALEM PD	1	9	10	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STONEWOOD PD	0	9	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANMOORE PD	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NUTTER FORT PD	0	21	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
JACKSON COUNTY	TOTAL	45	522	567	8	4	4	6	0	0	5
RURAL	20	318	338	7	0	4	6	0	0	0	4
SHERIFF	12	138	150	5	0	0	6	0	0	0	2
STATE POLICE	8	180	188	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	2
MUNICIPAL	25	204	229	1	4	0	0	0	0	1	1
RAVENSWOOD PD	15	74	89	1	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
RIPLEY PD	10	130	140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
JEFFERSON COUNTY	TOTAL	44	467	511	50	0	22	1	1	7	17
RURAL	40	341	381	40	0	22	1	1	0	4	16
SHERIFF	30	196	226	27	0	16	1	0	0	3	11
STATE POLICE	10	145	155	13	0	6	0	1	0	1	5

PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND GRAND TOTAL				AGENCY TYPE OTHER ASSAULTS	ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL									
MUNICIPAL	4	126	130	10	0	0	0	0	1	3	1
CHARLES TOWN PD	2	53	55	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
SHEPERDSTOWN PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RANSON PD	2	73	75	8	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
KANAWHA COUNTY	TOTAL	1406	10206	11672	417	3	117	130	6	86	149
RURAL	272	3994	4266	131	2	87	122	3	32	46	54
SHERIFF	85	1777	1862	47	0	63	118	3	9	20	15
STATE POLICE	147	2217	2404	84	2	24	4	0	23	26	39
MUNICIPAL	1134	6272	7406	286	1	30	8	3	54	23	95
BELLE PD	1	21	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHARLESTON PD	796	4272	5068	221	1	27	7	3	52	5	64
DUNBAR PD	3	16	19	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
NITRO PD	22	125	147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SAINT ALBANS PD	57	508	565	13	0	0	0	0	0	12	7
SOUTH CHARLESTON PD	214	931	1145	48	0	3	1	0	1	6	24
CHESAPEAKE PD	18	53	71	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARMET PD	0	24	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EAST BANK PD	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLASGOW PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLENDENIN PD	11	124	135	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CEDAR GROVE PD	12	196	208	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEWIS COUNTY	TOTAL	21	430	451	14	1	5	0	0	0	1
RURAL	12	142	204	13	0	3	0	0	0	0	1
SHERIFF	8	114	122	9	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
STATE POLICE	4	78	82	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
MUNICIPAL	9	238	247	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
WESTON PD	9	238	247	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0

CUMULATIVE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II		ARRESTS BY CHARGE			AND AGENCY TYPE	DISORD	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
		NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	FAMILY OFFENSES	DRIVING UND INFL	LIQUOR LAWS							
0	0	6	0	5	31	3	43	1	0	20	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	6	0	5	29	3	41	1	0	20	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	14	18	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	14	18	0	0	0	0	0
1	4	14	0	14	145	14	890	113	8	228	0	3	38
0	1	4	0	14	64	5	263	60	4	137	0	3	31
0	0	3	0	0	8	5	151	4	4	8	0	3	31
0	1	1	0	14	56	0	112	56	0	129	0	0	0
1	3	10	0	0	81	9	627	53	4	91	0	0	7
0	0	0	0	0	6	6	19	1	0	12	0	0	0
1	3	10	0	0	71	3	586	52	4	75	0	0	7
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	3	5	0	26	92	0	319	2	1	60	0	4	25
0	2	1	0	27	63	0	148	1	0	58	0	0	17
0	2	0	0	23	16	0	58	0	0	27	0	0	11
0	0	1	0	4	47	0	90	1	0	31	0	0	6
0	1	4	0	1	29	0	171	1	1	2	0	4	8
0	1	3	0	1	18	0	50	1	1	0	0	4	4
0	0	1	0	0	11	0	121	0	0	2	0	0	4
0	0	10	2	22	85	1	155	72	1	48	0	0	8
0	0	10	2	22	53	1	100	45	0	48	0	0	8
0	0	0	0	21	20	0	39	42	0	32	0	0	5
0	0	0	2	1	30	1	61	3	0	16	0	0	3

CUMULATIVE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II		ARRESTS BY CHARGE			AND AGENCY TYPE	DISORD	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
		NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	FAMILY OFFENSES	DRIVING UND INFL	LIQUOR LAWS							
0	0	0	0	0	32	0	56	27	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	15	0	31	5	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	17	0	24	24	0	0	0	0	0
00	00	100	001	04	955	101	0000	471	5	1381	0	411	171
10	12	70	00	00	432	40	2050	36	2	954	0	2	72
10	0	90	07	20	78	00	655	5	0	626	0	0	33
0	4	21	1	20	394	10	1375	31	2	333	0	2	39
50	20	00	143	04	523	00	4020	405	3	422	0	409	99
0	0	0	0	0	4	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	1
00	10	67	130	04	110	40	3252	333	1	313	0	246	73
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	104	5	0	14	0	12	1
0	3	4	10	0	107	0	342	5	0	17	0	15	0
0	0	0	0	0	105	0	562	00	2	75	0	172	10
0	0	0	0	0	17	0	35	2	0	1	0	12	1
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	109	18	0	2	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	41	0	101	4	0	0	0	0	2
0	4	1	2	09	2	200	4	0	0	87	0	0	4
0	0	1	2	13	2	79	0	0	0	07	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	50	0	0	50	0	0	0
0	0	1	2	11	2	20	0	0	0	37	0	0	1
0	0	2	0	0	20	0	200	4	0	0	0	0	3
0	0	2	0	0	20	0	200	4	0	0	0	0	3

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE			ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VIOL	ILL'GAL WEAPNS	
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	OTHER ASSAULTS							
LINCOLN COUNTY	TOTAL	26	801	827	42	2	5	11	1	6	14	21
	RURAL	26	801	827	42	2	5	11	1	6	14	21
	SHERIFF	5	232	237	10	1	1	7	1	1	6	5
	STATE POLICE	21	569	590	32	1	4	11	0	5	8	16
LOGAN COUNTY	TOTAL	33	1112	1145	64	3	1	6	1	10	11	11
	RURAL	19	601	620	59	3	1	6	1	6	6	6
	SHERIFF	6	73	79	6	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
	STATE POLICE	13	528	541	53	2	1	5	0	5	5	5
	MUNICIPAL	14	511	525	5	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
	LOGAN PD	4	509	513	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MAN PD	10	2	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
MCJOWELL COUNTY	TOTAL	46	2347	2393	84	1	1	5	1	6	4	45
	RURAL	34	716	750	82	1	0	5	0	7	4	33
	SHERIFF	2	173	175	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	STATE POLICE	32	743	775	75	1	0	5	0	7	4	32
	MUNICIPAL	12	1151	1163	7	0	1	0	1	0	0	12
	KEYSTONE PD	0	206	206	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WAR PD	0	196	196	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WELCH PD	2	379	381	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
	ANAMALT PD	0	6	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GARY PD	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DAVY PD	6	176	182	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	KIMBALL PD	4	53	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	IEAGER PD	0	114	114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MARION COUNTY	TOTAL	54	1355	1409	47	1	0	40	0	23	18	17
	RURAL	56	613	669	39	0	6	40	0	3	8	3
	SHERIFF	5	242	247	20	0	1	1	0	0	4	0
	STATE POLICE	51	364	415	19	0	7	39	0	3	4	3
	MUNICIPAL	43	762	805	8	1	0	0	0	20	10	14
	FAIRMONT PD	20	737	757	8	1	0	0	0	20	2	14
	MANNINGTON PD	23	28	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
	RIVESVILLE PD	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MONONGAH PD	0	14	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GRANT TOWN PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARSHALL COUNTY	TOTAL	164	727	891	41	3	4	5	1	5	16	8
	RURAL	12	127	139	9	0	3	4	0	3	5	1
	SHERIFF	18	44	62	1	0	0	4	0	0	2	1
	STATE POLICE	14	63	77	8	0	3	0	0	3	3	0
	MUNICIPAL	132	580	712	32	3	1	1	1	2	11	7
	BENHOOD PD	15	34	49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GLEN DALE PD	0	29	29	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
	MOUNDSVILLE PD	117	517	634	30	3	1	1	1	0	10	7
MASON COUNTY	TOTAL	88	599	687	26	0	7	76	0	2	18	1
	RURAL	37	452	489	21	0	5	76	0	0	4	0
	SHERIFF	26	126	154	7	0	1	10	0	0	1	0
	STATE POLICE	9	326	335	14	0	4	66	0	0	3	0
	MUNICIPAL	51	147	198	7	0	2	0	0	2	14	1
	POINT PLEASANT PD	38	145	183	7	0	2	0	0	2	14	1
	NEW HAVEN PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MASON PD	13	2	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MERCER COUNTY	TOTAL	248	2752	3000	83	1	3	7	7	7	16	39
	RURAL	121	1056	1177	49	1	3	7	7	6	11	23
	SHERIFF	41	468	509	8	1	1	5	1	2	10	3
	STATE POLICE	80	588	668	41	0	2	2	6	4	1	20

CIVIL VIOL	SEX OFFENSES	PART II NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	ARRESTS FAMILY OFFENSES	BY CHANGE DRIVING UND INFL	AND AGENCY LIQUOR LAWS	TYPE DRUNK- FINESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN- AWAYS
0	3	4	19	11	88	10	491	14	0	61	0	0	10
0	3	4	19	11	88	10	491	14	0	61	0	0	10
0	0	1	0	2	14	0	156	0	0	39	0	0	1
0	0	0	17	0	76	10	335	14	0	22	0	0	9
1	0	4	2	14	52	56	590	25	20	163	0	12	6
1	0	4	2	18	55	56	262	5	21	64	0	3	5
0	0	0	0	1	5	0	61	5	0	1	0	1	0
1	0	1	2	17	50	56	721	0	20	84	0	0	5
0	0	0	0	1	37	0	300	60	0	95	0	9	1
0	0	0	0	1	36	0	300	60	0	94	0	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	20	64	92	10	1405	116	10	69	0	2	17
0	4	0	20	62	73	17	530	2	15	44	0	2	17
0	1	1	0	5	5	0	153	2	0	0	0	0	0
0	3	5	20	77	68	17	377	0	15	44	0	2	17
0	2	0	0	0	20	1	555	114	1	25	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	9	0	175	4	0	2	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	4	0	107	1	0	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	253	46	1	19	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	181	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	2	0	0	0	0	0	53	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	191	10	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	14	10	50	104	11	784	80	4	250	0	5	0
0	0	14	14	50	34	11	248	0	0	182	0	0	7
0	2	0	0	14	10	0	164	0	0	23	0	0	4

CIVIL VIOL	SEX OFFENSES	PART II NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	ARRESTS FAMILY OFFENSES	BY CHANGE DRIVING UND INFL	AND AGENCY LIQUOR LAWS	TYPE DRUNK- FINESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN- AWAYS
0	4	14	14	31	18	11	64	0	0	159	0	0	3
0	0	0	2	0	75	0	536	80	4	68	0	5	2
0	0	0	2	0	66	0	508	67	3	63	0	1	2
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	25	5	1	5	0	4	0
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	8	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	4	16	6	12	23	9	288	16	3	364	0	12	38
0	3	10	1	10	7	5	54	1	0	43	0	0	20
0	1	1	0	10	2	0	12	0	0	35	0	0	13
0	2	9	1	0	5	5	42	1	0	8	0	0	7
0	1	6	5	2	16	4	234	15	3	321	0	12	18
0	0	0	0	0	12	0	12	11	0	0	0	12	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	22	1	0	2	0	0	0
0	1	6	5	2	3	4	200	3	3	319	0	0	18
0	0	1	0	16	84	3	317	13	0	91	0	0	30
0	0	1	0	15	49	0	229	0	0	72	0	0	17
0	0	1	0	6	11	0	58	0	0	43	0	0	14
0	0	0	0	7	38	0	171	0	0	29	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	1	35	3	88	13	0	19	0	0	13
0	0	0	0	1	34	3	87	13	0	19	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	13
1	10	20	18	26	247	4	2082	129	0	215	0	46	39
0	3	17	8	26	142	2	651	64	0	126	0	0	31
0	1	3	0	25	43	0	319	64	0	23	0	0	0
0	2	14	8	1	99	2	332	0	0	103	0	0	31

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND GRAND TOTAL			AGENCY TYPE OTHER ASSAULTS	ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL								
	MUNICIPAL	127	1696	1823	34	0	0	0	0	1	5	16
BLUEFIELD PD		96	1037	1133	28	0	0	0	0	0	5	10
PRINCETON PD		21	582	603	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	4
NATOAKA PD		10	77	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
MINERAL COUNTY	TOTAL	68	532	600	37	0	2	3	0	3	4	22
	RURAL	22	213	235	31	0	2	3	0	2	4	12
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	22	213	235	31	0	2	3	0	2	4	12
	MUNICIPAL	46	319	365	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	10
KEYSER PD		34	290	324	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
RIDGELEY PD		12	29	41	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
MINGO COUNTY	TOTAL	11	1244	1255	2	0	1	1	0	3	0	6
	RURAL	5	660	665	2	0	1	1	0	3	0	6
	SHERIFF	4	261	265	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
	STATE POLICE	1	399	400	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	4
	MUNICIPAL	6	584	590	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WILLIAMSON PD		2	364	366	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KERMIT PD		0	35	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DELBARTON PD		4	185	189	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONONGALIA COUNTY	TOTAL	36	1255	1291	102	0	9	74	4	4	5	21
	RURAL	14	788	802	72	0	6	73	4	1	4	15
	SHERIFF	2	379	381	44	0	4	16	3	0	3	0
	STATE POLICE	12	409	421	28	0	2	55	1	1	1	15
	MUNICIPAL	22	467	489	30	0	3	1	0	3	1	6
MORGANTOWN PD		22	465	487	30	0	3	1	0	3	1	6
STAR CITY PD		0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONROE COUNTY	TOTAL	1	55	56	2	0	0	15	0	0	0	2

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND GRAND TOTAL			AGENCY TYPE OTHER ASSAULTS	ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL								
	RURAL	1	55	56	2	0	0	15	0	0	0	2
	SHERIFF	0	15	15	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	1	40	41	2	0	0	14	0	0	0	2
MORGAN COUNTY	TOTAL	14	164	178	40	3	1	9	0	1	12	8
	RURAL	9	162	171	40	3	1	9	0	1	11	6
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	9	162	171	40	3	1	9	0	1	11	6
	MUNICIPAL	5	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
BERKELEY SPRINGS PD		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PAW-PAN PD		5	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
NICHOLAS COUNTY	TOTAL	52	767	819	21	1	5	0	1	4	2	4
	RURAL	27	475	502	12	0	0	0	1	4	0	4
	SHERIFF	3	99	102	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
	STATE POLICE	24	376	400	8	0	0	0	1	2	0	4
	MUNICIPAL	25	292	317	9	1	5	0	0	0	2	0
RICHWOOD PD		4	119	123	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
SUMMERSVILLE PD		21	173	194	7	0	4	0	0	0	2	0
OHIO COUNTY	TOTAL	58	998	1056	175	0	7	0	1	8	18	21
	RURAL	4	78	82	2	0	0	0	0	4	9	0
	SHERIFF	3	38	41	1	0	0	0	0	4	9	0
	STATE POLICE	1	40	41	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	54	920	974	173	0	7	8	1	4	9	21
WHEELING PD		54	920	974	173	0	7	8	1	4	9	21
PENDLETON COUNTY	TOTAL	9	177	186	24	0	1	0	0	0	12	4
	RURAL	9	173	182	24	0	1	0	0	0	12	4
	SHERIFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	9	173	182	24	0	1	0	0	0	12	4

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COML VICE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	ARRESTS BY FAMILY OFFENSES	CHARGE DRIVING UND INFL	AND AGENCY LIQUOR LAWS	TYPE DRUM-ENNESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
1	7	3	10	0	105	2	1431	65	0	89	0	46	8
1	5	1	7	0	84	1	883	58	0	9	0	35	6
0	2	2	0	0	10	1	488	4	0	78	0	5	2
0	0	0	3	0	11	0	60	3	0	2	0	6	0
0	2	3	0	13	121	5	222	52	0	101	0	10	0
0	0	3	0	13	45	0	59	0	0	61	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	3	0	13	45	0	59	0	0	61	0	0	0
0	2	0	0	0	76	5	163	52	0	40	0	10	0
0	2	0	0	0	76	1	161	33	0	37	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	19	0	3	0	10	0
0	2	2	0	2	74	80	1038	7	0	34	0	0	3
0	0	2	0	2	45	77	500	0	0	23	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	2	19	55	157	0	0	23	0	0	3
0	0	2	0	0	26	22	343	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	2	0	0	0	29	3	538	7	0	11	0	0	0
0	2	0	0	0	29	3	317	5	0	10	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	186	2	0	1	0	0	0
0	7	34	5	34	109	8	601	43	0	227	0	2	2
0	2	20	5	32	62	5	368	0	0	132	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	25	4	0	192	0	0	87	0	0	0
0	1	20	5	7	58	5	176	0	0	45	0	0	1
0	5	14	0	2	47	3	233	43	0	95	0	2	1
0	5	14	0	2	47	3	231	43	0	95	0	2	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	6	0	29	1	0	1	0	0	0

COML VICE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	ARRESTS BY FAMILY OFFENSES	CHARGE DRIVING UND INFL	AND AGENCY LIQUOR LAWS	TYPE DRUM-ENNESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
0	0	0	0	0	6	0	29	1	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	12	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	5	0	17	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	6	29	0	38	1	0	29	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	6	29	0	35	0	0	29	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	6	29	0	35	0	0	29	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	2	24	3	21	126	1	437	28	0	118	0	0	21
0	2	23	3	17	91	0	235	4	0	95	0	0	11
0	0	3	2	10	17	0	43	4	0	17	0	0	0
0	2	20	1	7	74	0	192	0	0	78	0	0	11
0	0	1	0	4	35	1	202	24	0	23	0	0	10
0	0	1	0	1	10	0	91	12	0	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	3	25	1	111	12	0	14	0	0	10
20	1	23	1	0	37	5	301	81	8	334	0	2	5
9	0	6	1	0	15	1	31	1	3	0	0	0	0
0	0	5	0	0	0	0	18	1	3	0	0	0	0
9	0	1	1	0	15	1	13	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	1	17	0	0	22	4	270	80	5	334	0	2	5
11	1	17	0	0	22	4	270	80	5	334	0	2	5
0	0	0	0	2	13	0	72	10	0	44	0	0	4
0	0	0	0	2	13	0	68	10	0	44	0	0	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	2	13	0	68	10	0	44	0	0	4

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE			ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	OTHER ASSAULTS						
	MUNICIPAL	3	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRANKLIN PD		0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PLEASANTS COUNTY	TOTAL	2	136	140	16	0	54	1	2	2	2
	RURAL	2	131	133	16	0	54	1	2	2	2
	STATE POLICE	2	131	133	16	0	54	1	2	2	2
	MUNICIPAL	0	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SAINT MARYS PD		0	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
POCAHONTAS COUNTY	TOTAL	27	237	264	4	1	0	0	0	2	7
	RURAL	16	120	136	4	1	0	0	0	0	7
	SHERIFF	6	39	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	STATE POLICE	10	81	91	4	1	0	0	0	0	6
	MUNICIPAL	11	117	128	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
HARLINTON PD		11	117	128	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
PRESTON COUNTY	TOTAL	29	324	353	26	2	13	0	4	9	2
	RURAL	22	276	300	25	2	13	0	3	5	1
	SHERIFF	10	96	106	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
	STATE POLICE	12	182	194	21	2	13	0	3	4	1
	MUNICIPAL	7	46	53	1	0	0	0	1	4	1
KINGWOOD PD		0	21	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TERRA ALTA PD		2	18	20	0	0	0	0	0	4	1
MASONTOWN PD		5	6	11	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
TUNNELTON PD		0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PUTNAM COUNTY	TOTAL	68	1054	1122	49	1	1	1	3	3	10
	RURAL	56	1045	1101	49	1	1	1	1	0	10
	SHERIFF	24	582	606	37	0	1	1	1	0	4
	STATE POLICE	32	463	495	12	0	0	0	0	0	6
	MUNICIPAL	12	9	21	0	0	0	0	2	3	0

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND AGENCY TYPE			ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL	OTHER ASSAULTS						
	HURRICANE PD	12	9	21	0	0	0	0	2	3	0
RALEIGH COUNTY	TOTAL	230	2407	3137	169	3	13	43	15	69	71
	RURAL	105	1360	1465	45	1	19	0	13	29	45
	SHERIFF	41	246	287	15	0	9	0	1	3	4
	STATE POLICE	64	1114	1178	30	1	10	0	12	26	41
	MUNICIPAL	125	1547	1672	124	2	24	0	2	40	26
BECKLEY PD		114	1509	1623	122	2	24	0	1	36	26
MABSCOTT PD		11	34	45	2	0	0	0	1	4	0
SOPHIA PD		0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RANDOLPH COUNTY	TOTAL	23	771	794	62	0	0	0	0	3	13
	RURAL	18	472	490	57	0	0	0	0	0	13
	STATE POLICE	18	472	490	57	0	0	0	0	0	13
	MUNICIPAL	5	299	304	5	0	0	0	0	3	0
ELKINS PD		5	299	304	5	0	0	0	0	3	0
RITCHIE COUNTY	TOTAL	7	433	440	15	0	15	107	0	0	0
	RURAL	7	433	440	15	0	15	107	0	0	0
	SHERIFF	1	34	35	0	0	10	1	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	6	399	405	15	0	5	106	0	0	0
ROANE COUNTY	TOTAL	41	456	497	19	0	13	1	1	1	1
	RURAL	31	190	221	8	0	13	1	0	1	1
	SHERIFF	3	11	14	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	28	179	207	8	0	12	1	0	1	1
	MUNICIPAL	10	266	276	11	0	0	0	1	0	0
SPENCER PD		10	266	276	11	0	0	0	1	0	0
SUMMERS COUNTY	TOTAL	14	814	828	10	0	1	0	0	2	11
	RURAL	10	241	251	3	0	1	0	0	1	8
	STATE POLICE	10	241	251	3	0	1	0	0	1	8

COMPL VICE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	ARRESTS BY CHARGE FAMILY OFFENSES	DRIVING UND INFL	AND AGENCY LIQUOR LAWS	TYPE DRUNK-ENNESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	2	11	0	14	0	0	34	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	2	9	0	9	0	0	34	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	2	9	0	9	0	0	34	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	20	0	206	9	0	7	0	1	7
0	0	0	0	0	20	0	89	1	0	7	0	0	7
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	1	0	3	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	0	20	0	52	0	0	4	0	0	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	117	8	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	117	8	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	2	2	12	25	3	154	10	0	75	0	0	13
0	0	2	2	12	22	0	121	5	0	75	0	0	11
0	0	0	0	10	10	0	60	5	0	11	0	0	5
0	0	2	2	2	12	0	61	0	0	64	0	0	6
0	0	0	0	0	3	3	33	5	0	0	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	5	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	3	2	68	33	61	1	463	4	1	382	0	7	29
0	3	2	68	33	60	1	456	4	0	382	0	0	29
0	0	0	0	9	28	1	225	1	0	285	0	0	12
0	3	2	68	24	32	0	231	3	0	97	0	0	17
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	0	1	0	0	7	0

COMPL VICE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	ARRESTS BY CHARGE FAMILY OFFENSES	DRIVING UND INFL	AND AGENCY LIQUOR LAWS	TYPE DRUNK-ENNESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN-AWAYS
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	0	1	0	0	7	0
0	20	42	31	37	316	70	1777	77	7	335	0	0	42
0	8	6	20	29	129	56	764	54	7	215	0	0	24
0	1	3	0	11	4	0	114	2	0	105	0	0	15
0	7	3	20	18	125	56	650	52	7	110	0	0	9
0	12	36	11	8	187	14	1013	23	0	120	0	0	18
0	12	36	11	8	179	10	996	21	0	109	0	0	18
0	0	0	0	0	8	4	13	2	0	11	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	2	0	17	69	4	357	18	0	242	0	0	5
0	1	2	0	17	63	4	145	1	0	201	0	0	5
0	1	2	0	17	63	4	145	1	0	201	0	0	5
0	0	0	0	0	26	0	212	17	0	41	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	26	0	212	17	0	41	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	11	42	1	174	0	0	75	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	11	42	1	174	0	0	75	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	4	0	12	0	0	8	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	11	38	1	162	0	0	67	0	0	0
0	0	5	0	7	47	1	311	3	0	80	0	0	7
0	0	0	0	4	23	1	90	1	0	74	0	0	4
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	0	0	2	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	3	23	1	81	1	0	72	0	0	3
0	0	5	0	3	24	0	221	2	0	4	0	0	3
0	0	5	0	3	24	0	221	2	0	4	0	0	3
0	0	0	1	0	29	0	637	36	5	90	0	0	6
0	0	0	1	0	16	0	173	0	3	41	0	0	4
0	0	0	1	0	16	0	173	0	3	41	0	0	4

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND GRAND TOTAL			AGENCY TYPE OTHER ASSAULTS	ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL								
	MUNICIPAL	4	573	577	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
HINTON PD		4	573	577	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
TAYLOR COUNTY	TOTAL	36	366	402	35	0	2	68	7	0	2	6
	RURAL	25	239	264	35	0	2	68	7	0	2	6
	SHERIFF	23	137	160	31	0	0	1	7	0	0	4
	STATE POLICE	2	102	104	4	0	2	67	0	0	2	2
	MUNICIPAL	11	127	138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRAFTON PD		11	127	138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TUCKER COUNTY	TOTAL	11	263	274	24	0	0	13	0	0	8	2
	RURAL	10	183	193	23	0	0	13	0	0	6	1
	SHERIFF	1	25	26	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	9	158	167	20	0	0	13	0	0	6	1
	MUNICIPAL	1	80	81	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
PARSONS PD		1	37	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THOMAS PD		0	43	43	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
TYLER COUNTY	TOTAL	14	120	134	13	0	3	11	0	0	3	1
	RURAL	3	65	68	13	0	3	11	0	0	1	1
	STATE POLICE	3	65	68	13	0	3	11	0	0	1	1
	MUNICIPAL	11	55	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
PADEN CITY PD		0	42	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SISTERSVILLE PD		11	10	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
MIDDLEBOURNE PD		0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UPSHUR COUNTY	TOTAL	30	505	535	37	0	3	11	0	1	6	4
	RURAL	25	355	380	36	0	3	11	0	1	6	4
	SHERIFF	6	36	42	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	STATE POLICE	19	319	338	35	0	3	11	0	1	5	4
	MUNICIPAL	5	150	155	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

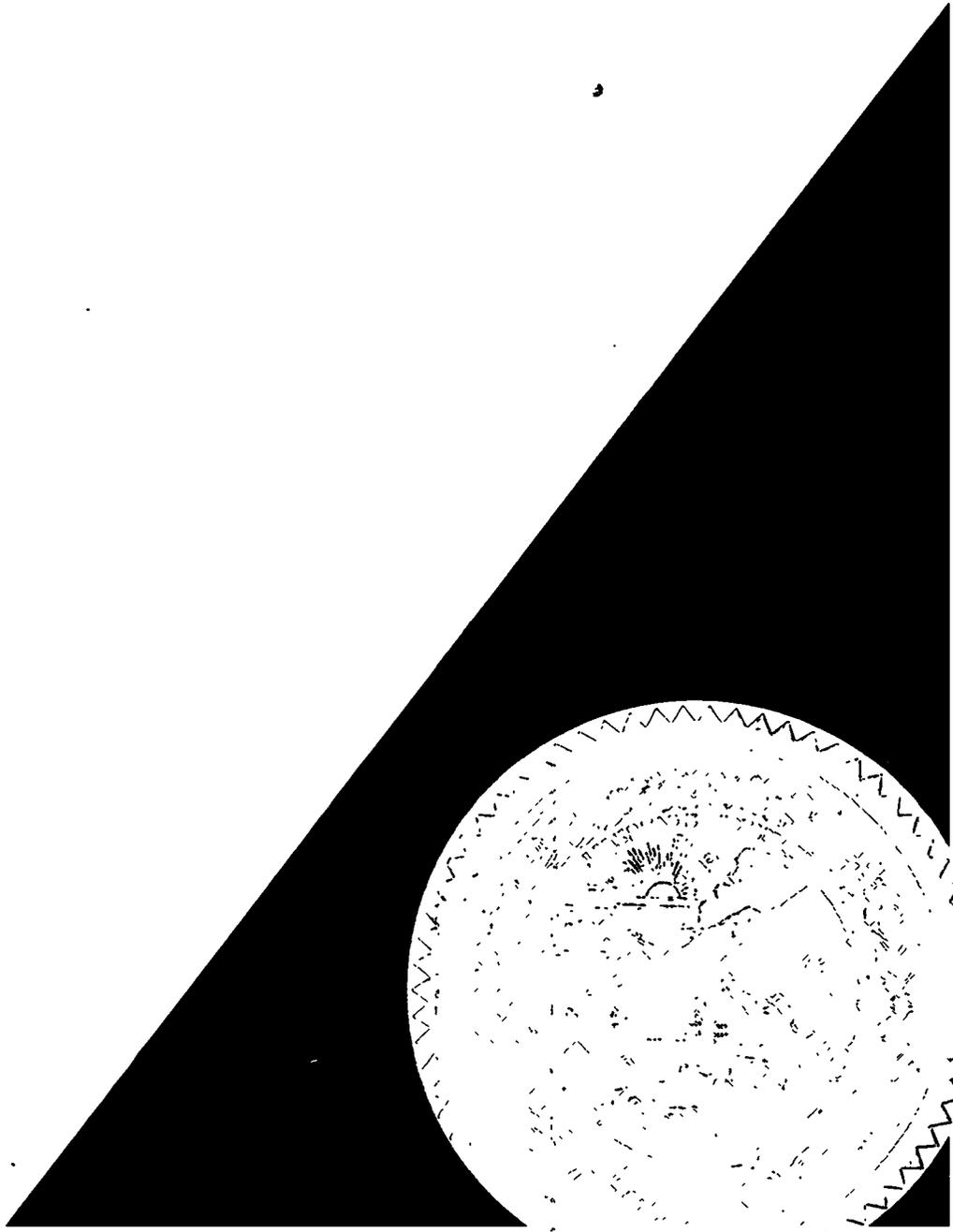
		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND GRAND TOTAL			AGENCY TYPE OTHER ASSAULTS	ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDAL	ILLEGAL WEAPONS
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND TOTAL								
	BUCKHANNON PD	5	150	155	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAYNE COUNTY	TOTAL	52	968	1020	20	6	0	1	0	4	3	8
	RURAL	35	551	586	18	6	0	0	0	4	1	8
	SHERIFF	11	167	178	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0
	STATE POLICE	24	384	408	18	4	0	0	0	2	0	8
	MUNICIPAL	17	617	634	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	0
CEREDO PD		17	86	103	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
KENOVA PD		0	309	309	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
FORT GAY PD		0	22	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEBSTER COUNTY	TOTAL	16	289	305	18	1	1	5	0	0	7	3
	RURAL	14	166	180	18	1	1	5	0	0	7	3
	SHERIFF	1	13	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	13	153	166	18	1	1	5	0	0	7	3
	MUNICIPAL	2	123	125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEBSTER SPRINGS PD		2	123	125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WETZEL COUNTY	TOTAL	82	293	375	12	6	5	37	1	1	12	2
	RURAL	19	155	174	12	4	5	37	1	1	0	2
	SHERIFF	6	11	17	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	13	144	157	10	4	5	37	0	1	0	2
	MUNICIPAL	63	138	201	0	2	0	0	0	0	12	0
HUNDRED PD		0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MARTINSVILLE PD		63	134	197	0	2	0	0	0	0	12	0
WIRT COUNTY	TOTAL	8	126	134	2	0	0	37	0	0	2	0
	RURAL	8	126	134	2	0	0	37	0	0	2	0
	STATE POLICE	8	126	134	2	0	0	37	0	0	2	0
HOOD COUNTY	TOTAL	96	2343	2439	53	2	17	15	0	3	10	19
	RURAL	24	314	338	27	1	5	7	0	1	4	4

COML VICE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II		ARRESTS BY CHARGE		AND AGENCY TYPE		DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN- AWAYS
		NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	FAMILY OFFENSES	DRIVING UND INFL	LIQUOR LAWS	DRUNK- ENNESS						
0	0	0	0	0	13	0	464	36	2	49	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	13	0	464	36	2	49	0	0	2
0	0	3	0	10	12	5	154	32	5	38	0	11	12
0	0	3	0	10	12	5	72	7	0	19	0	4	12
0	0	3	0	2	9	5	62	7	0	13	0	4	12
0	0	0	0	8	3	0	10	0	0	6	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	82	25	5	19	0	7	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	82	25	5	19	0	7	0
0	0	0	1	15	31	4	108	9	0	54	0	0	5
0	0	0	1	15	19	2	60	0	0	48	0	0	5
0	0	0	0	8	0	0	5	0	0	10	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	7	19	2	55	0	0	38	0	0	5
0	0	0	0	0	12	2	48	9	0	6	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	9	0	24	1	0	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	3	2	24	8	0	2	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	2	15	0	49	15	0	12	0	6	3
0	1	0	0	2	13	0	16	0	0	6	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	2	13	0	16	0	0	6	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	33	15	0	6	0	6	2
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	25	13	0	3	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	2	0	3	0	6	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	4	5	0	5	125	1	269	8	1	53	0	0	2
0	4	5	0	5	114	1	135	0	0	53	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	13	0	15	0	0	11	0	0	1
0	4	5	0	5	101	1	120	0	0	42	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	11	0	134	8	1	0	0	0	0
COML VICE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II		ARRESTS BY CHARGE		AND AGENCY TYPE		DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN- AWAYS
		NARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	FAMILY OFFENSES	DRIVING UND INFL	LIQUOR LAWS	DRUNK- ENNESS						
0	0	0	0	0	11	0	134	8	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	6	0	5	73	17	815	8	0	38	0	0	15
0	1	2	0	3	44	17	443	0	0	25	0	0	14
0	1	0	0	0	10	1	156	0	0	0	0	0	5
0	0	2	0	3	34	16	287	0	0	25	0	0	9
0	0	4	0	2	29	0	372	8	0	13	0	0	1
0	0	4	0	2	2	0	79	7	0	4	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	27	0	280	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	9	0	0	0
0	1	15	0	19	22	1	176	8	2	22	0	1	3
0	1	15	0	19	16	1	59	6	2	22	0	1	3
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	10	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	14	0	18	15	1	49	5	2	22	0	1	3
0	0	0	0	0	6	0	117	2	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	6	0	117	2	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	3	0	1	33	2	169	10	4	33	0	21	22
0	1	1	0	1	17	2	68	0	0	10	0	0	12
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	6	0	0	0	5
0	1	1	0	1	17	2	59	0	0	10	0	0	7
0	0	2	0	0	16	0	101	10	4	23	0	21	10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	2	0	0	16	0	97	10	4	23	0	21	10
0	2	0	0	14	8	1	48	1	0	16	0	0	3
0	2	0	0	14	8	1	48	1	0	16	0	0	3
0	2	0	0	14	8	1	48	1	0	16	0	0	3
2	7	22	13	3	184	11	1746	15	5	274	0	5	33
0	2	7	0	3	47	0	145	1	1	73	0	1	9

		PART II ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND			AGENCY TYPE	ARSON	FORGERY	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE	STOLEN	VANDAL	ILLEGAL
		JUVENILE	ADULTS	GRAND	OTHER					PROPERTY		WEAPONS
				TOTAL	ASSAULTS							
	SHERIFF	11	118	129	14	1	0	5	0	1	2	2
	STATE POLICE	13	196	209	13	0	5	2	0	0	2	2
	MUNICIPAL	72	2029	2101	26	1	12	8	0	2	6	15
	PARKERSBURG PD	47	1974	2021	23	1	12	7	0	2	4	12
	VIENNA PD	12	26	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WILLIAMSTOWN PD	13	29	42	3	0	0	1	0	0	2	3
WYOMING COUNTY	TOTAL	31	544	575	38	0	4	12	0	7	0	1
	RURAL	26	359	385	33	0	3	12	0	4	0	0
	SHERIFF	10	93	103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STATE POLICE	16	266	282	33	0	3	12	0	4	0	0
	MUNICIPAL	5	185	190	5	0	1	0	0	3	0	1
	MULLENS PD	2	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
	PINEVILLE PD	0	55	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	OCEANA PD	3	127	130	5	0	1	0	0	1	0	1

COML VICE	SEX OFFENSES	PART II MARCOTIC AND DRUG	GAMBLING	ARRESTS BY FAMILY OFFENSES	CHARGE DRIVING UND INFL	AND AGENCY LIQUOR LANS	TYPE DRUNK- ENNESS	DISORD CONDUCT	VAGRANCY	OTHER OFFENSES	SUSPICION	CURFEW LOITER	RUN- AWAYS
0	2	7	0	3	11	0	51	1	0	23	0	0	6
0	0	0	0	0	36	0	94	0	1	50	0	1	3
2	5	15	13	0	137	11	1601	14	4	201	0	4	24
2	5	10	13	0	120	11	1577	12	4	195	0	0	11
0	0	4	0	0	10	0	11	0	0	2	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	0	7	0	13	2	0	4	0	4	2
0	0	5	8	1	33	0	324	35	1	99	0	0	7
0	0	0	8	0	16	0	176	35	1	90	0	0	7
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	96	2	1	39	0	0	4
0	0	0	8	0	15	0	120	33	0	51	0	0	3
0	0	5	0	1	17	0	148	0	0	9	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	6	0	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	5	0	1	17	0	90	0	0	9	0	0	0





1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that this is crucial for ensuring transparency and accountability in the organization's operations.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and tools used to collect and analyze data. It highlights the need for consistent data collection procedures and the use of advanced analytical techniques to derive meaningful insights from the data.

3. The third part of the document focuses on the role of technology in data management and analysis. It discusses how modern software solutions can streamline data collection, storage, and processing, thereby improving efficiency and accuracy.

4. The fourth part of the document addresses the challenges associated with data management, such as data quality, security, and privacy. It provides strategies to mitigate these risks and ensure that the data remains reliable and secure throughout its lifecycle.

5. The fifth part of the document concludes by summarizing the key findings and recommendations. It stresses the importance of a data-driven approach in decision-making and the need for continuous monitoring and improvement of data management practices.

- 5 -

**UNIFORM CRIME
REPORTS**

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

Annual Report

January -- December, 1972

Compiled By
West Virginia Department of Public Safety
Uniform Crime Reporting Section
South Charleston, West Virginia



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
(West Virginia State Police)

CHARLESTON 25305

March 2, 1973

R. L. BONAR
SUPERINTENDENT

ARCH A. MOORE, JR
GOVERNOR

The Honorable Arch A. Moore, Jr.
Governor - State of West Virginia
Capitol Building
Charleston, West Virginia

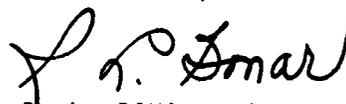
Dear Governor Moore:

In accordance with Chapter 15, Article 2, Section 29i of the Code of West Virginia, the Department of Public Safety respectfully submits the first annual report on crime in West Virginia. This report is based on information gathered under the West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program which was initiated January 1, 1972.

It must be noted that information contained herein represents base year statistics for total reporting of crime in West Virginia. Therefore, this information should not be compared with other publications concerning crime for previous reporting periods. Notwithstanding this limitation, the statistical assessment of the statewide crime problem is a significant step forward in providing basic information to assist West Virginia criminal justice agencies in meeting their responsibilities. Such assistance and knowledge can only serve to improve the effectiveness of the West Virginia criminal justice system.

This report is dedicated to the many law enforcement officers and public officials who have cooperated in the establishment and operation of the West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program. Their diligence and interest have made this report possible.

Respectfully submitted,


R. L. BONAR, COLONEL
Superintendent

RLB:jm

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Letter of Transmittal	i
Acknowledgement	iii
Introduction	1
Classification of Offenses	4
Profile of West Virginia	11
Crime Factors	13
Crime Index	15
Calculation of Rates and Percentages	15
West Virginia Offense Data	19
Volume and Distribution of Crime Index Offenses	20
Value of Property Stolen and Recovered	20
Murder	25
Rape	31
Robbery	35
Felonious Assault	39
Breaking and Entering	43
Larceny Theft	47
Auto Theft	51
West Virginia Crime Index	54
West Virginia Arrest Data	59
Violent Crime	60
Property Crime	62
Narcotic Drug Law Arrests	62
Gambling Arrests	62
Total West Virginia Arrests	65
Age Analysis	66-67
Sex and Race Analysis	68-69
Law Enforcement Employee Data	71
Law Enforcement Employee Rates	72
Civilian Employees	72
Municipal Police Officers	73
County Sheriff's Departments	73
State Police Officers	73
Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted	73
County, Municipal, and State Offense Data (Crime Rates)	81
Values of Property Stolen and Recovered	91
County, Municipal, and State Arrest Data (Part I Offenses)	101
County, Municipal, and State Arrest Data (Part II Offenses)	113

LIST OF TABLES AND CHARTS

Value of Property Stolen By Type of Offense	21
Violent Crime by Month	22
Property Crime by Month	23
Value of Property Stolen and Percent Recovered	24
Murder	27-29
Forcible Rape	33
Robbery	37
Felonious Assault	41
Breaking and Entering	45
Larceny—Theft	49
Auto Theft	53
West Virginia Crime Index	54
Percent Analysis of Index Offenses Cleared by Arrest	55
Monthly Fluctuation of Index Crimes	56-57
Comparison of Adult and Juvenile Arrests	61
Analysis of Narcotic Drug Law Arrests	63
Analysis of Gambling Arrests	64
Total West Virginia Arrests	65
Total Arrests by Age	66-67
Total Arrests by Sex	68
Total Arrests by Race	69
Analysis of Assaults on Law Enforcement Officers	75-78
Percent Distribution by Type of Activity	75
Analysis by Type of Weapon Used	76
Percent with Injury—By Type of Weapon	77
Assaults by Time	77
Percent of Assaults Cleared—By Circumstance	78
Map of West Virginia	131

INTRODUCTION

The West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program is the first of many steps to be taken in the establishment of an effective State-wide Criminal Justice Information System. This particular phase of the CJIS is oriented toward law enforcement and has brought about a state-wide uniform method of collecting crime statistical data, producing a consolidated annual report concerning crime in West Virginia, and reporting state-wide crime statistics from a single agency to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

National Uniform Crime Reporting Program

The counterpart of the state-wide UCR Program is the National UCR Program which is under the direction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This national program is the result of a need for nation-wide and uniform compilation of law enforcement statistics. Uniform Crime Reports were first collected in 1930 after being developed by a committee of the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

Today the IACP continues to serve in an advisory capacity to the FBI in its operation of the program.

Crime statistics voluntarily submitted by individual law enforcement agencies from all fifty states are presented annually in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reports Publication entitled "Crime in the United States."

In the last several years the FBI has been actively assisting individual states in the development of state-wide programs of law enforcement statistics compatible with the National UCR Program. In taking advantage of the invaluable assistance provided, West Virginia has developed its own state-wide program for collection of law enforcement statistics.

West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program

The West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program involves the uniform compilation, classification, and analysis of crime statistics reported by all law enforcement agencies of the state pursuant to guides and regulations prescribed by law.

The West Virginia Legislature in the Criminal Identification Bureau Act of 1971 established the Uniform Crime Reporting Statute.

The responsibility and authority for collection and dissemination of UCR data was given to the West Virginia Department of Public Safety (State Police). This program became operational January 1, 1972.

Criminal Identification Bureau Act of 1971 Chapter 15, Article 2, Section 29, Sub-section 1

(1) All state, county and municipal law enforcement agencies shall submit to the bureau uniform crime reports setting forth their activities in connection with law enforcement. It shall be the duty of the bureau to adopt and promulgate rules and regulations prescribing the forms, general content, time and manner of submission of such Uniform Crime Reports. Willful or repeated failure by any state, county or municipal law enforcement official to submit the Uniform Crime Reports as required in this article shall constitute neglect of duty in public office. The Bureau shall correlate the reports submitted to it and shall compile and submit to the governor and the legislature semi-annual reports based on such reports. A copy of such reports shall be furnished to all prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement agencies.

Purpose and Objectives

In keeping with the recommendation of the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice, the West-Virginia UCR Program was planned for eventual growth into a complete and integrated offender based Criminal Justice Information System. Under this program, each offender arrested in West Virginia will be tracked through the entire criminal justice system from time of arrest through the courts to the correctional system where his exit (parole, expiration of sentence, etc.) will be recorded. In this manner, a complete "rap sheet" on individual offenders will be available for use by the police, courts and correctional agencies in West Virginia. In addition, statistical data derived from the CJIS Program will provide assistance in determining the overall efficiency of the criminal justice system in West Virginia and will make effective management studies possible.

The fundamental objectives of the West Virginia UCR Program are:

- (1) Inform the governor, legislature, other governmental officials, and the public as to the nature of the crime problem in West Virginia—its magnitude and its trends.
- (2) Provide law enforcement administrators with criminal statistics for administrative and operational use.
- (3) Determine who commits crimes by age, sex, race and other attributes in order to find the proper focus for crime prevention and enforcement.
- (4) Provide base data and statistics to measure the workload and effectiveness of West Virginia's criminal justice system.
- (5) Provide base data and statistics to measure the effects of prevention and deterrence programs.
- (6) Provide base data and statistics for research to improve the efficiency, effectiveness and performance of criminal justice agencies.
- (7) Provide base data to assist in the assessment of social and other causes of crime for the development of theories of criminal behavior.

Development

Effective July 1, 1972, a federal grant was awarded to the Department of Public Safety by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration on a 60/40 federal-state matching basis. The money provided was used to initiate a state-wide Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

For approximately two months thereafter the UCR Staff made studies of the federal program, as well as several state UCR Programs which were operational at that time. Pamphlets explaining the UCR Program and questionnaires concerning each law enforcement agency's participation was distributed. After determining the number of law enforcement agencies which would participate, forms, tally books, and the UCR Guide Manual were developed, published and distributed to all contributing agencies.

During the development phase, numerous workshops were held in various parts of the state to present the UCR Program in detail to participating agencies.

Since that time, supplemental workshops have been held as needed. Also, the Department of Public Safety has incorporated into the curriculum of the State Police Training Academy a basic course as to the why and how of Uniform Crime Reporting. These courses are presented to municipal and county law enforcement officers as well as State Police Cadets.

A pilot program was maintained for two months prior to the implementation of the permanent collection and recording of data. This pilot program served mainly as a method by which to arrange data flow and solve other inhouse operational difficulties.

Reporting Procedure

Under the West Virginia UCR Statute, participating West Virginia law enforcement agencies are required to submit specified Uniform Crime Reports. The necessary information for each of the required reports is gathered from each agency's record of complaints, investigations and arrests.

Crime data and information is submitted by state, county and municipal law enforcement agencies on a daily, monthly and annual basis. The daily report consists of the fingerprints of all persons arrested, detained or charged with any crime or offense in West Virginia in which the penalty provided therefore is confinement in any penal or correctional institution or of any person who they have reason to believe is a fugitive from justice or an habitual criminal.

On a monthly basis, municipal police, state police and county sheriff's departments report the number of offenses known to them in the following crime categories:

- (1) Criminal Homicide
- (2) Forcible Rape
- (3) Robbery
- (4) Assault
- (5) Breaking and Entering
- (6) Larceny
- (7) Auto Theft

The count of offenses is taken from the record of complaints received by law enforcement agencies from victims, witnesses, other sources or discovered by them during their own operation. Complaints determined by subsequent investigation to be unfounded are eliminated from the count. The resulting number of "actual offenses known to law enforcement agencies" in these crime categories is reported without regard to whether anyone is arrested, stolen property is recovered, local prosecutive policy, or any other consideration. Reported offenses are recorded by the municipality and county in which they occur, rather than to the agency which may investigate, arrest, or otherwise in some manner dispose of the case. Municipal law enforcement agencies report those crimes which are committed within the cities, county sheriff's departments report those crimes which occur in the counties outside the city, and state police report all crimes known to them which occur in the county outside the city. Law enforcement agencies also report on a monthly basis, supplemental offense information such as the value of property stolen and recovered as well as circumstances surrounding homicides and other pertinent data. Additional monthly reports of persons arrested are submitted. These reports provide information concerning the age, sex and race of persons arrested by each individual law enforcement agency. Also, a police disposition of all juveniles arrested is collected.

Annual report forms contain data such as the number of persons formally charged and dispositions. Police employee data is also collected annually.

Verification Process

An obvious concern in the collection of crime statistics for law enforcement agencies throughout the state is the uniformity and accuracy of data received. Program aides such as guides and instructions do not necessarily guarantee the accuracy and correctness of the reports submitted by the contributors. Additional controls therefore are necessary.

Each report received by the UCR Section is recorded, examined and verified for mathematical accuracy and possibly more important for reasonableness. The verification process includes numerous checks to ensure the validity of information. The elimination of duplication of reporting by individual contributors receives particular attention. Minor typographical errors are corrected by direct telephone contact with the contributor while all other errors are resolved by written correspondence, or by personal contact of a field representative or member of the UCR Staff.

Population Data

The computation of crime rates as they appear in this report by municipality, county and state are based on 1972 population estimates provided by the Federal Bureau of Investigation through the cooperation and assistance of the United States Bureau of Census.

Monthly and annual Uniform Crime Reports currently received from 263 municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies in West Virginia represent 100 percent of the estimated West Virginia population.

The West Virginia State Police maintains at least one detachment in 54 of the 55 counties throughout the state. In some counties, there are as many as three detachments. Each detachment is mainly responsible for law enforcement in the rural areas of the respective county. Therefore, there are two law enforcement agencies (state police and sheriff's department) in each county which serves the same area and essentially the same population.

Because of this fact, to attempt to compute a crime rate for each of the two agencies would have been highly unreasonable.

This problem was resolved by combining activity reported by both agencies into one category hereafter referred to in this report as "rural county." However, the number of offenses and percent of offenses cleared is listed separately for each agency.

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

Uniformity in reporting under the West Virginia System is based upon the proper classification of offenses by police.

The adoption of the Federal System of Uniform Crime Reporting included the utilization of the offense classifications of that system. Law enforcement in this state has made accurate application of those classifications in the reports submitted to the West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting System.

In view of the need for compatibility with the federal system "offenses" under the program are not distinguished by designation of "high misdemeanors," "misdemeanors," or violations of municipal ordinances. The explanations of offense classifications may vary slightly with those employed at the federal level because the language used is that familiar to law enforcement in this state. However, the major categories of offense classification remain the same as those employed on the national level.

Part I Offenses

Offense data consists of information that has been extracted from reports of Part I crimes that have come to the attention of West Virginia law enforcement agencies. In general, Part I crimes are those serious crimes that are usually reported to law enforcement agencies. They consist of the following offenses:

Offense Classifications

(1) Homicide

- 1a. **Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter**—The unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought.

General rule—Any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assaults or commission of a crime.

- 1b. **Manslaughter by Negligence**—The unlawful killing of a human being, by another, without malice aforethought.

General rule—The killing may result from the commission of an unlawful act or from a lawful act performed with gross negligence. Traffic deaths may be classified as such when due to gross negligence of someone rather than the victim.

(2) Forcible Rape

- 2a. **Rape by Force**—The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly against her will.

General rule—Forcible rape of a female but excluding carnal abuse (Statutory Rape) or other sex offenses.

- 2b. **Assault to Rape—Attempts**—All assaults and attempts to rape.

(3) Robbery—The felonious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear. Includes all attempts.

- 3a. **Armed Robbery—Any weapon**—Any object so employed as to constitute force or the threat of force is to be considered a weapon. This includes firearms, knives, clubs, brass knuckles, black-jacks, broken bottles, acid, explosives, etc. Also, cases involving possible pretended weapons or when the weapon is not seen by the victim, but the robber claims to have it with him, constitutes armed robbery due to instilling fear.

- 3b. **Strong Armed—No weapon**—Includes muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong arm tactics are employed to deprive the victim of his property. This is limited to hands, fists, feet, etc. As in armed robbery, all attempts are included.

(4) Assaults—An assault is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another.

General rule—All assaults will be classified in the following categories, excluding assaults with intent to rob or rape.

- 4a. Gun—All assaults and attempted assaults involving the use of any type of firearms. (Revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, zip guns, rifles, pellet guns, etc.)
 - 4b. Knife or cutting instrument—All assaults and attempted assaults, involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects. (Knife, razor, hatchet, axe, cleaver, scissors, glass, broken bottle, dagger, ice pick, etc.)
 - 4c. Other dangerous weapon—All assaults or attempted assaults when any other object or thing is used as a weapon. (Clubs, bricks, pick handles, bottles, explosives, acid, lye, poison, scalding water and cases of attempted drowning, burning, etc.)
 - 4d. Hands, fists, feet, etc.—Felonious—Assaults which are of a felonious nature when hands, fists, feet, etc., are used. To be classified as felonious assault, the attack must result in serious personal injury.
 - 4e. Other assaults—Not felonious—All offenses of simple assault and assault and battery.
- (5) Breaking and Entering—Unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.

General rule—Any unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any dwelling house, attached structure, public building, shop, office, factory, storehouse, apartment, house trailer, warehouse, mill, barn, other building, houseboat, or railroad car.

Note: For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, breaking and entering and larceny are classified only as breaking and entering, the larceny is excluded. Breaking and entering of a motor vehicle is classified as larceny.

- 5a. Forcible entry—All offenses where force of any kind is used to enter unlawfully a locked structure, with intent to steal or commit a felony. This includes entry by use of a master key, celluloid or other device that leaves no outward mark but is used to open a lock. Concealment inside a building, followed by the breaking out of the structure is also included.
 - 5b. Unlawful entry—No force—Any unlawful entry without any evidence of forcible entry.
 - 5c. Attempted forcible entry—When determined that forcible entry has been attempted.
- (6) Larceny Theft (except auto theft)—The unlawful taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership.

General rule—All larcenies and thefts resulting from pocket-picking, purse snatching, shop lifting, larceny from auto, larcenies of auto parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, larcenies from buildings, and from coin operated machines. Any theft that is not a robbery or the result of breaking and entering is included. Embezzlement, larceny by bailee, frauds or bad check cases are excluded

- (7) Auto Theft—The larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle

General rule—Thefts and attempted thefts of a motor vehicle. This includes all vehicles which can be registered as a motor vehicle in this state. Excludes where there is a lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation or unauthorized use by others with lawful access to the vehicle. (Chauffeur, employees, etc.)

Part II Offenses

Part II offenses are made up of all other crimes not classified as Part I crimes. Information on Part II offenses is only reported when an arrest has been made. Part II crimes for UCR purposes are as follows:

- (8) **Other Assaults**—This class is comprised of all assaults and attempted assaults which are simple or minor in nature. These “Other Assaults” are also scored on Return A under item 4e as an offense known to Police. However, for the purpose of this return, arrests for this offense are scored in this class.

- (9) **Arson**—Include all arrests for violations of State Laws and Municipal Ordinances relating to arson and attempted arson.

Include: Any willful or malicious burning to defraud a dwelling, house, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building or any building, ship or other vessel, motor vehicle or aircraft; contents of buildings, personal property of another, goods or chattels, crops, trees, fences, gates, grain, vegetable products, lumber, woods, cranberry bogs, marshes, meadows, etc.

In the event of a death from arson, the offense would be classified as murder and if personal injury results, the offense would be classified as assault (4c)

- (10) **Forgery and Counterfeiting**—In this class place all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of that which is true.

Include:

Altering or forging public or other records. Making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting bills, notes, drafts, tickets, checks, credit cards, etc.

Counterfeiting coins, plates, bank notes, checks, etc.

Possessing or uttering forged or counterfeiting instruments.

Signing the name of another or fictitious person with intent to defraud.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

- (11) **Fraud**—Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretense. Includes bad checks, confidence games, etc., except forgeries and counterfeiting.

- (12) **Embezzlement**—Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one’s care, custody or control

- (13) **Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing**—Include in this class all offenses of buying, receiving, and possession of stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses

- (14) **Vandalism**—Include in this class all willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of the owner or person having custody or control, by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by law or ordinance. This offense covers a wide range of malicious behavior directed at property.

(15) Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.

This class deals with violations of weapons laws such as:

Manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons.

Carrying deadly weapons.

Furnishing deadly weapons to minors.

Aliens possessing deadly weapons. All attempts to commit the above.

(16) Prostitution and Commercialized Vice—Include in this class the sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as:

Prostitution

Keeping bawdy house, disorderly house, or house of ill repute.

Pandering, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes, etc.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

(17) Sex Offenses—Except forcible rape, prostitution and commercialized vice. Include offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like.

Adultery and fornication

Buggery

Incest

Indecent Exposure

Sodomy

Statutory Rape—(No Force)

All attempts to commit any of the above.

(18) Narcotic Drug Laws—Narcotic drug law arrests are requested on the basis of the narcotics used. Include all arrests for violations of State and Local Ordinances, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. Make the following subdivisions of narcotic drug law arrests.

Opium or cocaine and their derivatives

Morphine, heroin, codeine

Marijuana

Synthetic narcotics, manufactured narcotics which can cause true drug addiction.

Demerol, methadones

Dangerous non-narcotic drugs

Barbiturates, benzedrine

- (19) **Gambling**—All charges which related to promoting, permitting or engaging in gambling. To provide a more refined collection of gambling arrests, the following breakdown should be furnished:
- Bookmaking (Horse and sport books)
 - Numbers and lottery
 - All other.
- (20) **Offenses Against the Family and Children**—Included here are all charges of non-support and neglect or abuse of family and children.
- Desertion, abandonment, or non-support.
 - Neglect or abuse of child.
 - Non-payment of alimony.
- (21) **Driving Under the Influence**—This class is limited to the driving or operating of any vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotic drugs.
- (22) **Liquor Laws**—With the exception of "Drunkenness" (Class 23) and "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21), liquor law violations, State or Local, are placed in this class Do not include Federal violations. Include manufacturing, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing, etc.
- Maintaining unlawful drinking places.
 - Bootlegging.
 - Operating still.
 - Furnishing liquor to a minor.
 - Using vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor.
- (23) **Drunkenness**—Included in this class are all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication, with the exception of "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21).
- Drunk and disorderly
 - Public intoxication.
- (24) **Disorderly Conduct**—In this class, all Disorderly Persons arrested except those counted in classes 1 through 23 and class 25 are included.
- (25) **Vagrancy**—Place in this class arrests for disorderly persons when the person is arrested for failure to give good account of himself.

- (26) All other Offenses—Include in this class, every other State or Local offense not included in classes 1 through 25.**

Abduction and compelling to marry.

Abortion (Death resulting from abortion is homicide).

Bastardy and concealing death of a bastard.

Bigamy and polygamy.

Blackmail and extortion.

Bribery.

Contempt of Court.

Discrimination, unfair competition.

Kidnapping.

Offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency except as provided for in classes 1 through 29, such as employment of children in immoral vocations or practices, admitting minors to improper places, etc.

Perjury and subornation of perjury.

Possession, repair, manufacture, etc., of burglar's tools.

Possession or sale of obscene literature.

Unlawful use, possession, etc., of explosives, etc.

- (27) Suspicion—Not Reported in West Virginia.**

- (28) Curfew and Loitering Laws (Juveniles)—Count all arrests made for violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances.**

- (29) Runaway (Juvenile)—Count arrests made by other jurisdictions of runaways from your jurisdiction. Do not include protective custody actions with respect to runaways you take for other jurisdictions. Count only your own local cases.**

PROFILE

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

On June 20, 1863, under the administration of President Abraham Lincoln, West Virginia became the 35th state in the Union. This was the only state to be borne out of the Civil War. From the beginning of the Civil War, the people in Western Virginia fought against seceding from the Union. On June 20, 1861, a new government of Virginia known as the "Restored Government" was formed by the Wheeling Convention. This government pledged its support to the Federal Government in Washington. At a meeting in Wheeling, May 13, 1862, the "Restored Government" passed an act giving formal consent to the forming of a new state. On May 29, 1862, a bill was presented to the Congress of the United States requesting that a new state be formed and admitted to the Union. The bill providing that West Virginia become a new state was passed by the Congress and signed into law by President Abraham Lincoln on December 31, 1862.

The boundary lines of West Virginia totaling 1,170 miles, which for the most part, follow the course of rivers or the line of mountain ranges, encloses a total area of only 24, 282 45 square miles. One hundred fifty (150) of these miles are water surface. Forty-first (41st) in size among the states in the Union, West Virginia nevertheless extends its panhandle over a surprisingly wide range of longitude and latitude. The eastern most tip has the same longitude as Rochester, New York, and the most westerly as Port Huron, Michigan, the Northwest Panhandle pushes into a latitude well north of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, while in the opposite direction the state dips further south than Richmond, Virginia. West Virginia is bordered by the states of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, Kentucky, and Virginia.

The natural topography of West Virginia is as irregular as its outline.

The range in elevation is from 240 feet near Harpers Ferry to 4,860 feet on Spruce Knob giving it a mean altitude of 1,500 feet, the highest of any state East of the Mississippi River.

Most of the State lies in the Allegheny Plateau and Allegheny Highlands Region. This corrugated contour, which rightfully earned West Virginia its nickname, "Mountain State," could easily be described as "Land of Ten Thousand Valleys".

West Virginia, composed of 55 counties ranging in area of 88.58 square miles to 1,046.34 square miles, is located between the large population centers of the East and Midwest. Four out of five of the principal United States metropolitan market areas—New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit—are within a 500 mile radius of the state's geographical center, which is near Sutton in Braxton County. Within this 500 mile circle, much more than half of the nation's people reside and more than half of the nation's income is earned.

Population-wise West Virginia, with 1,752,000 people, ranks 34th on the list of other states in the Union. Charleston, the most populous city in the state with 69,600 persons, is the Capitol. While Huntington with a population of 67,266 persons is second most populated city in the state. With a density of 72 155 square miles, West Virginia is primarily a rural state.

In 1970, West Virginia was the leading bituminous coal producer in the nation, accounting for more than ¼ of the entire United States coal production. Reported coal production for the year 1970 was 143 million tons from 1,600 mines located in 36 of the 55 counties. Coal accounts for over 80 percent of the state's total mineral output. Mineable coal is present in 44 of 55 counties and underlies more than 55 percent of the total area of nearly 25,000 square miles of West Virginia.

The West Virginia Department of Highways is responsible for over 30,000 miles of primary and secondary highways in the state. Primary roads consist of expressway, trunkline and feeder systems totaling 5,708 miles. Secondary roads consist of localized arterial and spur roads totaling 25,722 miles.

Waterborn commerce in West Virginia has increased steadily over the years. Three hundred and fifty-five miles of navigable water in the state have been made possible by the continuous work of the United States Corps of Engineers in the development of river transportation facilities and flood control.

Hilly terrain and ample rainfall help to produce one of West Virginia's high quality resources—timber. Seventy-four percent of the land area is in forested areas. West Virginia hardwoods are much sought after by furniture manufacturers across the continent and over seas. Approximately 95 percent of all timber cut is being shipped out of state.

Natural gas liquids and petroleum are the second most important mineral resources in the state. The high grade Pennsylvania grade crude oil is highly desirable by industry because of its superiority as a lubricant. The chemical industry in West Virginia is more large and expanding rapidly in the Ohio and Kanawha River Valley. Other natural resources found in abundance in West Virginia are limestone, sand and gravel, salt, and metals.

The Bureau of Vocational, Technical and Adult Education, cooperating with Federal, state and local educational and other agencies, plans and promotes vocational education programs directed to serve the total citizenry of the state in preparing for employment and productive citizenry. These programs are provided in regular or comprehensive secondary schools. Specialized schools, county or area vocational centers, multi-county vocational centers, adult centers, post-secondary institutions, and colleges and universities.

There are 21 designated area vocation-technical centers and 202 high schools with vocational departments in West Virginia. Six colleges and universities provide vocational-technical programs. In 1970, there were 52,867 students enrolled in vocational education.

The desire of students to seek higher standards of education and become more productive citizens has resulted in continual upgrading of physical facilities, equipment and teaching personnel.

In the 1970-71 school year, West Virginia was responsible for the education of 117,497 high school students across the state. Of the 23,320 high school graduates in 1970, 8,026 made plans to further their education at the college level.

West Virginia maintains and supports more public and private colleges and universities per capita than any other state in the United States. All 21 universities and colleges in West Virginia have experienced an enrollment increase over the past decade with Marshall University and West Virginia University doubling in size. The 11 public and 10 private institutions confer more than 7,700 degrees each year.

West Virginia is a state with an exceptional outdoor recreation base. Its varied topography, climate and resources give it the potential of being a year-round recreation land serving the people of the Eastern United States. Rivers and streams are very important in the state's recreational picture. Some of the finest fishing streams in the East are found in West Virginia and many of them have retained their natural setting and attract visitors in evergrowing numbers. State and national forests have been designated in West Virginia to preserve our "wild 'n wonderful" woodlands. Two federal forests—the Monongalia National Forest and George Washington National Forest—are located in Eastern West Virginia. The mini state forests offer some 77,000 acres of picturesque rugged wilderness, inspiring views, and remote seclusion. Along with these forests, West Virginia also offers 27 state parks for recreation.

The facts set forth in this brief profile, although somewhat complex, are presented in hope that they will help the reader get a better understanding of West Virginia's crime picture in our first Annual Uniform Crime Report.

CRIME FACTORS

Statistics gathered under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program are submitted by the law enforcement agencies of West Virginia and project a state-wide view of crime. Awareness of the presence of certain crime factors, which may influence the resulting volume and type of statistics presented, is necessary if fair and equitable conclusions are to be drawn. These crime influencing factors are present, to some degree, in every community and their presence affects, in varying degrees, the crime experience of that community. Attempts at comparison of crime figures between communities should not be made without first considering the individual factors present in each community.

Crime, as an outgrowth of society, remains a social problem of grave concern and the police are limited in their role to its suppression and detection. As stated by the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice in their report "The Challenge of Crime In A Free Society" (1967 - Page 92):

"But the fact that the police deal daily with crime does not mean that they have unlimited power to prevent it, or reduce it, or deter it. The police did not create and cannot resolve the social conditions that stimulate crime. They did not start and cannot stop the convulsive social changes that are taking place in America. They do not enact the laws that they are required to enforce, nor do they dispose of the criminals they arrest. The police are only one part of the criminal justice system; the criminal justice system is only one part of the government; and the government is only one part of society. Insofar as crime is a social phenomenon, crime prevention is the responsibility of every part of society. The criminal process is limited to case by case operations - one criminal or one crime at a time."

Set forth below are some of the conditions which will, by type and volume, affect the crime that occurs from place to place.

Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is a part.

Composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex and race

Economic status of the population

Relative stability of population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.

Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.

Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics

Standards governing appointments to the police force.

Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts

Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.

The Administrative and investigative efficiency of the 'local' law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime reporting standards

CRIME INDEX

The tabulations presented in the tables, graphs, and charts in this publication indicates the volume and distribution of crime in West Virginia on the basis of a Crime Index. The crime figures are broken down by municipal, county and state totals.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program utilizes seven crime classifications to establish an index to measure the trend and distribution of crime in the United States. These crimes—murder, forcible rape, robbery, felonious assault, burglary, larceny \$50 and over in value, and auto theft—are counted by law enforcement agencies as the crimes become known to them. These crimes were selected for use in the Crime Index because, as a group, they represent the most common local crime problem. They are all serious crimes, either by their very nature or due to the volume in which they occur. Offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and felonious assault are categorized as violent crimes. Offenses of burglary, larceny \$50 and over in value and auto theft are classed as crimes against property.

It is believed desirable to point out that there is no way of determining the total number of crimes which are committed. Many criminal acts occur which are not reported to official sources. Estimates as to the level of unreported crime can be developed through costly victim interview surveys, but this, of course, does not remedy the reluctance of victims and/or other members of society to report all crimes to law enforcement agencies.

In light of this situation, the best source for obtaining a count of crime is the next logical universe, namely, crimes which come to police attention. The crimes used in the Crime Index are those considered to be most consistently reported to police and the computations of crime trends and crime rates are prepared using this universe—offenses known to police. During 1972, 18,431 Crime Index Offenses were known to police.

The crime counts set forth in this publication are actual offenses established by police investigation. When police receive a complaint of crime and the follow-up investigation discloses no crime occurred, it is "unfounded".

Calculation of Rates and Percentages

This report provides police executives with a yardstick with which to measure local problems, but to utilize the administrative tool, the local data must be converted into terms of rates and percentages. Simple formulas for this purpose are presented below for the benefit of those who might feel the need for them.

Crime Rates

Perhaps the most used of all crime statistics is the crime rate which generally refers to the number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants. It can be calculated for any city regardless of the size and may be arrived at under either of two procedures. One formula would be to divide the number of crimes by the population and to multiply the answer by 100,000.

Example:

$$\frac{1,980 \text{ robberies}}{500,000 \text{ population}} = .003960 \times 100,000 = \begin{array}{l} \text{Crime} \\ \text{Rate} \\ 369.0 \\ \text{per} \\ 100,000 \\ \text{persons} \end{array}$$

Another procedure generally considered somewhat more simple, particularly if crime rates for a number of different offense classifications are to be calculated, is the so-called reciprocal method. As in the above example, it may be assumed that a city has a population of 500,000 and 1,980 robberies occurred during the year. Divide 100,000 by the number of inhabitants of the city (500,000). The quotient may be considered the reciprocal and multiplied by the number of crimes in each class to obtain the rate per 100,000. The reciprocal in this instance would be .200000, and an illustration of the calculation of the crime rate is as follows:

Example:

	Reciprocal	×	Number of Robberies	=	Crime Rate
<u>100,000</u> 500,000 population	= .200000		× 1,980		= 369.0 per 100,000 persons

The reciprocal once determined can be used to calculate all rates until a new population figure is available.

All crime rates which were calculated for the total number of offenses committed in the state were based on the number of offenses per 100,000 persons.

However, due to the fact, that no city within the state has a population over 100,000, calculations for each individual contributing agency were based on the number of offenses per 1,000 persons.

Clearance Rates

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, a crime index offense is cleared when a law enforcement agency has identified the offender, there is enough evidence to charge him and he is actually taken into custody. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime.

Crime solutions are also recorded in exceptional circumstances when some element beyond law enforcement control precludes formal charges against the offender. An offense may be exceptionally cleared when it falls into one of the following categories:

1. The offender commits suicide.
2. A double murder occurs (two persons kill each other).
3. The offender dies after making a confession (dying declaration)
4. The offender is killed by a law enforcement officer.
5. The offender confesses to committing the crime while already in custody for another crime of serving a sentence
6. The offender is prosecuted in another city for a different crime by federal, state or local authorities, or for the same offense, and the other jurisdiction refuses to release the offender.
7. Another jurisdiction refuses to extradite the offender.
8. The victim of a crime refuses to cooperate in the prosecution.
9. The offender is prosecuted for a less serious charge than the one for which he was arrested.
10. The offender is a juvenile who is handled by a verbal or written notice to the parents in instances involving minor offenses such as petit larceny

For the year of 1972, 32.0 percent of all Index Crimes were cleared. The percentage of violent crimes cleared was 70.8 percent, while the clearance rate for property crimes was 20.4 percent.

WEST VIRGINIA OFFENSE DATA

VOLUME AND DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME INDEX OFFENSES

VIOLENT CRIME

The seven crime index offenses are grouped into two categories—violent crime and property crime. Crimes of violence include murder, forcible rape, robbery, and felonious assault. Violent crimes involve the element of personal confrontation between perpetrator and victim. Because of their very nature, violent crimes are more serious than property crimes. These offenses for the period of January through December 1972, made up 12.4 percent of all index offenses.

PROPERTY CRIMES

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, property crimes include the offenses of breaking and entering, larceny \$50 and over in value and auto theft. The number of property crimes reported for the year of 1972 was more than 7 times the number of violent crimes. Property crimes accounted for 87.6 percent of all index crimes reported.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED

Supplementary data relating to the crimes of robbery, breaking and entering, larceny-theft, and auto theft, is collected and analyzed on a monthly basis. The resultant figures provide information concerning the value of property stolen and recovered by the type of property.

The total value of property stolen during 1972 was \$6,846,871. Although law enforcement agencies recovered approximately 30 percent of all property stolen, the net loss amounted to \$4,793,032. Other than the miscellaneous category, stolen automobiles accounted for the highest property loss amounting to \$2,350,556 for 1972.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY TYPE OFFENSE

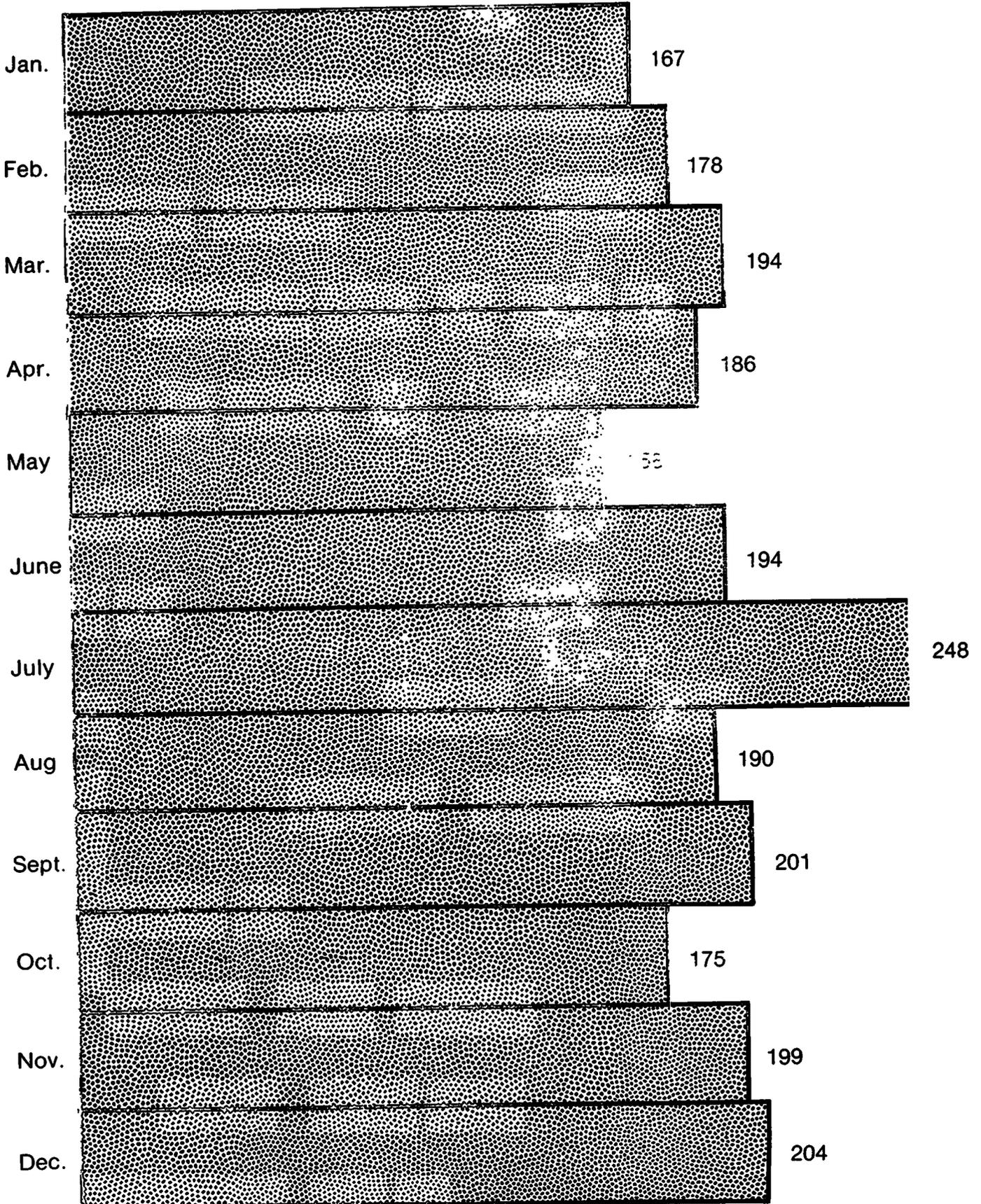
JANUARY—DECEMBER, 1972

<u>BREAKING AND ENTERING</u>			<u>LARCENY</u>		
<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
<u>RESIDENCE</u>			Pocket-Picking ...	89	\$ 14,253
Committed	1,655	\$458,123	Purse-Snatching ..	137	\$ 10,922
During Night			Shoplifting	1,137	\$ 27,585
<u>RESIDENCE</u>			From Autos	3,273	\$ 431,316
Committed	665	\$136,123	Auto Parts		
During Day			& Accessories	3,279	\$ 252,186
<u>RESIDENCE</u>			Bicycles	1,204	\$ 55,313
Committed	937	\$216,980	From Buildings ...	2,024	\$ 473,110
Unknown			Coin-Operated		
			Machines	232	\$ 14,015
<u>NONRESIDENCE</u>			All Other	2,275	\$ 691,554
Committed	3,222	\$1,141,035	TOTAL	13,650	\$1,970,254
During Night					
<u>NONRESIDENCE</u>					
Committed	185	\$115,760			
During Day					
<u>NONRESIDENCE</u>					
Committed	528	\$141,571			
Unknown					
TOTAL	7,192	\$2,209,809			

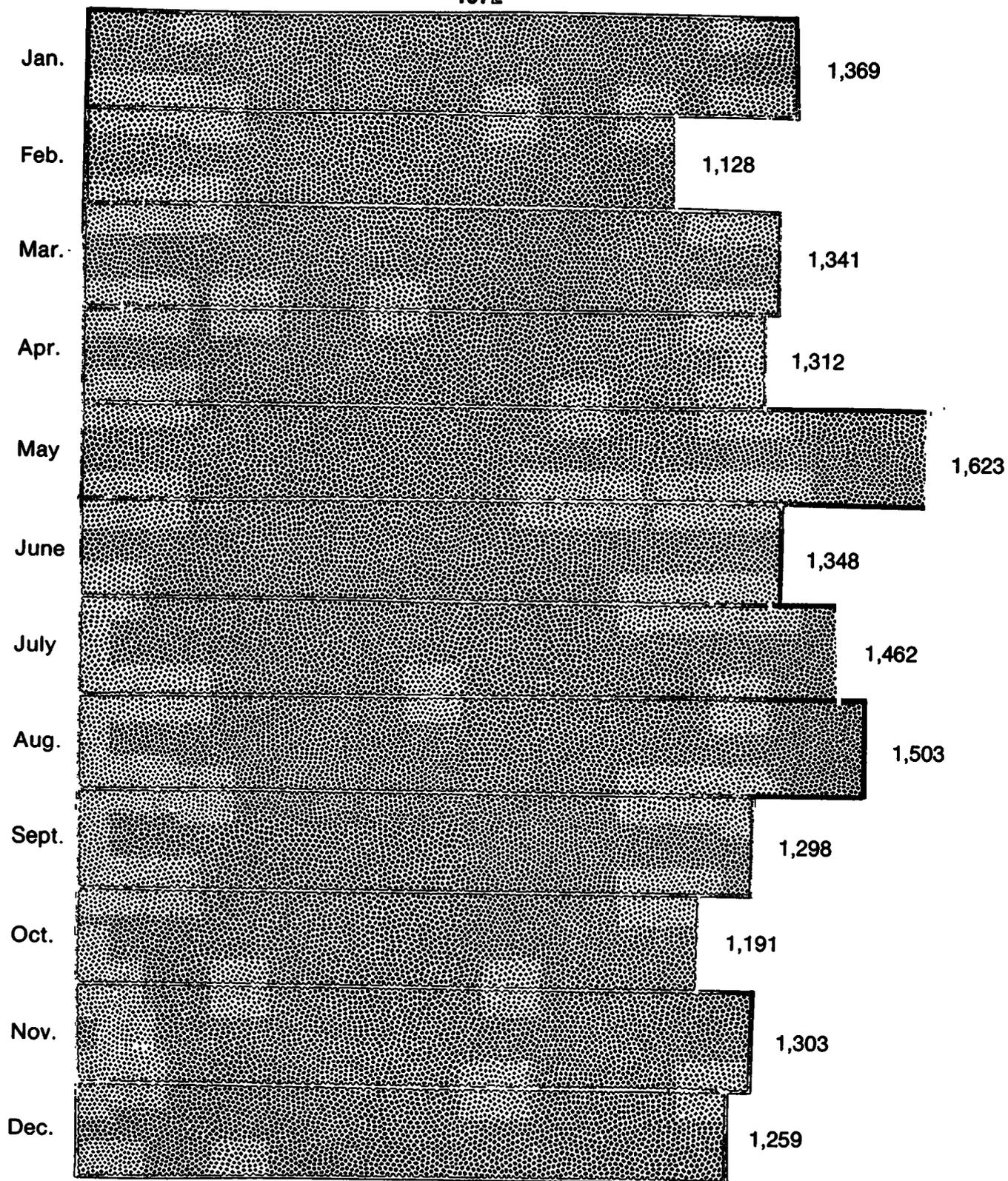
<u>ROBBERY</u>			<u>LARCENY BY VALUE</u>		
<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
Highway	273	\$ 60,761	\$50 and Over	7,000	\$1,827,736
Commercial House .	70	\$ 83,612	\$5 to \$50	5,687	\$ 140,225
Service Station ...	42	\$ 6,576	UNDER \$5	963	\$ 2,293
Chain Store	26	\$ 46,889	TOTAL	13,650	\$1,970,254
Residence	67	\$ 52,871			
Bank	3	\$ 31,874	<u>AUTO THEFT</u>		
Miscellaneous	75	\$ 35,831	<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
TOTAL	556	\$318,414	Auto Theft	1,907	\$2,348,394

VIOLENT CRIME

MURDER, FORCIBLE RAPE, ROBBERY, AND FELONIOUS ASSAULT
January-December
1972



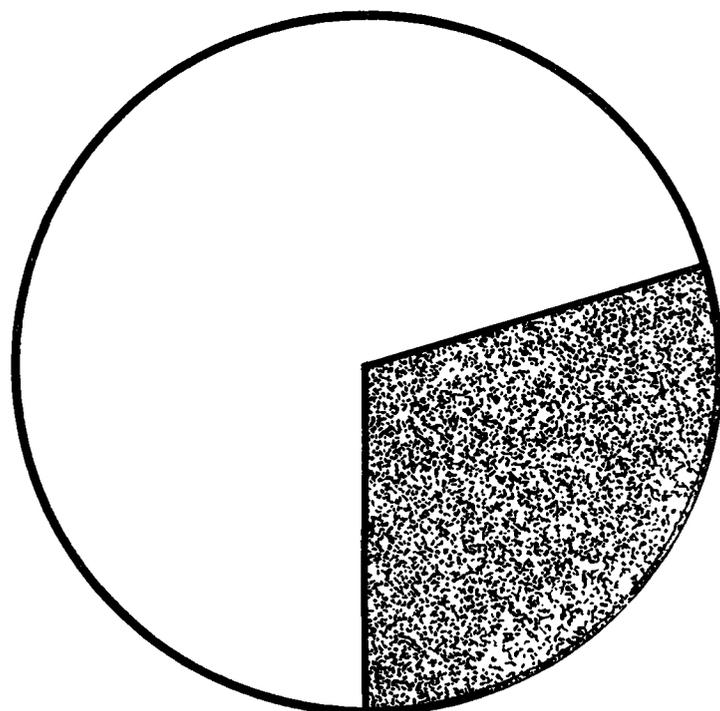
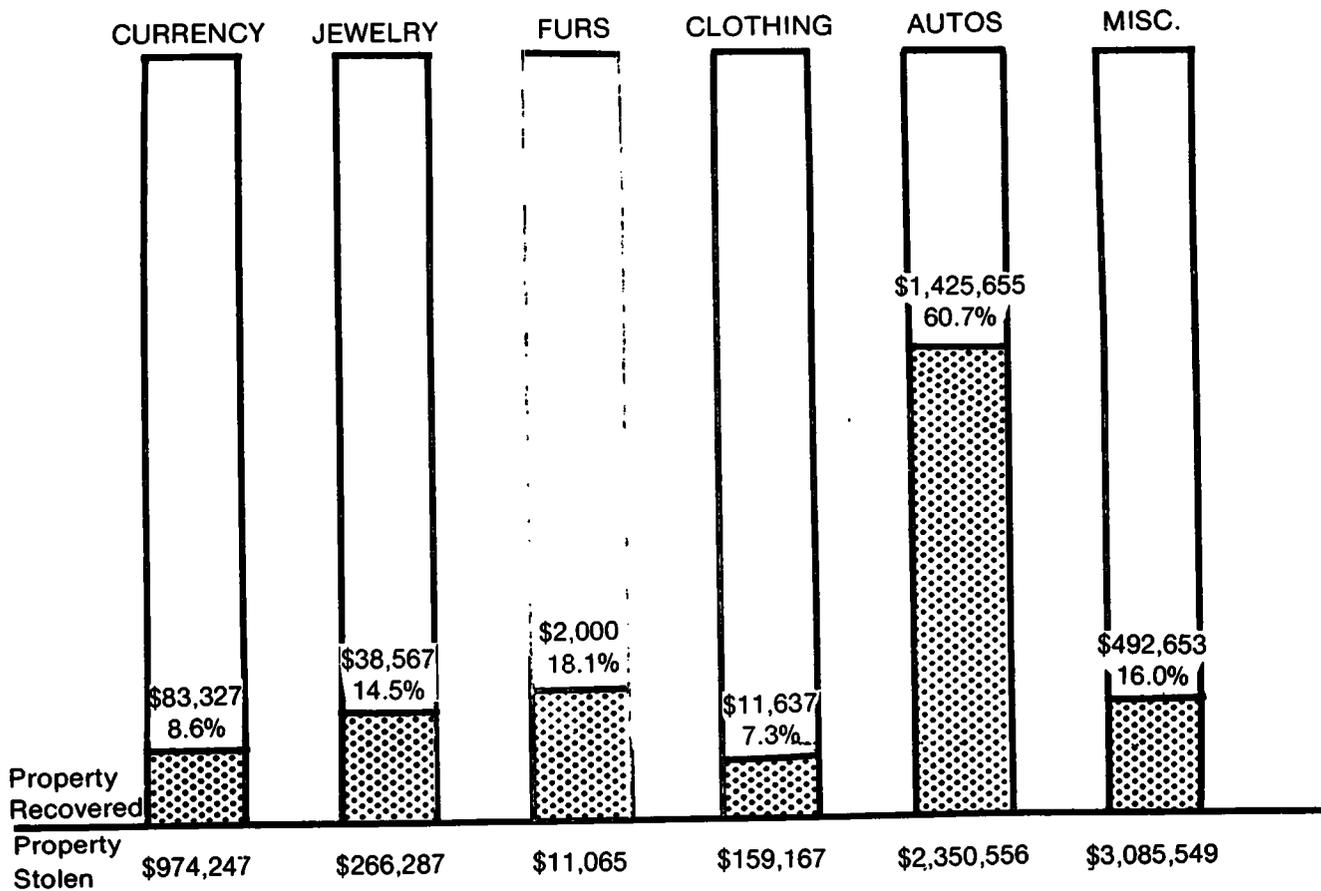
PROPERTY CRIME
BREAKING & ENTERING, LARCENY OVER \$50, AND AUTO THEFT
January-December
1972



VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND PERCENT RECOVERED

JANUARY - DECEMBER

1972



**TOTAL VALUE OF
PROPERTY STOLEN
\$6,846,871**

**TOTAL VALUE OF
PROPERTY RECOVERED
\$2,053,839**

← 30.0%
RECOVERED

CRIMINAL HOMICIDE—MURDER

Murder is defined as the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought. Any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime is included. This index offense is scored by police on the basis of their investigation without regard as to the findings of a court or jury or the decision of a prosecutor. Traffic deaths caused by the negligence of someone other than the victim are not included here, but are counted under manslaughter. Attempts to kill and assault to kill are scored as felonious assaults and not as murder. Suicide, accidental deaths and justifiable homicides are also excluded.

MURDER

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 108 murders were reported by law enforcement agencies in West Virginia for the months of January through December, 1972.

Murders accounted for 4.7 percent of all violent index crimes and .5 percent of all index offenses.

The murder rate for the reporting period was 6.2 per 100,000 population.

A total of 96 murders were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared, amounting to a 88.9 percent clearance rate statewide. Persons under the age of 18 were involved in less than 1% of the total number of murders reported. 84.2 percent of all murder victims were white and 15.7 percent were Negro.

Firearms were employed in 77.7 percent of all reported murders. The use of a knife or other cutting instrument was involved in 5.5 percent of the murders.

The age group accounting for the highest percent of persons arrested for murder, 17.9 percent, occurred in the 30-34 age category. Males accounted for 86.8 percent of all persons arrested for murder.

77.4 percent of all persons arrested for murder were white, 22.6 percent were Negro.

The 32 murders of one family member by another accounted for 29.6 percent of all murders. Of these, 40.6 percent resulted from one spouse killing another.

MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE, SEX, AND RACE 1972

Age	Num-ber	Percent Distri- bution of Age	Sex		Race					
			Male	Fe- male	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All Other
1-4	1	0.9		1	1					
5-9	1	0.9	1		1					
10-14	3	2.8	2	1	2	1				
15-19	7	6.5	6	1	7					
20-24	10	9.3	8	2	8	2				
25-29	6	5.6	5	1	4	2				
30-34	12	11.1	9	3	12					
35-39	11	10.2	8	3	9	2				
40-44	11	10.2	10	1	10	1				
45-49	15	13.9	11	4	14	1				
50-54	8	7.4	6	2	8					
55-59	8	7.4	6	2	6	2				
60-64	7	6.5	3	4	6	1				
65-69	2	1.9	1	1	2					
70-74	5	4.6	4	1	1	4				
75 & over	1	0.9	1			1				
<hr/>										
Total for West Va.	108		81	27	91	17				
<hr/>										
Per- Cent			75.0	25.0	84.3	15.7				

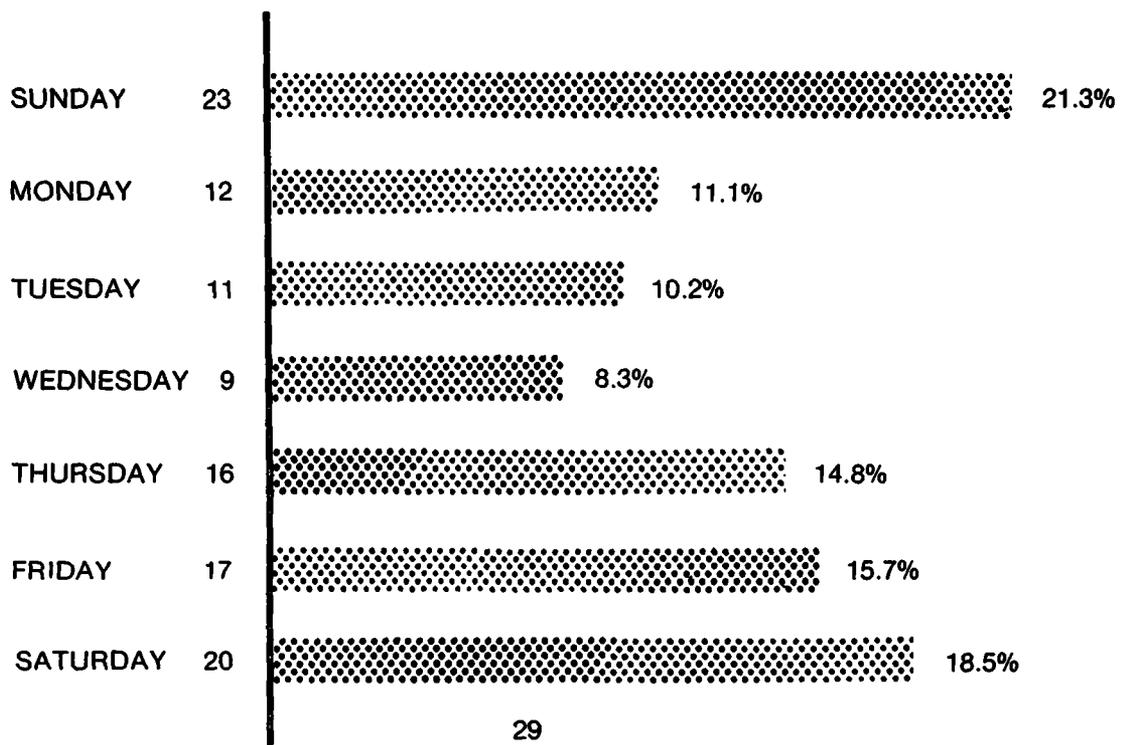
MURDERS BY CIRCUMSTANCE—1972

Circumstance	Number	Percent Distribution
Spouse Killing Spouse	13	12.0
Parent Killing Child	4	3.7
Other Family Situation	15	13.9
Lovers Triangle	9	8.3
Bar Room Arguments	16	14.8
Other Arguments	51	47.2
TOTAL	108	

MURDERS BY TYPE OF WEAPON

Type of Weapon	Number	Percent Distribution
Handgun	51	47.2
Rifle	9	8.3
Shotgun	19	17.6
Cutting and Stabbing	6	5.6
Personal Weapons	8	7.4
Other Weapons	15	13.9
TOTAL	108	100.0

MURDERS BY DAY OF WEEK



FORCIBLE RAPE

Forcible rape is the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. For the purpose of Uniform Crime Reporting, rape is divided into two categories: (1) Rape by force; and (2) attempted rape. Carnal abuse without force (statutory rape) and other sex offenses are not included.

Forcible rape differs from other violent crimes in that the victim, in many cases, is hesitant in reporting the offense to police. The rigors of court procedure, embarrassment and fear of any accompanying stigma have a deterrent effect on the victims willingness to make the crime known to police. The presence of a prior relationship between victim and perpetrator makes the determination of the act of force difficult to establish, and the usual clandestine nature of the offense presents a problem in verification.

FORCIBLE RAPE

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 146 forcible rapes (including attempts) were reported by law enforcement agencies in West Virginia for 1972. 99 rapes were by force and 47 were attempts.

Forcible rapes accounted for 6.4 percent of all violent crimes and 0.7 percent of all index offenses reported.

Approximately 16.2 out of every 100,000 women in West Virginia were reported as rape victims.

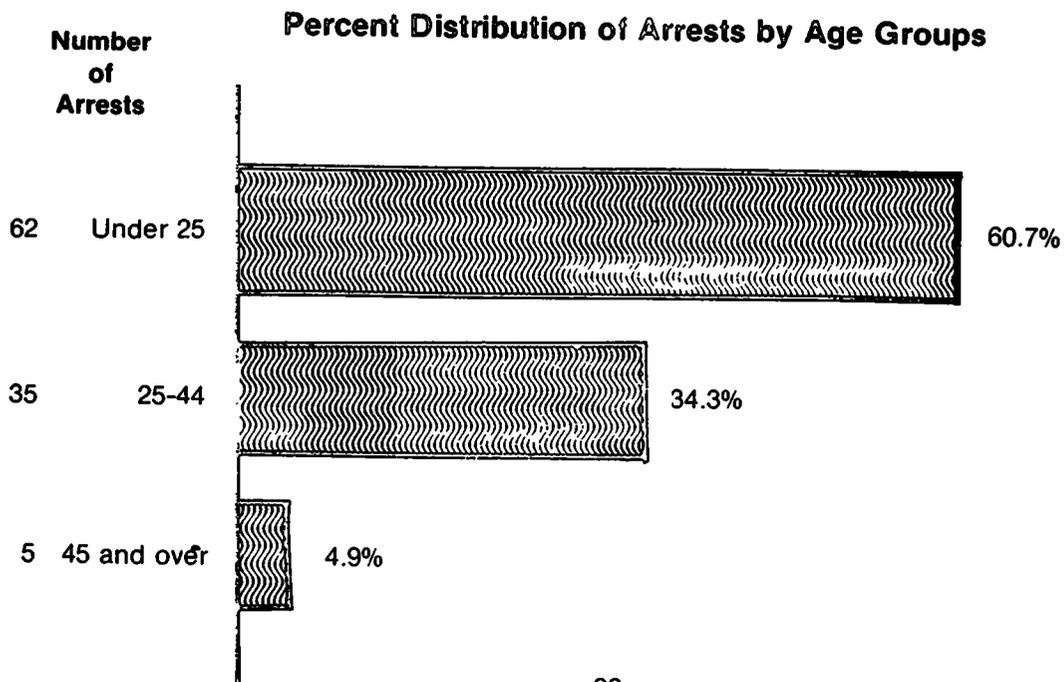
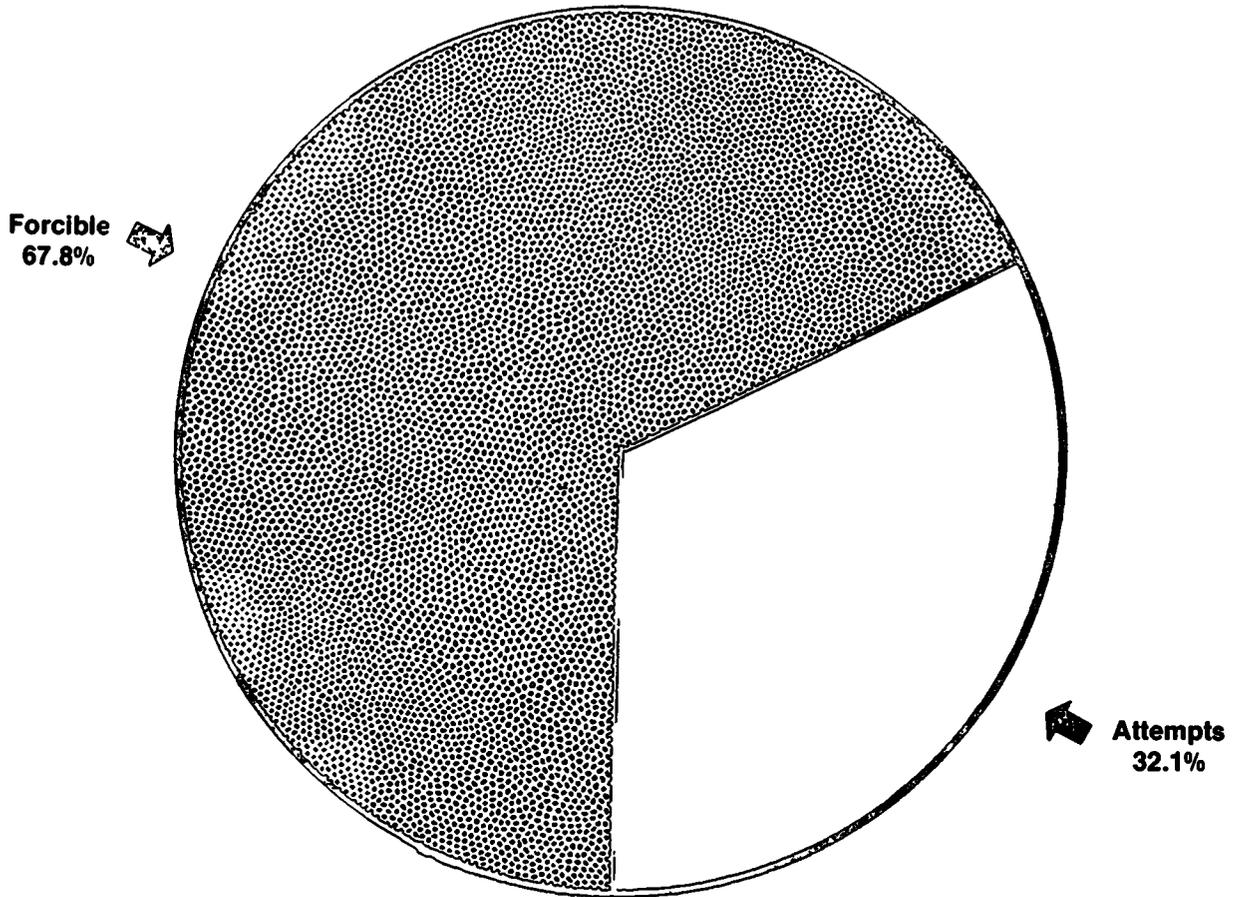
A total of 94 forcible rapes were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared, amounting to a 64.4 percent clearance rate statewide. 7.5 percent of the total number of rapes reported were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

60.7 percent of all persons arrested for forcible rape during 1972 were under the age of 25.

90.2 percent of all persons arrested for forcible rape during 1972 were White, 9.8 percent were Negro.

FORCIBLE RAPE

January - December
1972



ROBBERY

Robbery is defined as the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will by violence or by putting him in fear. The element of personal confrontation is always present in this crime. Under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, all assaults or attempts to rob are included. Robberies are reported in two general categories—armed-any weapon (when any object is used as a weapon) and strong armed which includes muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong arm tactics are employed. As a general rule, robbery differs from larceny in that it is aggravated by the element of force or the threat of force.

Robbery, as a crime of violence, has a serious impact on the victim. In many instances, serious injury results. Oftentimes, along with physical injury or without, the victim suffers mental disturbance. Such damage is immeasurable. This is emphasized when the attempt to rob results in the death of the victim. Of course, in this case, the robbery would not be scored since the more serious offense, murder, would be reported and the robbery would serve as the motive. The placing of a dollar value, however, on the damage resulting from this type of offense is an attempt to measure that which is immeasurable.

ROBBERY

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 556 robberies were reported by law enforcement agencies in the State of West Virginia for the period of January through December, 1972.

Robberies accounted for 24.2 percent of all violent crimes as a group and 3.0 percent of the total crime index.

The robbery rate amounted to 31.7 robberies for every 100,000 persons in the state.

A total of 176 robberies were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared, representing a clearance rate of 31.7 percent state wide. 6.3 percent of the total number of robberies were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

The age group accounting for the highest percent of persons arrested for robbery, 10.6 percent, occurred in the 19 age category. Males accounted for 93.1 percent of all persons arrested for robbery.

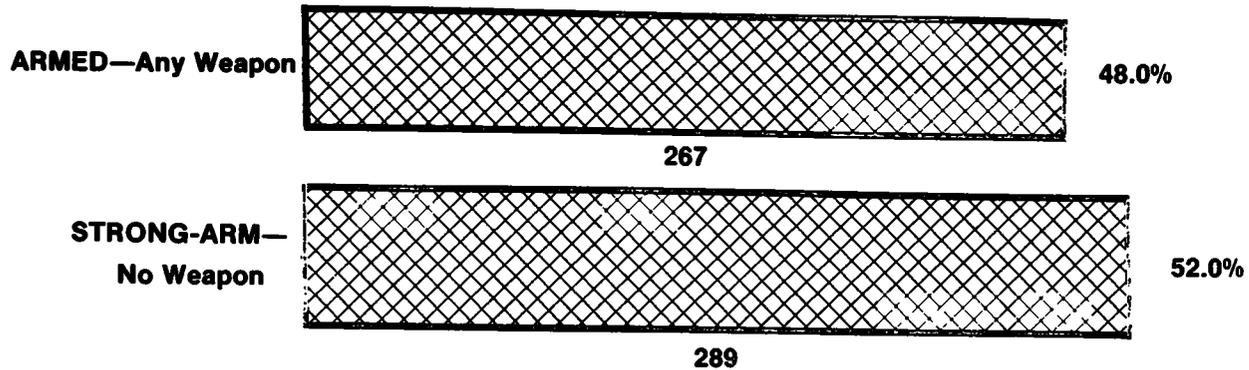
74.0 percent of all persons arrested for robbery were White and 25.9 percent were Negro.

The largest number of actual offenses of robbery, 273, occurred in the highway category, which represents 49.1 percent of all offenses of robbery reported in 1972.

The highest average loss, amounting to \$10,625, occurred in the "bank" category. The lowest average loss, \$157, occurred at "Service Stations."

ROBBERY

January - December
1972



Classification	Number of Offenses	Percent Distribution	Total Values	Average Value
Highway	273	49.1	\$ 60,761	\$ 223
Commercial House	70	12.6	\$ 83,612	\$ 1,194
Gas, Service Station	42	7.5	\$ 6,576	\$ 157
Chain Store	26	4.7	\$ 46,889	\$ 1,803
Residence	67	12.1	\$ 52,871	\$ 789
Bank	3	0.5	\$ 31,874	\$10,625
Miscellaneous	75	13.5	\$ 35,831	\$ 478
TOTAL for West Virginia	556	100.0	\$318,414	\$ 573

FELONIOUS ASSAULT

Felonious assault, as defined under the West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program, is an attempt or offer with unlawful force or violence, to do serious physical injury to another. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that any injury result when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.

The use or attempted use of a dangerous weapon in an assault or the serious injury inflicted by hands, fists, or feet separates this Index offense from those assaults categorized as "simple" and not felonious in nature.

The victim of an actual assault of this type may suffer serious injury or permanent disability and all assaults to kill and attempts to kill are recorded in this area. As with murder, the use of weapons to inflict these serious injuries make this offense a subject for analysis.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 1,484 felonious assaults were reported by law enforcement agencies for 1972.

Assaults accounted for 64.7 percent of all violent crimes and 8.1 percent of all index crimes.

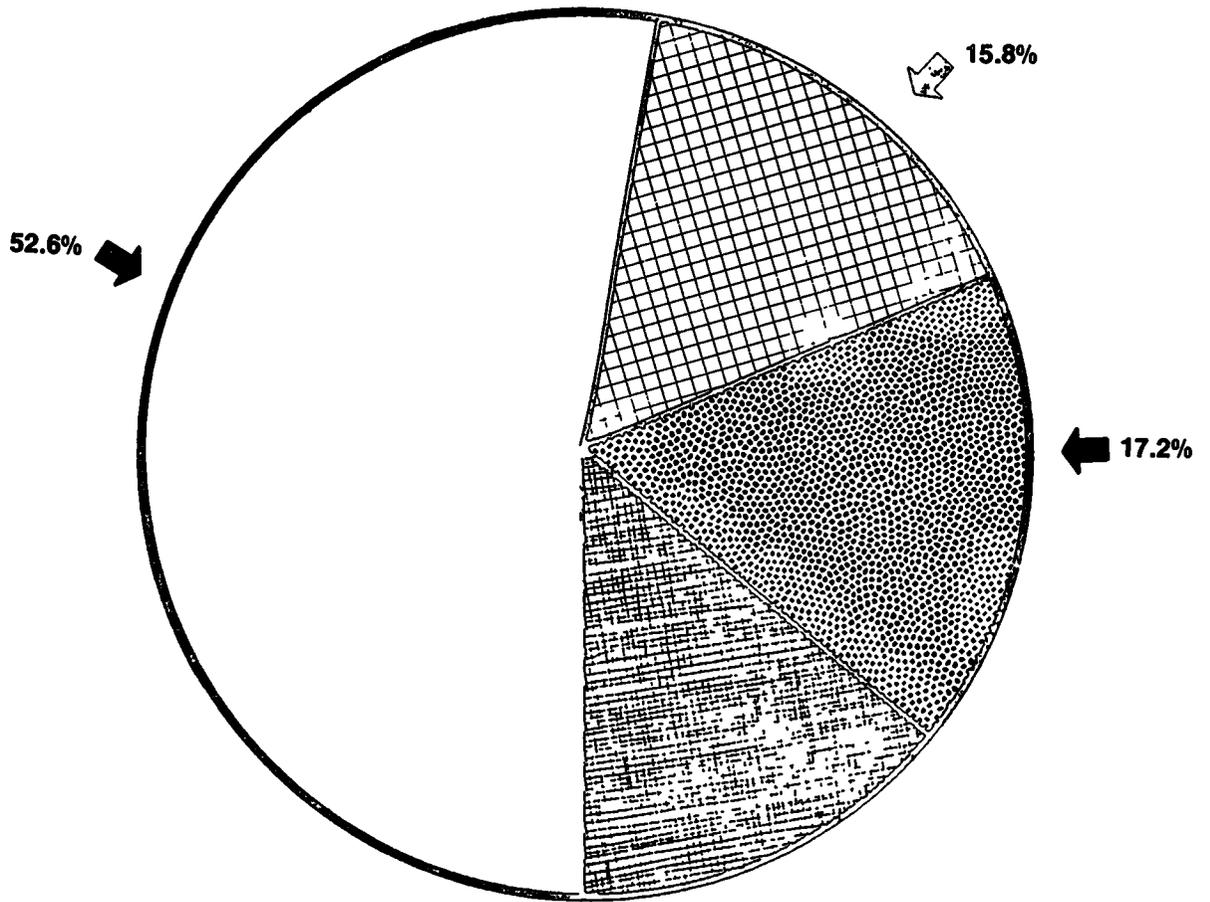
The rate of felonious assaults amounted to 84.7 assaults for each 100,000 persons.

A total of 1,258 felonious assaults were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared which represents a clearance rate of 84.8 percent statewide. 6.5 percent of all assaults were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

Persons under the age of 30 accounted for 59.0 percent of the arrests for felonious assault. Arrests of males for felonious assault outnumbered females by a 8.2 to 1 margin.

Analysis of felonious assault arrests by race indicates that 81.7 percent of all persons arrested were White and 18.3 percent were Negro.

Of all weapons used in felonious assaults, the use of hands, fists, feet, etc. was the most prevalent, representing 781 offenses and comprising 52.6 percent of all assaults.



NUMBER OF ASSAULTS

- 214  OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPONS
- 255  GUN
- 234  KNIFE OR CUTTING INSTRUMENT
- 781  HANDS, FIST, FEET

**ASSAULTS
FELONIOUS ASSAULT
—WEAPON USED—
January - December
1972**

1,484 TOTAL FELONIOUS ASSAULTS

BREAKING AND ENTERING

Under this Program, breaking and entering is defined as an unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.

Data collection for this offense is further categorized as to forcible entries, unlawful entries where no force is used, and attempted forcible entries.

As with other nonviolent crimes, the motive of personal gain coupled with the element of opportunity, results in the commission of this offense by both the amateur and the professional perpetrator. Only the absence of confrontation and the use of force separate this crime from robbery of the violent crime group. However, detection during commission many times results in a confrontation of the victim by the perpetrator demonstration why this offense is considered the most serious of the nonviolent crime group.

The volume of this offense presents the police with a serious enforcement problem made more difficult in many areas by the lack of sufficient personnel to act a a deterrent and to provide successful solutions to these crimes.

BREAKING AND ENTERING

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 7,192 burglaries were reported by law enforcement agencies in 1972.

Burglaries accounted for 44.6 percent of all property crime and 39.0 percent of all index offenses.

The burglary rate for 1972 was 410.5 per 100,000 population.

A total of 1,562 burglaries were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared. This amounts to a clearance rate of 21.7 percent state-wide.

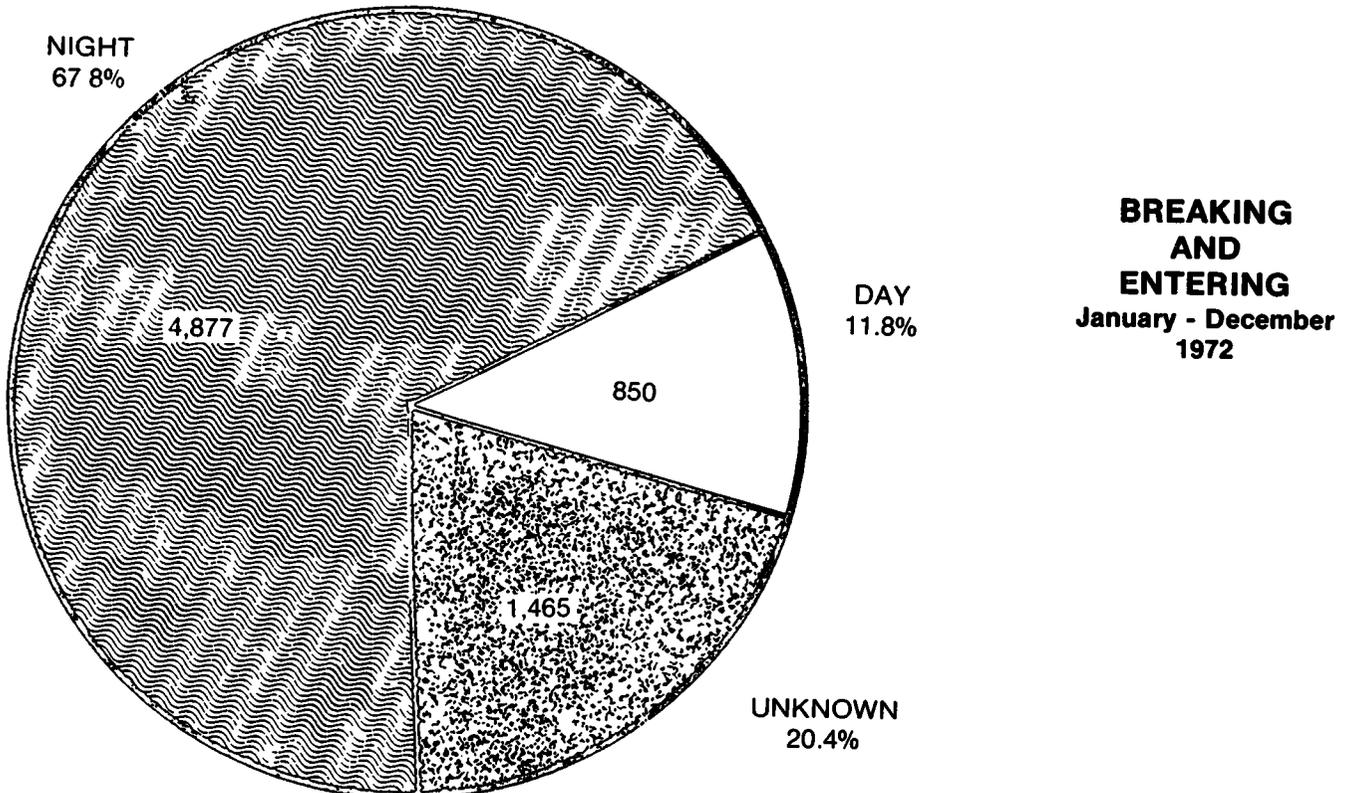
The age group accounting for the highest percentage of persons arrested for burglary, 14.6 percent, occurred in the 13-14 age category. Males accounted for 91.7 percent of persons arrested for burglary. 8.0 percent of the total number of burglaries were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

91.7 percent of all persons arrested for breaking and entering were White. 8.3 percent were Negro.

Of the three categories of burglary, forcible entry was the most prevalent, with 5,800 offenses. This figure represents 80.7 percent of the total burglaries committed. 13.1 percent were unlawful entry (no force), while 6.2 percent were attempts.

Residential burglary accounted for 45.3 percent of the total, and 67.8 percent of all burglaries (where time was known) occurred during the night hours.

Classification	Number of Offenses	Percent of Distribution	Total Values	Average Values
RESIDENCE	3,257	45.3	\$ 811,443	\$249
Night	1,655	23.0	\$ 458,123	\$277
Day	665	9.3	\$ 136,340	\$205
Unknown	937	13.0	\$ 216,980	\$232
NONRESIDENCE	3,935	54.7	\$1,398,366	\$355
Night	3,222	44.8	\$1,141,035	\$354
Day	185	2.6	\$ 115,760	\$626
Unknown	528	7.3	\$ 141,571	\$268
TOTAL for West Virginia	7,192	100.0	\$2,209,809	\$307



LARCENY—THEFT

Larceny-Theft is the unlawful taking or stealing of property or articles of value without the use of force, violence, or fraud. It includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, thefts from autos, theft of auto parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc. In the UCR Program this crime category does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, and worthless checks. Auto theft is excluded from this category for crime reporting purposes inasmuch as it is a separate crime index offense.

The Crime Index offense of larceny includes only those thefts where the value of goods stolen is \$50 or more.

Larceny offenses cleared by police arrest are dramatically affected by the nature of the crime. As with other nonviolent crimes, opportunity and stealth, working in favor of the perpetrator and against police detection, reduce solutions for this offense

As with other offenses against property, larceny is primarily a crime of opportunity. Types of larcenies will differ in volume depending upon the opportunity for theft offered in a given area.

When average value is applied to the reported crimes in this category, the dollar loss to victims was \$144. It is true that a portion of goods stolen was recovered and returned to victims, but the relatively low percentage of the crimes cleared by arrest, and the lack of specific identification characteristics on such property indicates these recoveries will not materially reduce the overall loss. In addition, many offenses in this category, particularly where the value of the goods stolen is small, never come to police attention.

LARCENY—THEFT

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 7,038 larcenies, \$50 and over, were reported by law enforcement agencies in 1972.

Reported larcenies \$50 and over, accounted for 43.6 percent of crimes against property and 38.2 percent of all index offenses.

The larceny rate for West Virginia for 1972 amounted to 401.7 per 100,000 population.

There were 1,128 larcenies \$50 and over cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared. This represents a clearance rate of 16.0 percent statewide.

The age group responsible for the highest percentage of persons arrested for larceny, 9.4 percent, occurred in the 16 year old category. Males accounted for 75.0 percent of persons arrested for all categories of larceny. 21.6 percent of all larceny offenses were cleared. 7.5 percent of all larceny offenses were cleared by the arrest of exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

86.4 percent of all persons arrested for larceny (including offenses under \$50 in value) were White, 13.5 percent were Negro and less than 1 percent were of other races.

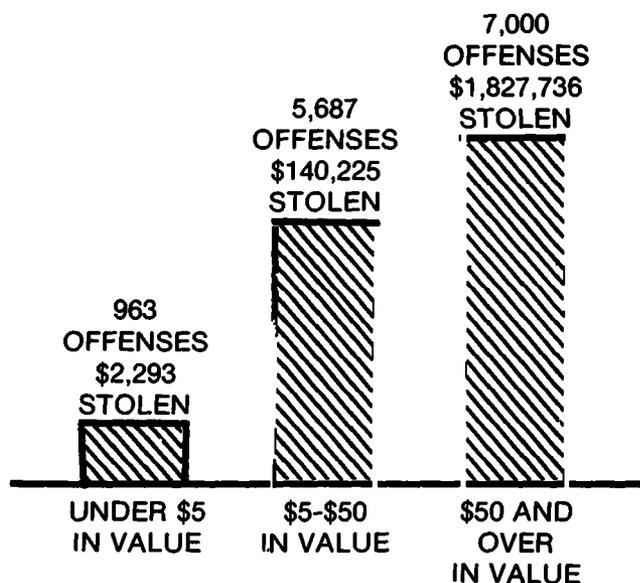
During 1972 the value of property stolen in actual offenses of larceny totaled \$1,970,254. This constitutes 28.8 percent of the total value of property stolen.

Thefts from buildings, third in rank of occurrence, resulted in the second highest dollar loss for all theft categories (including the All Other category). Thieves netted \$473,110 from thefts from buildings.

LARCENY

January - December

1972



Classification	Number of Offenses	Percent of Distribution	Total Values (Dollars)	Average Values (Dollars)
Pocket-Picking	89	0.7	14,253	160
Purse-Snatching	137	1.0	10,922	80
Shoplifting	1,137	8.3	27,585	24
From Autos	3,273	24.0	431,316	132
Auto Parts & Accessories	3,279	24.0	252,186	77
Bicycles	1,204	8.8	55,313	46
From Buildings	2,024	14.8	473,110	234
Coin-Operated Machines	232	1.7	14,015	60
All Other	2,275	16.7	691,554	304
TOTAL	13,650	100.0	1,970,254	144

AUTO THEFT

In Uniform Crime Reporting Auto Theft includes all thefts of a motor vehicle. This includes all vehicles which can be registered as a motor vehicle in this State. This definition excludes taking a motor vehicle for temporary use, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others having lawful access to the vehicle, such as chauffeurs, etc.

The crime of auto theft has been labeled primarily as a crime of opportunity. The youthful offender finds the automobile easily accessible for transportation for any purpose. The remaining auto thefts are mainly for the purpose of resale, theft of parts, and for use in committing other crimes.

AUTO THEFT

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A total of 1,907 auto thefts were reported by law enforcement agencies in West Virginia during 1972.

Auto thefts made up 11.8 percent of all property crimes and 10.3 percent of all index crimes.

The statewide auto theft rate for 1972 amounted to 108.8 per 100,000 population.

There were a total of 610 auto thefts cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared, representing a clearance rate of 32.0 percent statewide. 9.7 percent of all auto thefts were cleared by the arrest or exceptional clearance of persons under the age of 18.

The age group responsible for the highest percentage of persons arrested for auto theft, 15.1 percent, occurred in the 17 year old age category. 94.8 percent of all persons arrested for auto theft were males.

94.1 percent of all persons arrested for auto theft were White and 5.9 percent were Negro.

Of the 1,907 autos stolen during this period, 1,266 autos or 66.4 percent were recovered.

The total value of autos stolen was \$2,348,394. Autos valued at \$1,425,655 were recovered.

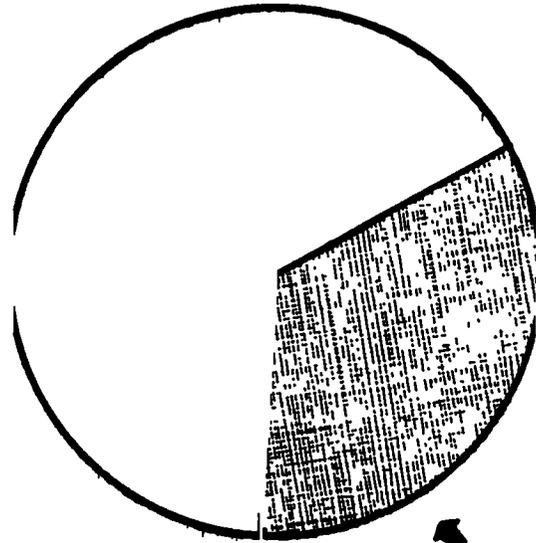
The average value of autos stolen during the reporting period was \$1,232.

49.1 percent of all stolen vehicles were recovered in the same jurisdiction where they were stolen.

AUTO THEFT
JANUARY - DECEMBER
1972

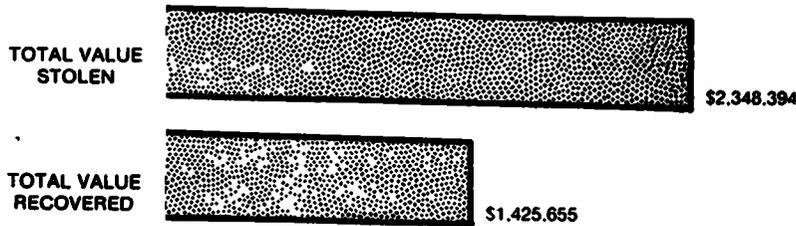
PERCENT AUTOS RECOVERED

RECOVERED
66.4%

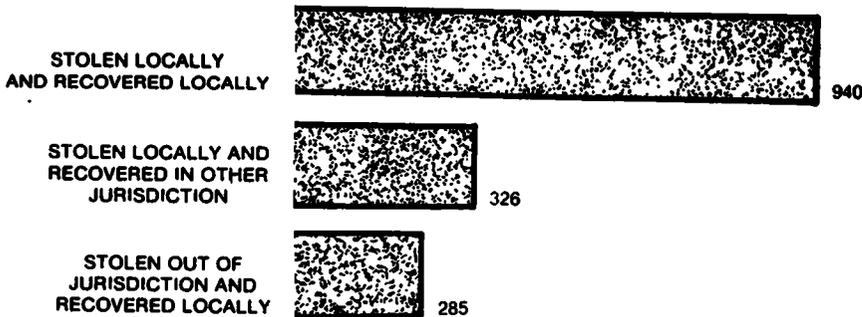


NOT RECOVERED
33.6%

AUTO THEFT VALUE



AUTOMOBILES RECOVERED

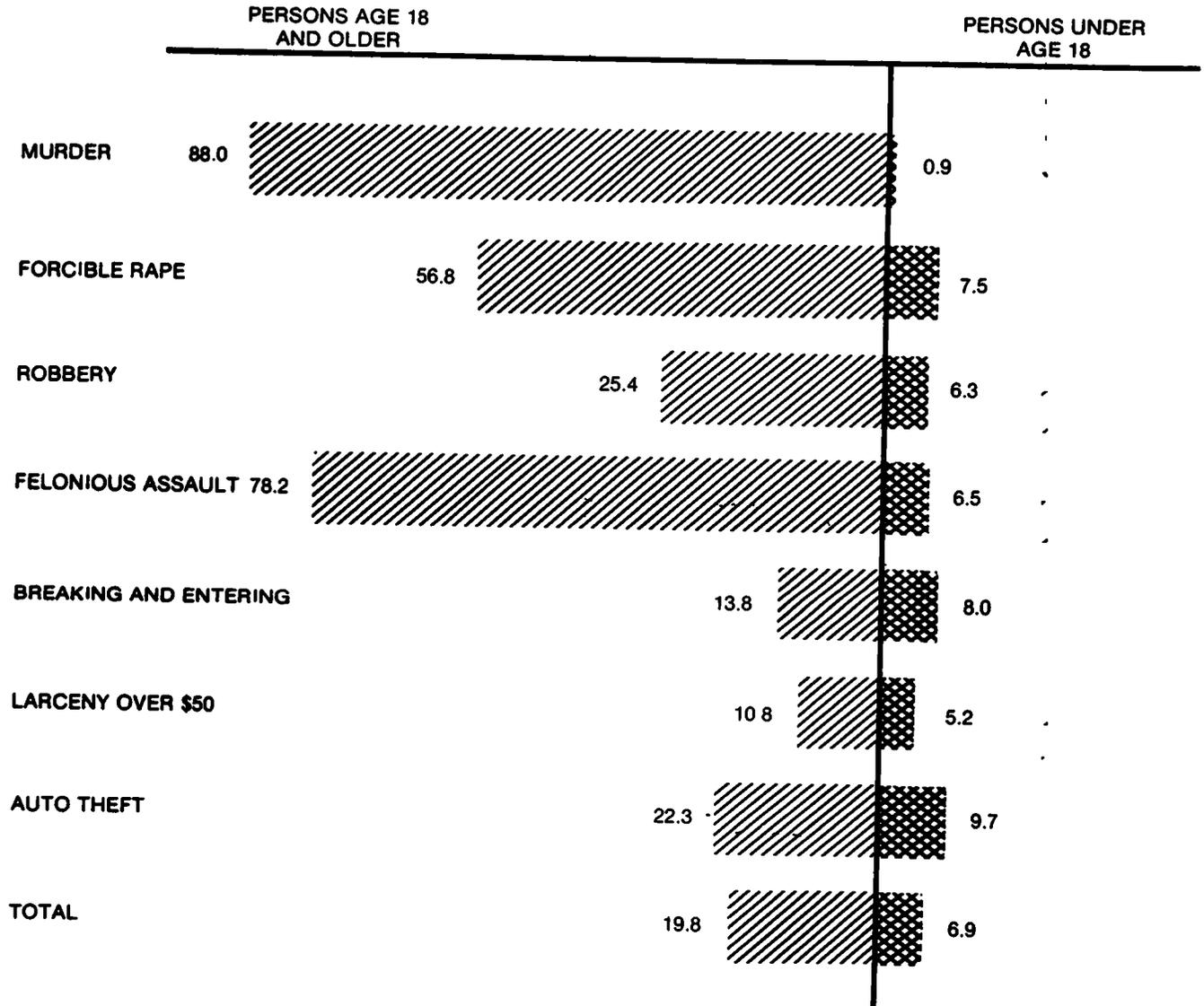


**WEST VIRGINIA
CRIME INDEX
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1972**

OFFENSES	Number of All Offenses	Number of Index Offenses	Rate Per 100,000 Inhabitants For Index Offenses	Percent of Distribution of Index Offenses	Percent of Index Offenses Cleared
MURDER	108	108	6.2	.6	89.0
MANSLAUGHTER	438	—	—	—	—
FORCIBLE RAPE	146	146	8.3	.8	64.4
Rape by Force	99	—	—	—	—
Assaults to Rape-Attempts	47	—	—	—	—
ROBBERY	556	556	31.7	3.0	31.7
Armed-Any Weapon	267	—	—	—	—
Strong Arm-No Weapon	289	—	—	—	—
ASSAULT-FELONIOUS	2,632	1,484	84.7	8.1	84.8
Gun	255	—	—	—	—
Knife or Cutting Instrument	234	—	—	—	—
Other Dangerous Weapon	214	—	—	—	—
Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.-Aggr.	781	—	—	—	—
Other Assaults-Not Aggrav.	1,148	—	—	—	—
BREAKING & ENTERING	7,192	7,192	410.5	39.0	21.7
Forcible Entry	5,800	—	—	—	—
Unlawful Entry-No Force	944	—	—	—	—
Attempted Forcible Entry	448	—	—	—	—
LARCENY—THEFT	13,650	7,038	401.7	38.2	16.0
\$50 and Over in Value	7,038	—	—	—	—
Under \$50 in Value	6,612	—	—	—	—
AUTO THEFT	1,907	1,907	108.0	10.3	32.0
TOTAL FOR WEST VIRGINIA	22,629	18,431	1052.0	100.0	32.0

PERCENT ANALYSIS OF INDEX OFFENSES CLEARED BY ARREST

January - December, 1972

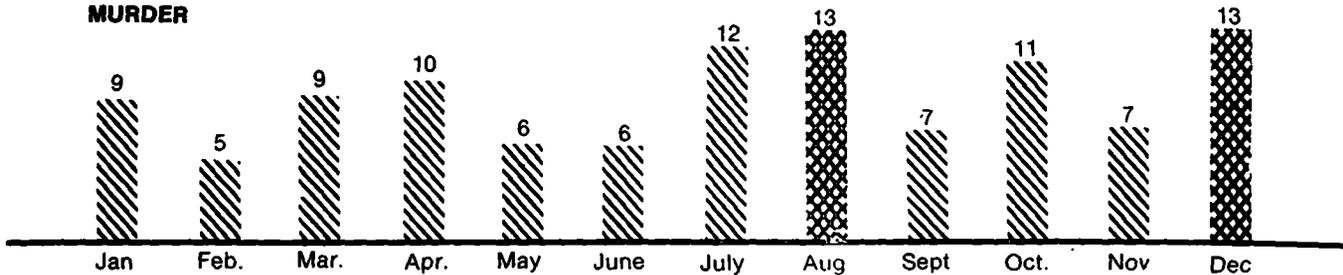


MONTHLY FLUCTUATION OF INDEX CRIMES

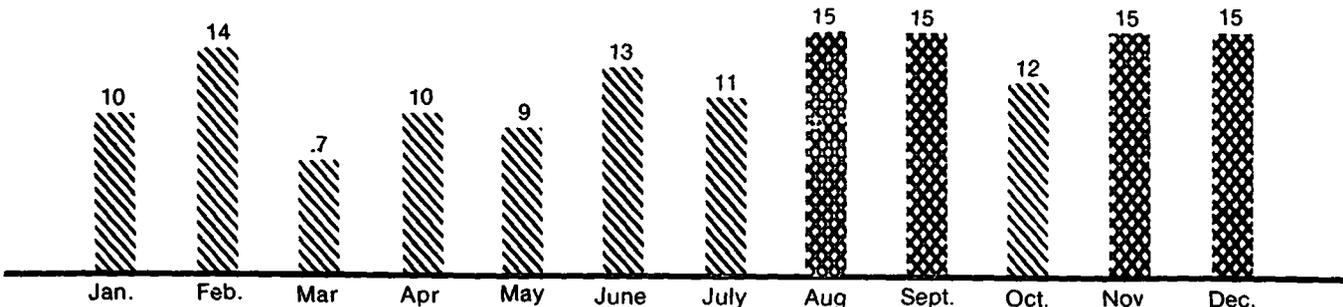
January - December, 1972

VIOLENT CRIME

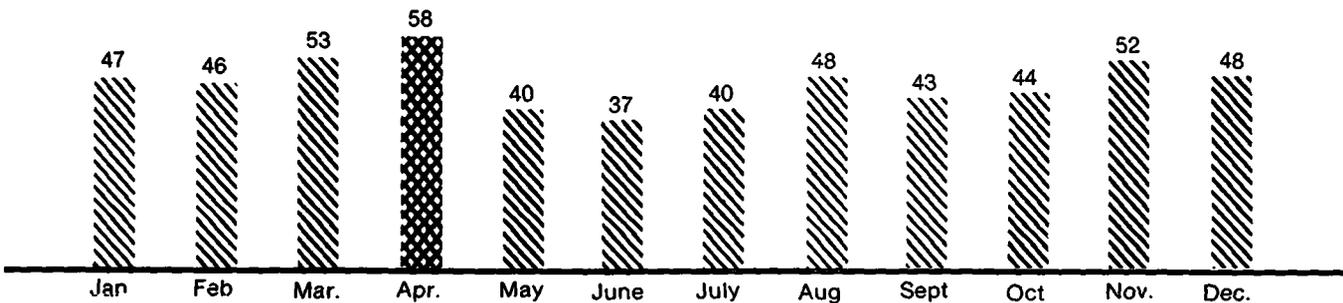
MURDER



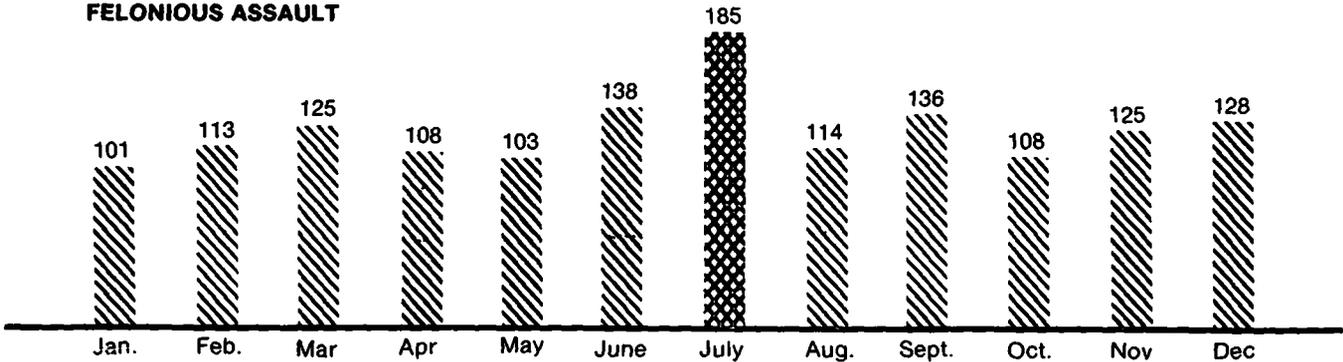
FORCIBLE RAPE



ROBBERY



FELONIOUS ASSAULT



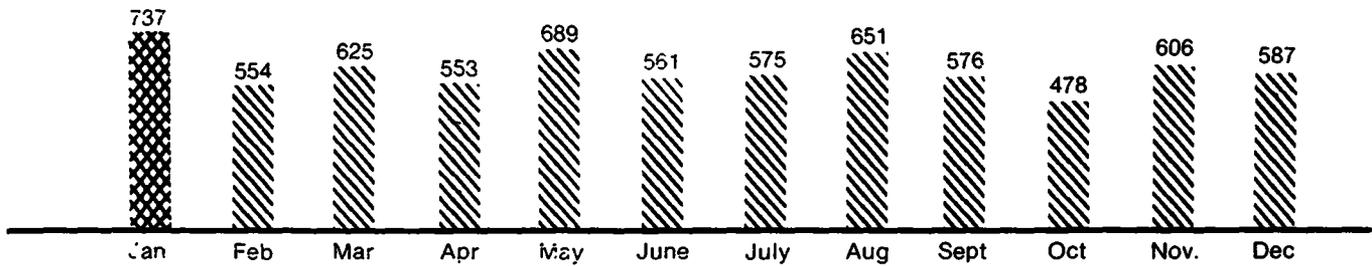
HIGH MONTHS

MONTHLY FLUCTUATION OF INDEX CRIMES

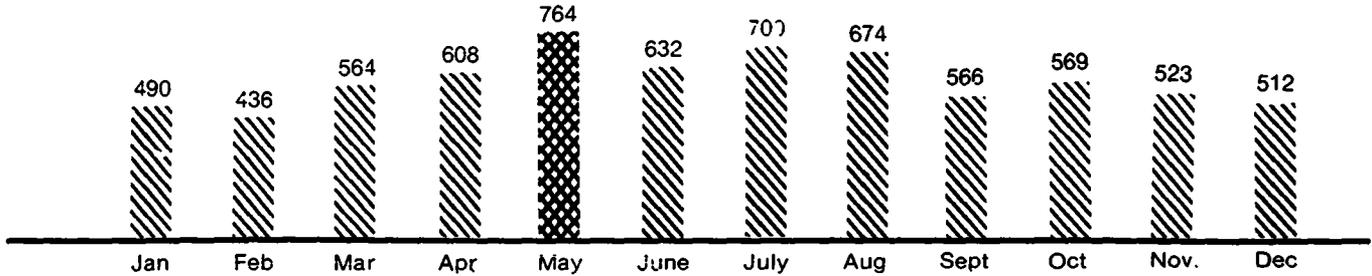
January - December, 1972

PROPERTY CRIME

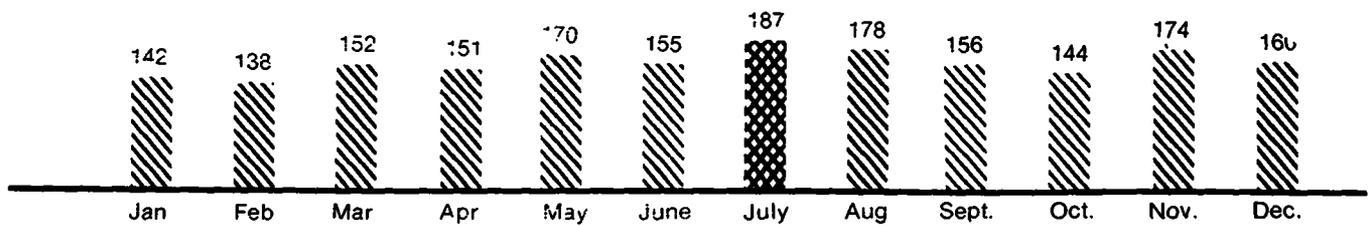
BREAKING AND ENTERING



LARCENY OVER \$50



AUTO THEFT



 HIGH MONTHS

**WEST VIRGINIA
ARREST DATA**

West Virginia Arrest Information

The West Virginia Uniform Crime Reporting Program requires the daily and monthly reporting of data concerning persons arrested in the state. A record of total arrest activity for criminal acts in both Part I and Part II Crime Classes is received from 263 county, state and municipal law enforcement agencies and is analyzed and arranged according to age, sex and race of persons arrested. Traffic arrests except Driving While Intoxicated are not reported. A total of 63,096 arrests for Part I and Part II criminal acts were reported during 1972. Based on 1972 population estimates, this represents a statewide arrest rate of 3,601.3 arrests per each 100,000 persons in West Virginia.

A person is counted on the monthly arrest report each time he is arrested or summonsed. It should be kept in mind that the volume of arrests may vary from time to time due to the differences in local arrest procedures and policies. It should be noted that a person may be arrested several times during a given month for the same or different offenses. This occurs frequently for such crimes as drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and similar offenses. A juvenile is counted as "arrested" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult, an arrest would be counted or when police or other official action beyond a mere interview, warning or admonishment is taken.

Arrest figures do not indicate the number of individuals arrested or summonsed since, as has been pointed out, one person may be arrested several times during the month. However, arrest information is useful in measuring the extent of law enforcement activity in a given geographical area as well as providing an index for measuring the involvement in criminal acts by the age, sex and race of the perpetrators.

10.9 percent of all reported arrests for 1972 were for Part I Offenses (murder, manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, felonious assault, breaking and entering, larceny-theft and auto theft). Analysis of total Part I Arrests indicates that larceny comprised the highest percent of all arrests for Part I Crimes, amounting to 47.2 percent. The highest percent of arrests for Part II Offenses involved the drunkenness category, amounting to 56.3 percent of all reported arrests for Part II Crimes.

Violent Crime

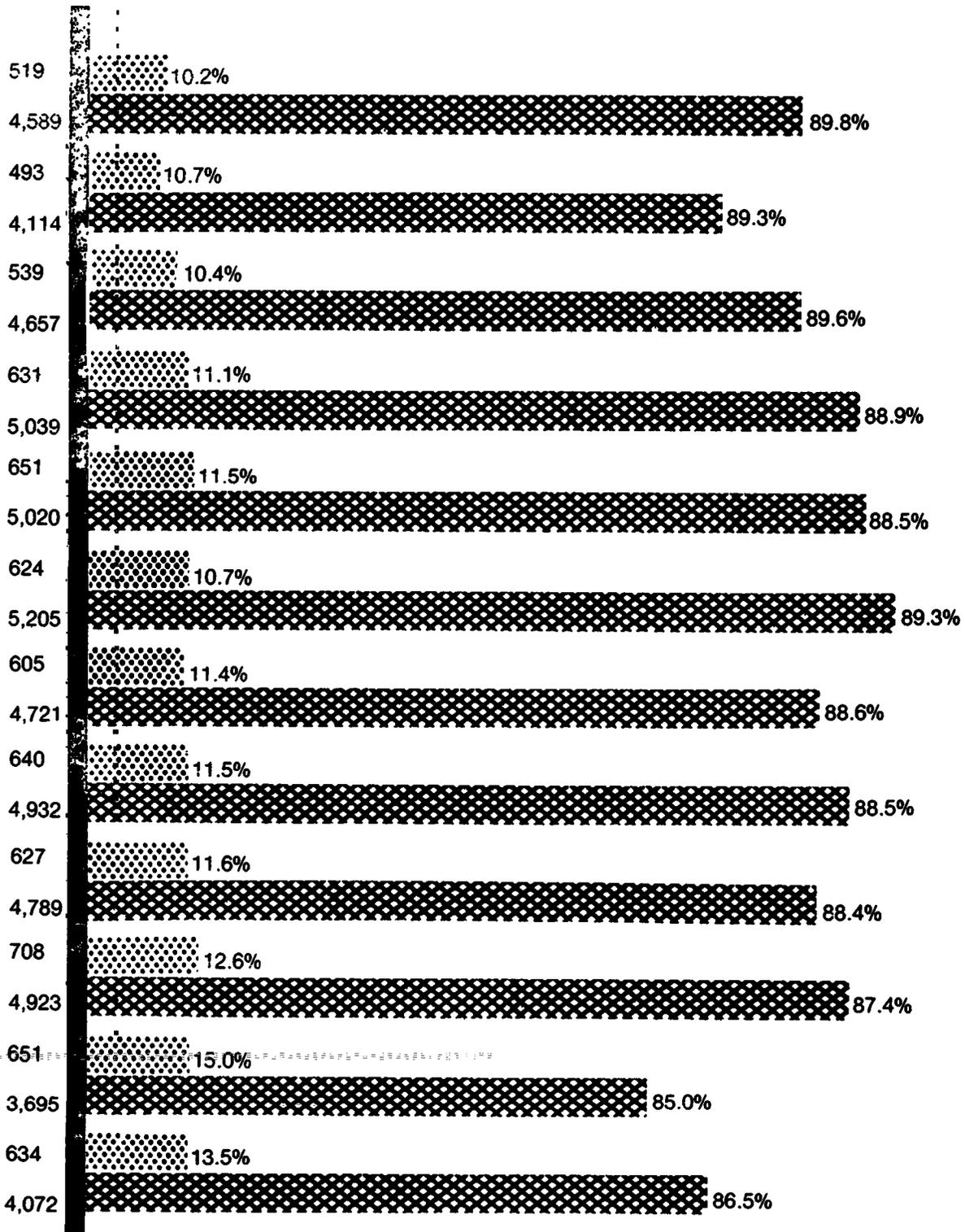
Arrests for crimes of violence (murder, forcible rape, robbery, and felonious assault) on a statewide basis amounted to 17.9 percent of all arrests for the Part I Offenses and 1.9 percent of the total arrests for all other offenses. A further evaluation indicates that arrests for felonious assault were the most frequent, representing 61.6 percent of the total arrests for violent crimes.

COMPARISON OF ADULT AND JUVENILE ARRESTS

January - December
1972

ADULTS (AGE 18 & OVER)

JUVENILE (UNDER 18)



Property Crime

Property Crime arrests (breaking and entering, larceny-theft and auto theft) comprised 80.9 percent of all arrests for Part I Offenses and 8.9 percent of all arrests.

The highest percentage of property crime arrests, 58.3 percent, occurred in the larceny category.

Narcotic Drug Law Arrests

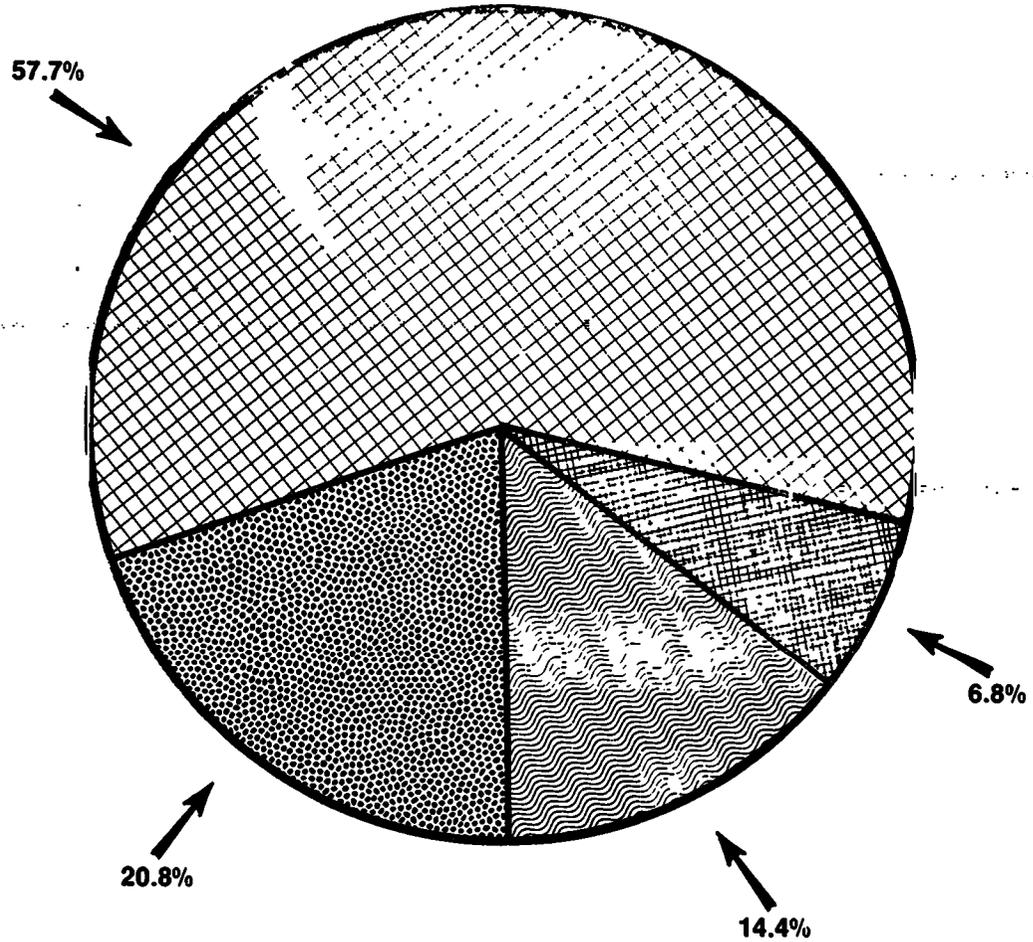
Information concerning arrests for narcotic drug law violations is collected and analyzed according to specific drug categories. Evaluation of data reported for 1972 disclosed that 53.9 percent of all persons arrested for narcotic drug law violations were under the age of 21. More than 21.0 percent of those arrested were under 18. Analysis of individual drug categories showed that the highest percent of arrests, 57.7 percent, involved marijuana. The lowest percentage of all arrests occurred in the synthetic narcotics category, amounting to only 6.8 percent.

Gambling Arrests

Arrests for gambling offenses during 1972 amounted to 0.8 percent of all reported arrests for Part I and Part II Offenses. 93.4 percent of those arrested for gambling were males. Persons under the age of 18 made up 0.8 percent of all gambling arrests. While the highest percent of arrests, 12.3 percent, occurred in the 40-44 age category.

ANALYSIS OF NARCOTIC DRUG LAW ARRESTS

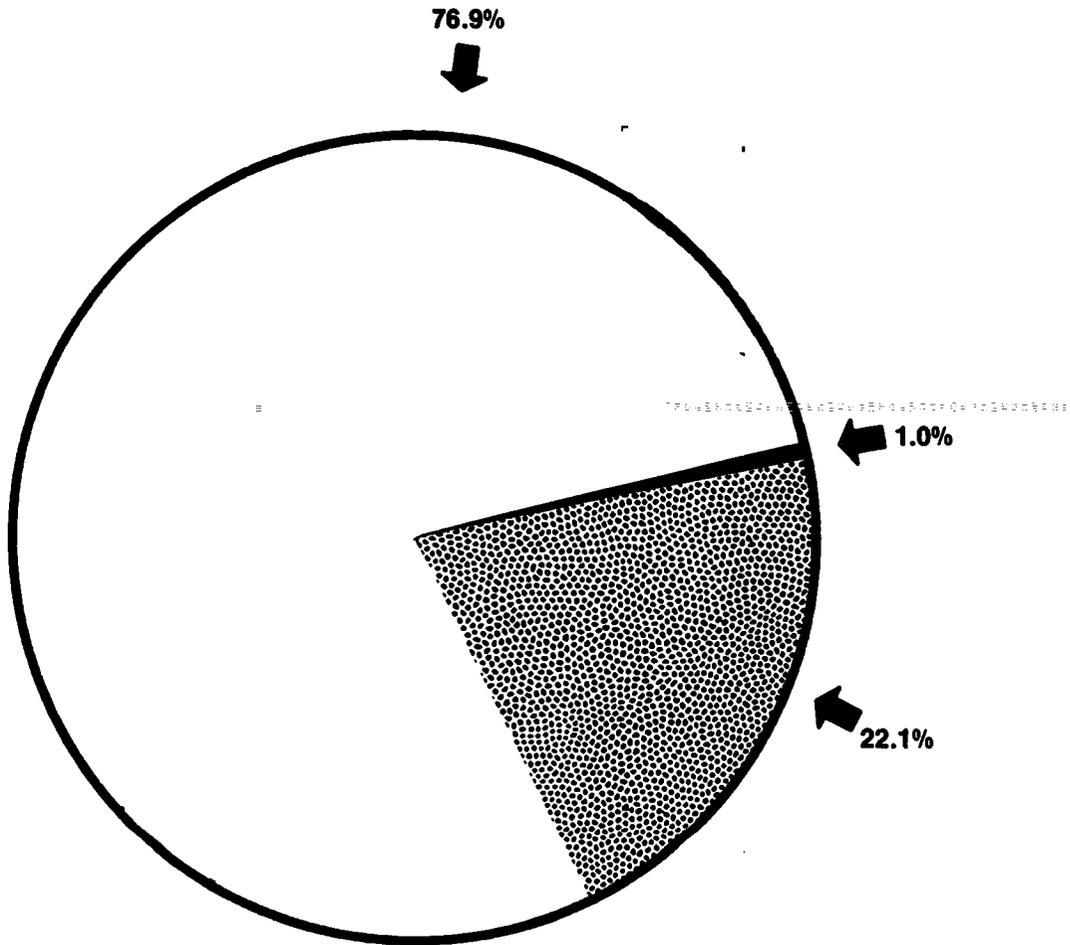
January - December
1972



-  Opium, Cocaine and its derivatives
-  Marijuana
-  Synthetic narcotics
-  Other non-narcotic drugs

ANALYSIS OF GAMBLING ARRESTS

JANUARY — DECEMBER
1972



- 5  BOOKMAKING—HORSE & SPORTS BOOKS
- 110  NUMBERS AND LOTTERY
- 382  ALL OTHER GAMBLING

TOTAL WEST VIRGINIA ARRESTS
January - December, 1972

Offenses	Number of Arrests	Percent Distribution	Rate Per 100,000 Inhabitants
Murder	106	0.2	6.1
Manslaughter	88	0.1	5.0
Forcible Rape	102	0.2	5.8
Robbery	262	0.4	15.0
Felonious Assault	754	1.2	43.0
Breaking and Entering	1,786	2.8	101.9
Larceny - Theft	3,231	5.1	184.4
Auto Theft	523	0.8	30.0
Subtotal for Part I Offenses	6,852	10.9	391.1
Other Assaults	2,621	4.2	149.6
Arson	47	0.0	2.7
Forgery and Counterfeiting	357	0.6	20.4
Fraud	1,107	1.8	63.2
Embezzlement	36	0.0	2.1
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	279	0.4	15.9
Vandalism	585	0.9	33.4
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, etc.	781	1.2	44.6
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	107	0.2	6.1
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	181	0.3	10.3
Narcotic Drug Laws	783	1.2	44.7
Gambling	497	0.8	28.4
Offenses Against Family and Children	769	1.2	43.9
Driving Under the Influence	4,642	7.4	265.0
Liquor Laws	617	1.0	35.2
Drunkenness	31,690	50.2	1,808.8
Disorderly Conduct	2,038	3.2	116.3
Vagrancy	115	0.2	6.6
All Other (Except Traffic)	7,477	11.9	426.8
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	625	1.0	35.7
Runaways	890	1.4	50.8
Subtotal for Part II Offenses	56,244	89.1	3,210.2
TOTAL For West Virginia	63,096	100.0	3,601.3

TOTAL ARRESTS BY AGE
January - December, 1972

Offenses	10 and Under	11-12	13-14	15	16	17	Total Under 18
Murder		1				2	3
Manslaughter			1	4	2	4	11
Forcible Rape	1			2	4	7	14
Robbery	4	4	6	6	9	26	55
Felonious Assault	5	14	15	20	20	39	113
Breaking and Entering	26	78	260	180	207	204	955
Larceny - Theft	72	136	304	250	303	267	1,332
Auto Theft	2	6	40	49	63	79	239
Subtotal for Part I Offenses	110	239	626	511	608	628	2,722
Other Assaults	8	28	40	37	53	60	226
Arson	2	1	5	1	6	2	17
Forgery and Counterfeiting			1	10	14	17	42
Fraud			3		5	4	12
Embezzlement				1		1	2
Stolen Property Buying, Receiving, Possession	6	10	23	17	14	21	91
Vandalism	29	35	58	42	76	53	293
Weapons Carrying, Possession, etc	1		10	8	11	15	45
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice					3		3
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape & Prostitution)		3	7	2	4	14	30
Narcotic Drug Laws	1	1	9	19	46	89	165
Gambling						4	4
Offenses Against Family and Children	1	4	5	6	4	7	27
Driving Under the Influence				2	7	32	41
Liquor Laws				3	10	8	21
Drunkenness		4	47	112	205	332	700
Disorderly Conduct	7	14	51	41	74	96	283
Vagrancy		1	3	2	3	5	17
All Other (Except Traffic)	25	87	252	221	254	265	1,084
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	6	20	136	170	139	154	625
Runaways	16	38	227	251	212	146	890
Subtotal for Part II Offenses	102	246	877	945	1,120	1,328	4,618
TOTAL for West Virginia	212	485	1,503	1,456	1,728	1,956	7,340

TOTAL ARRESTS BY AGE
January - December, 1972

18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 and Over	Total 18 and Over
4	2	1	2	7	5	7	13	19	2	15	6	8	3	4	5	103
5	6	4	3	2	3	2	12	12	5	6	8	2		3	4	77
7	9	7	3	6	8	8	18	6	6	5	2				3	88
19	28	11	12	25	16	17	26	17	16	11	3	3	2	1		207
28	27	34	39	32	39	29	104	74	53	46	48	33	25	11	19	641
144	96	77	77	83	48	42	99	66	53	19	12	9	2	3	1	831
278	214	180	129	109	91	70	204	140	114	90	83	74	49	29	45	1,899
46	36	23	27	19	19	12	35	30	14	7	9		2	2	3	284
531	418	337	292	283	229	187	511	364	263	199	171	129	83	53	80	4,130
117	110	128	122	121	116	132	400	288	222	233	151	110	70	34	41	2,395
1	1	2	2	2	2	2	7	3	3	2			1		2	30
10	10	28	22	16	12	29	47	34	48	30	17	6	2	3	1	315
21	30	34	37	47	69	75	230	186	125	104	58	44	16	12	7	1,095
1	1	1	2	3			7	14	4	1						34
23	15	12	17	17	8	12	23	19	13	13	8	5	3			188
44	40	30	22	17	12	16	35	24	15	12	13	5	3	2	2	292
24	43	40	25	37	29	27	115	85	59	72	61	45	28	16	30	736
4	13	12	13	9	11	1	22	2	5	2	5	1	2	1	1	104
7	7	8	10	9	11	8	25	14	17	10	10	6	2	5	2	151
71	89	97	85	61	51	28	78	27	9	14	7	1				618
7	8	7	12	12	9	15	56	54	48	61	52	55	37	33	27	493
40	28	34	33	25	15	12	128	95	84	79	50	34	16	12	5	742
82	98	113	162	151	150	155	619	560	552	565	495	406	229	160	104	4,601
14	7	5	9	8	11	8	55	55	55	72	11	76	56	49	51	596
732	823	893	792	830	797	824	2,933	2,859	3,121	3,804	4,131	3,311	2,506	1,451	1,083	30,990
134	159	141	93	109	84	84	231	170	128	130	109	66	11	26	30	1,755
4	5	3	4	4	5	2	10	13	11	7	13	6	1	5	4	98
365	361	385	336	318	287	254	925	810	650	565	392	329	169	113	113	6,393
1,701	1,848	1,973	1,798	1,799	1,701	1,711	5,946	5,312	5,169	5,776	5,637	4,607	3,202	1,943	1,503	51,626
2,232	2,266	2,310	2,090	2,082	1,930	1,898	6,457	5,676	5,432	5,975	5,808	4,736	3,285	1,943	1,583	55,756

TOTAL ARRESTS BY SEX

January - December, 1972

Offenses	Persons Arrested		Percent Male	Percent Female
	Male	Female		
Murder	92	14	86.8	13.2
Manslaughter	80	8	90.9	9.1
Forcible Rape	102	0	100.0	0.0
Robbery	244	18	93.1	6.9
Felonious Assault	672	82	89.1	10.9
Breaking and Entering	1,723	63	96.5	3.5
Larceny - Theft	2,422	809	75.0	25.0
Auto Theft	496	27	94.8	5.2
Subtotal for Part I Offenses	5,831	1,021	85.1	14.9
Other Assaults	2,345	276	89.5	10.5
Arson	40	7	85.1	14.9
Forgery and Counterfeiting	295	62	82.6	17.4
Fraud	770	337	69.6	30.4
Embezzlement	27	9	75.0	25.0
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving Possession	240	39	86.0	14.0
Vandalism	552	33	94.4	5.6
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, etc.	721	60	92.3	7.7
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	12	95	11.2	88.8
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	154	27	85.1	14.9
Narcotic Drug Laws	699	84	89.3	10.7
Gambling	464	33	93.4	6.6
Offenses Against Family and Children	719	50	93.5	6.5
Driving Under the Influence	4,457	185	96.0	4.0
Liquor Laws	489	128	79.3	20.7
Drunkenness	29,832	1,856	94.1	5.9
Disorderly Conduct	1,759	279	86.3	13.7
Vagrancy	72	43	62.6	37.4
All Other (Except Traffic)	6,286	1,191	84.1	15.9
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	481	144	77.0	23.0
Runaways	389	501	43.7	56.3
Subtotal for Part II Offenses	50,803	5,441	90.3	9.7
TOTAL for West Virginia	56,634	6,462	89.8	10.2

TOTAL ARRESTS BY RACE
January - December, 1972

Offenses	White	Negro	Indian	Chin- ese	Japan- ese	Other
Murder	82	24				
Manslaughter	83	4	1			
Forcible Rape	92	10				
Robbery	194	68				
Felonious Assault	616	138				
Breaking and Entering	1,637	149				
Larceny - Theft	2,792	435	1	1		2
Auto Theft	492	31				
Subtotal for Part I Offenses	5,988	859	2	1		2
Other Assaults	2,294	327				
Arson	43	4				
Forgery and Counterfeiting	320	37				
Fraud	1,073	34				
Embezzlement	35	1				
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	249	30				
Vandalism	556	29				
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, etc.	670	110	1			
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	74	33				
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape & Prost.)	159	22				
Narcotic Drug Laws	672	111				
Gambling	466	31				
Offenses Against Family and Children	721	48				
Driving Under the Influence	4,457	184		1		
Liquor Laws	536	81				
Drunkenness	30,155	1,534				1
Disorderly Conduct	1,801	237				
Vagrancy	112	3				
All Other (Except Traffic)	7,021	456				
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	583	42				
Runaways	856	34				
Subtotal for Part II Offenses	52,853	3,388	1	1		1
TOTAL for West Virginia	58,841	4,247	3	2		3

LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEE DATA

Police Employee Data

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program in West Virginia incorporates the collection of pertinent data relating to the police of the state. Information regarding police employee strength, distributions, assaults against law enforcement officers and circumstances surrounding the killing of police officers are discussed in this section.

This information is submitted by county, municipal and state law enforcement agencies and compiled on an annual basis. The 1972 figures represented in this section represent the first year such information has been made available on state-wide basis. Specific information concerning the number of law enforcement employees reflects the status as of December 31, 1972, and is limited to municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies currently reporting to the West Virginia UCR Program.

Law Enforcement Employee Rates

In 1972, the average number of full-time law enforcement officers (municipal police, state police and sheriffs), including civilian personnel, amounted to 129.5 employees for each 100,000 inhabitants of the state. The employee rate on the basis of sworn personnel only (excluding civilian employees) amounted to 108.7 per 100,000 persons.

The determination of police strength for any given area or municipality should be a subject for serious consideration. Such consideration, however, should be based on the numerous factors which create the need for police services. Some of these factors, discussed elsewhere in this publication, relate to size, density of population, geographic location, character, and proximity to metropolitan areas. The tables and charts shown in this section relate to reported police employee strength and should not be interpreted as recommended strength for any given municipality. Such determinations should be made after objectively evaluating the need for police services based on the above factors.

Civilian Employees

The personnel of each law enforcement agency differ as to the demands and responsibilities placed before them. Many police officers are fully occupied with clerical tasks and are not free to perform active police duties. This current upward trend in police agencies to perform clerical duties is in line with the thinking of many police administrators who recommend the use of civilians in this capacity, thus freeing the sworn personnel for actual police related services.

As of December 31, 1972, 16.0 percent of all police employees were civilians. Municipal police departments employed 162 civilians, amounting to 12.4 percent of their total work force. County sheriff's departments employed 105 civilians, which accounted for 18.7 percent of their total work force. State police reported that they employed 97 civilians, amounting to 24.4 percent of their work force.

Municipal Police Officers

As of December 31, 1972, there were 1,146 full-time sworn personnel employed by municipal police departments in West Virginia. This amounts to a ratio of 156.7 sworn officers for each 100,000 inhabitants (urban population only).

County Sheriff's Department

At the conclusion of 1972, there were 458 sheriffs and deputies employed in West Virginia's 55 counties. This amounted to a rate of 44.9 sworn personnel per 100,000 population. The computation of the ratio of sworn personnel is based on the population of the rural areas of the counties and not on the entire county census.

In an attempt at comparisons of employment levels of individual sheriff's departments with other agencies, consideration must be given to certain functions that are particular to a sheriff's department. The function of county sheriff's departments vary widely throughout the state. The operation of one sheriff's department may be limited exclusively to civil areas and the administration of the county jail, or they may be actively involved in criminal matters throughout the county. These functions are usually performed by sworn personnel, thereby presenting a misleading picture of the actual enforcement strength of the department.

State Police

The West Virginia State Police is empowered to provide all phases of law enforcement throughout the state. The Department of Public Safety employed a total of 29.4 sworn officers per 100,000 population (rural only).

Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted

The killing or assault of a police officer has an effect on society which reaches far beyond the overt act. Such occurrences constitute an immediate threat to the well being of the community and a serious breach of the internal security of the country. Today, a young man who considers a career in law enforcement must also consider the very strong possibility of being killed or assaulted by a member of the very same society he is sworn to protect. This deplorable situation should be a subject of serious public concern, for in truth, an attack on a police officer is an attack on society. The violence directed against law enforcement officers acting in the line of duty is clearly demonstrated by the following summary information:

A total of 300 law enforcement officers in West Virginia were reported assaulted in the line of duty during 1972.

The rate of assaults on law enforcement officers for the state was 15.8 assaults for every 100 sworn officers. The assault rate for municipal police departments amounted to 20.0 per 100 officers with a rate for county sheriff's of 3.5 per 100 officers and the State Police rate was 18.3 per 100 officers.

Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were used in 87.3 percent of all assaults on law enforcement officers.

The greatest number of assaults, 50.0 percent, occurred while officers were attempting other arrests.

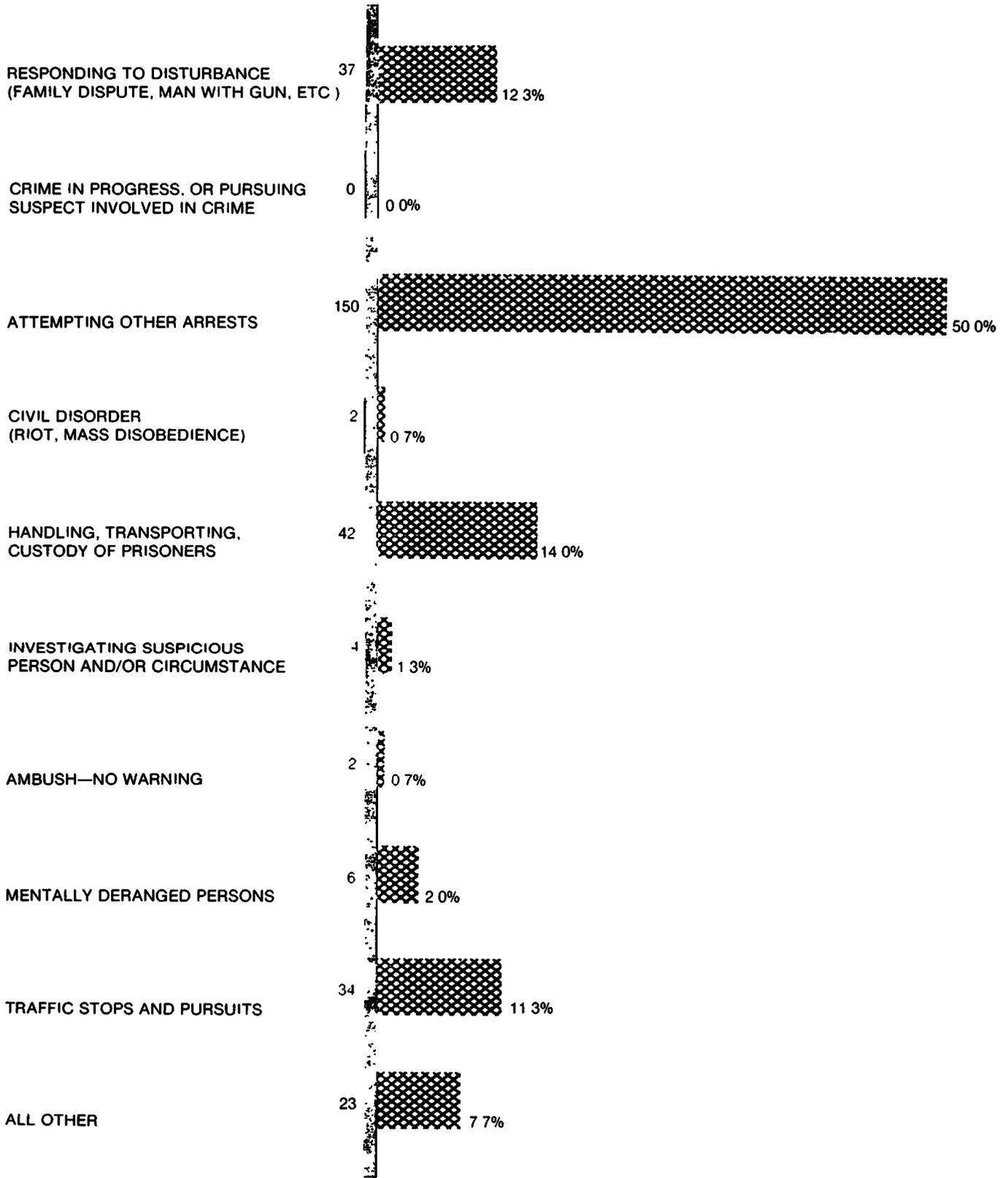
A total of 253 assaults on law enforcement officers were cleared during 1972 amounting to a 84.3 percent clearance rate.

Law Enforcement Officers Killed

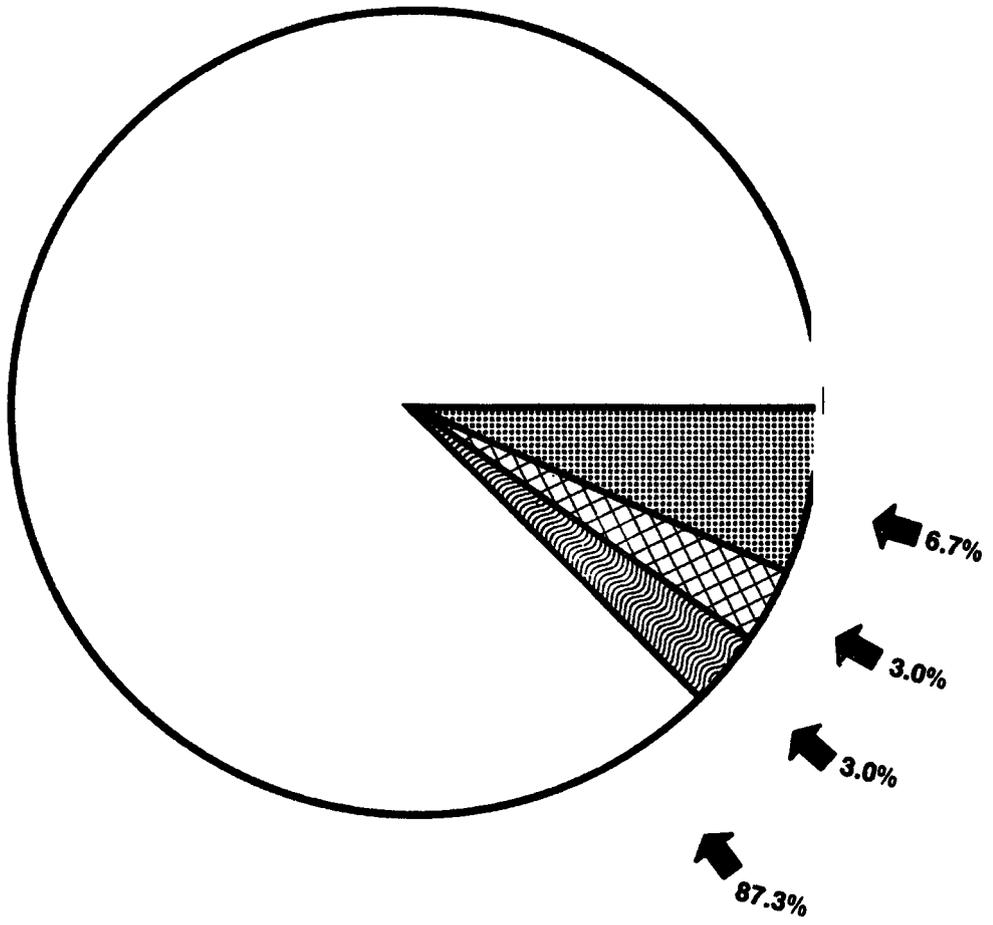
A total of two law enforcement officers in West Virginia lost their lives in the line of duty during 1972.

A police chief was killed by a blast from a .12 gauge shotgun while attempting to serve a warrant. The second officer, a constable, was shot and killed with a .38 caliber pistol while serving a misdemeanor warrant.

**ANALYSIS OF ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS 1972
—PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY—**



**WEST VIRGINIA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS ASSAULTED
—BY TYPE OF WEAPON USED—
1972**



WEAPON USED

262  HANDS, FIST, FEET, ETC.

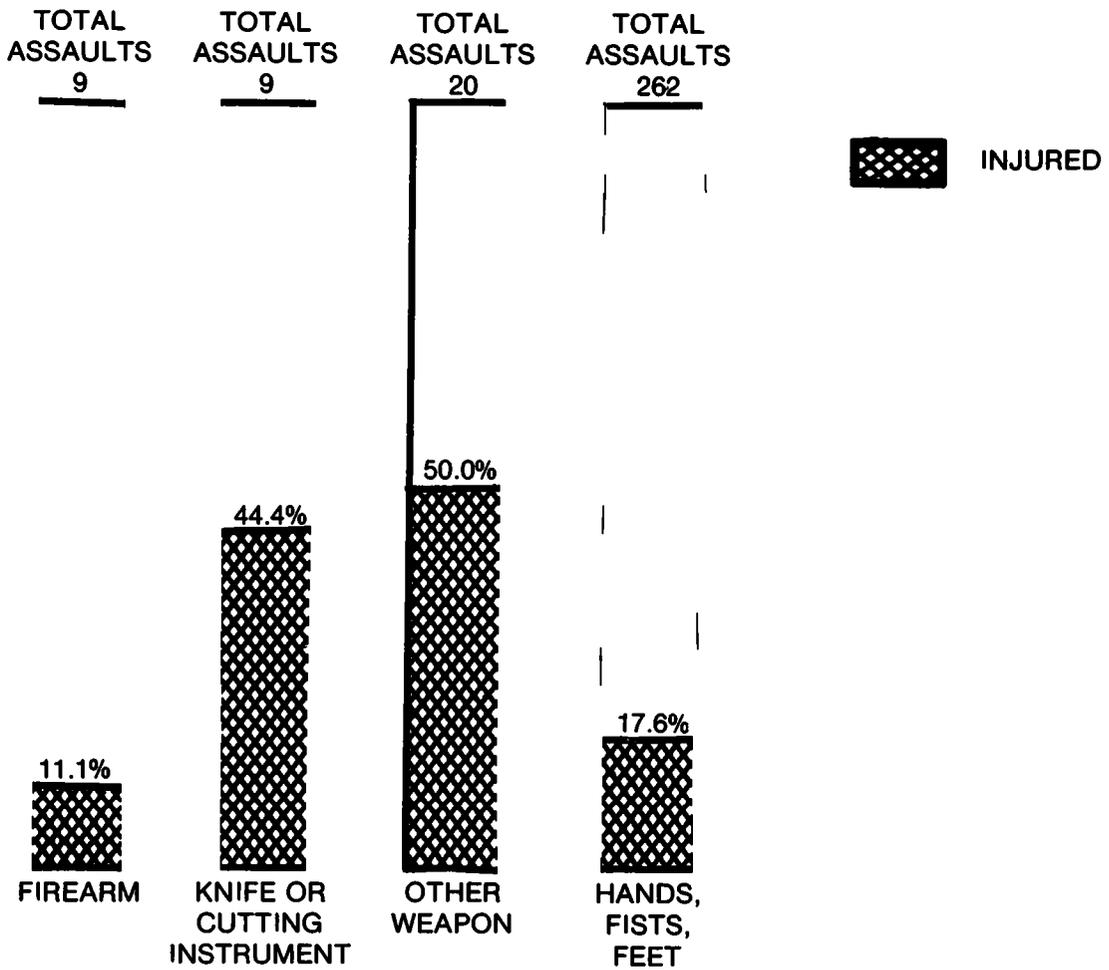
20  OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPON

9  KNIFE OR CUTTING INSTRUMENT

9  FIREARM

TOTAL ASSAULTS 300

ANALYSIS OF ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
Assaults with Personal Injury, By Type of Weapon

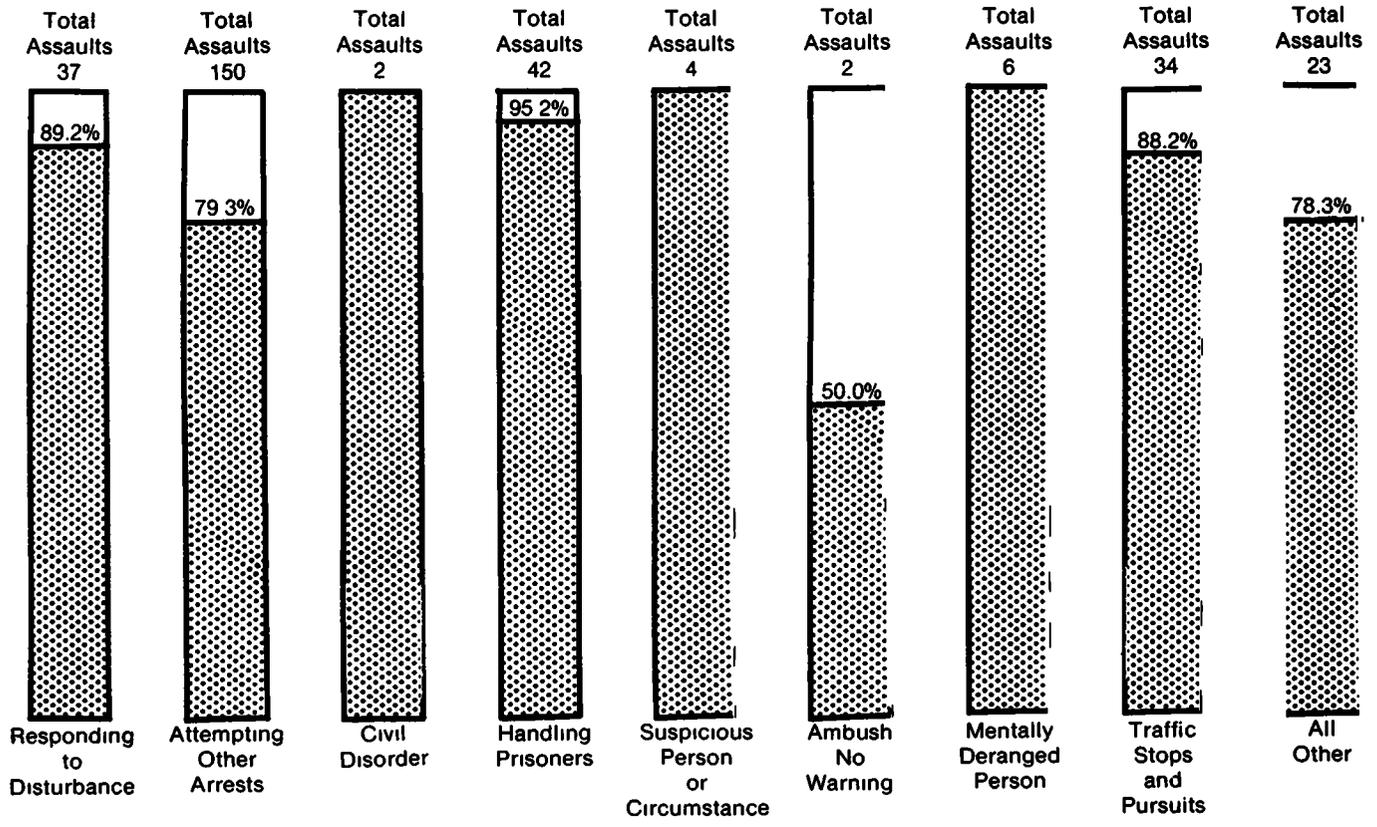


ASSAULTS BY TIME

Time of Assault	A.M.	P.M.
12:01 - 2:00	42	13
2:01 - 4:00	48	12
4:01 - 6:00	9	20
6:01 - 8:00	7	24
8:01 - 10:00	7	68
10:01 - 12:00	3	47
TOTAL	116	184

ANALYSIS OF ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

Percent of Assaults Cleared—By Circumstance



 PERCENT CLEARED

**WEST VIRGINIA
OFFENSE DATA
STATE-COUNTY-MUNICIPAL**

The computer generated output tables contained within this section were designed to facilitate quick reference of statistical crime information relative to the different reporting areas of the State of West Virginia. The data contained in each of the series of reports will be detailed on a page preceding each listing.

Each report is listed in county alphabetical sequence. Within each county additional information is detailed by reporting area, agency type and contributor. The general identifying descriptions are listed and defined as follows:

(Name) County Total—This line indicates the total activity of all reporting agencies within the indicated county. It may be expressed mathematically as:

County Total = Municipal + State Police + Sheriff

or

County Total = Municipal + Rural

Rural—This line indicates the total activity that was reported by rural law enforcement agencies within the indicated reporting area. It may be expressed mathematically as:

Rural = State + Sheriff

Sheriff—This line indicates the total activity reported by sheriff's offices within the indicated reporting area.

State Police—This line indicates the total activity reported by all State Police Detachments within the indicated reporting area. It may be expressed mathematically as:

State Police = State Police Detachment 1 + SPD2 + SPD3 + . . .

Municipal—This line indicates the total activity reported by all municipal law enforcement agencies within the indicated reporting area. It may be expressed mathematically as:

Municipal = Municipality 1 + M2 + M3 + . . .

(City Name) Police Department—This line indicates the total activity reported by the individually specified police department.

CRIME INDEX REPORT

The tabulations in this section indicate the volume and distribution of crime in West Virginia on the basis of a crime rate.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program utilizes seven crime classifications to establish a rate to measure the trend and distribution of crime. The number of actual offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery, felonious assault, burglary, larceny \$50 and over in value and auto theft are reflected in this report. The number of actual offenses of manslaughter and larceny - theft under \$50 in value are not index offenses thus counts of these offenses are not considered in this report.

Each heading contained in this report is defined below:

Population—estimated population of the indicated reporting area. This information, representative of the year 1972, was provided thru the assistance of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the United States Bureau of Census.

Total Offenses—This is the sum total of the seven index offenses.

Total Cleared—The sum total of the seven index offenses cleared.

Percent Cleared—The percentage of index offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional clearance. The mathematical formula may be expressed as follows:

$$\text{Percent Cleared} = \frac{\text{Total Offenses Cleared}}{\text{Total Actual Offenses Reported}} \times 100$$

Crime Rate—This is sometimes referred to as a victim risk rate and is representative of the number of index offenses per 1,000 population.

Example - A crime rate of 10.00 would imply that 10.00 persons of each 1,000 population were the victim of an index offense.

The mathematical formula for calculating the crime rate of any reporting area may be expressed as follows:

$$\text{Crime Rate} = \frac{1,000}{\text{Area Population}} = \text{Reciprocal} \times \text{Total Actual Offenses}$$

$$\text{Crime Rate} = \frac{\text{Total Actual Offenses}}{\text{Area Population}} \times 1,000$$

The remaining columns of the report indicate the number of actual index offenses reported by category.